COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Prepared By: DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE

Kent Pfeil, CGFO, Chief Financial Officer

Keith Dagen, CPA – Director of Finance

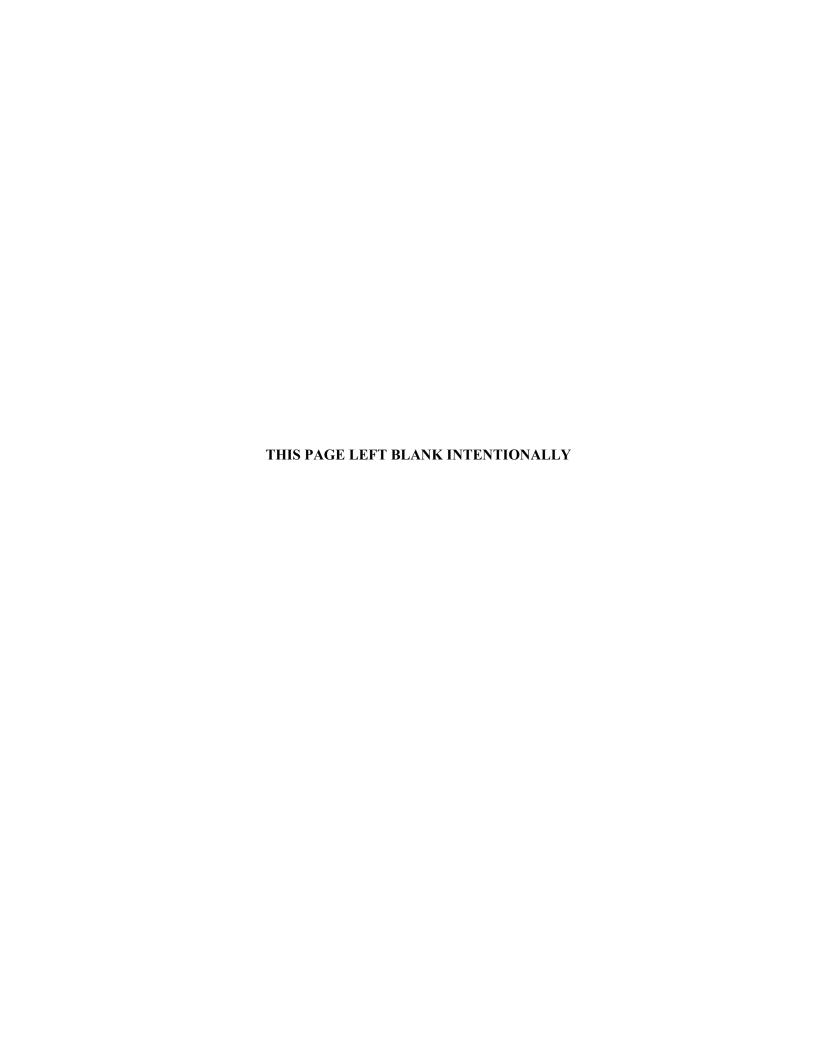
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Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Year ended September 30, 2015

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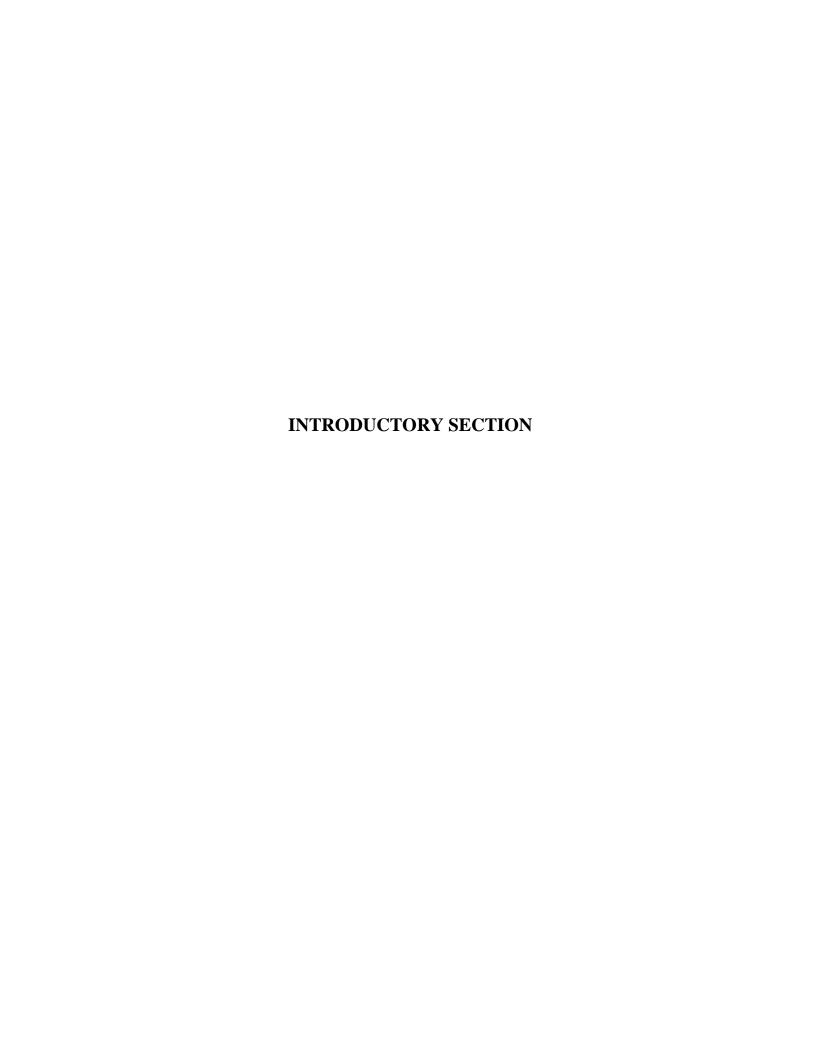
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City Council
Paul Voelker
Mayor
Mark Solomon
Mayor Pro Tem
Bob Townsend
Scott Dunn
Mabel Simpson
Marta Gómez Frey
Steve Mitchell

Dan Johnson City Manager

January 25, 2016

Honorable Mayor and City Council, Citizens of the City of Richardson, Texas:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Richardson (the City), for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, is hereby submitted as mandated by both local ordinances and state statutes. These ordinances and statutes require that the City issue an annual report on its financial position and activity, and that an independent firm of certified public accountants audit this report.

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with management. Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

The City Council selected the firm of Crowe Horwath LLP, Certified Public Accountants to audit these financial statements. The independent auditor has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the City's financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2015, and the auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Management provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the independent auditors' report.

Profile of the Government

The City is located in North Central Texas and was originally incorporated in 1925, with the first Charter being adopted in 1956 and the latest revision made on November 16, 2015. The City currently has a land area of 28.5 square miles and an estimated population of 102,430. The City is a home rule city and operates under the Council-Manager form of government. Richardson voters simultaneously elect six Council members and a Mayor to represent them every two years. All Council members and the Mayor are elected at large, with four Council members representing



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each of the City's four districts. Terms of office for all Council positions are for two consecutive years.

The Charter requires that the City Council appoint a City Manager to act as the chief administrative and executive officer of the City. The City Manager is not appointed for a fixed time and may be removed at the will and pleasure of the majority of the City Council. One of the responsibilities of the City Manager is to appoint and remove department heads and conduct the general affairs of the City in accordance with the policies of the City Council.

The City provides to its citizens a full range of services including police and fire protection, emergency ambulance service, water and sewer service, solid waste disposal, park and recreational activities, cultural events, and a library. In addition, the City provides planning for future land use, traffic control, building inspection, and community services and operates two eighteen-hole golf courses. The City also operates the Charles W. Eisemann Center for Performing Arts and Corporate Presentations, which is a multi-venue performing arts and presentation center. Certain parks and recreation and administrative services are performed by the Richardson Improvement Corporation, which functions, in essence, as a department of the City of Richardson and therefore has been included as an integral part of the City's financial statements. Additional information on this legally separate entity can be found in the notes to the financial statements (see note 1.a.)

Activities of the general, debt service, water and sewer, golf, solid waste, special revenue, and internal service funds are included in the annual appropriated budget. The City Council is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within and among departments and ratifies, through the Budget Ordinance, any transfers and/or amendments made by the City Manager. The legal level of control for each budget is at the fund level, which is to say that total expenditures for each fund should not exceed total budgeted expenditures for that fund.

Purchase orders that exceed appropriated balances are not released until they have been further reviewed and approved by the City Manager or his representative. Departmental appropriations that have not been expended by the departments lapse at the end of the fiscal year. Funds that were budgeted and not used by the departments during the fiscal year are not available for their use unless appropriated in the budget of the ensuing fiscal year.

The City maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are included within the relevant fund balance classifications based on the purposes to which the encumbrances relate and can be classified as assigned, committed, or restricted fund balances. Encumbrances do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. The commitments will be honored during the subsequent year. The City amends the budget at the end of each fiscal year to provide for additional expenditures or expenses and also to provide reductions in other expenditures or expenses, or supplemental revenues to fund such amendments.

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Local Economy

The City of Richardson, including its Telecom Corridor® area, is one of the major employment centers in the Dallas-Fort Worth Metroplex. Richardson is a center of economic diversity, with high-quality businesses in the technology, financial services and healthcare sectors, reflecting the area's attractiveness for companies from a wide range of business sectors. Richardson has extensive resources in academia, a highly skilled labor pool, superb transportation assets, infrastructure support, excellent lodging, and major corporate employers which will continue to prove beneficial in the recruitment of new businesses.

Richardson and the region benefit from the location of two major highways in the City. The President George Bush Turnpike, running east-west along the northern border of the City, provides a convenient connection to the Dallas-Fort Worth International Airport, as well as links to IH-35E, IH-30, IH-20, SH-114, and SH-183 west of the City as well as a second link to IH-30 east of the City. A transportation study is underway to determine the feasibility of extending the eastern portion of the Bush Turnpike from its junction at IH-30 further south to IH-20. U.S. 75 bisects the City north-south, with access to the IH-635/U.S. 75 interchange (known as the High Five) just south of the City's border. A study of the U.S. 75 corridor from the High Five north to its intersection with SH-121 in McKinney is also underway to identify and address mobility needs within the corridor.

Richardson also benefits from the DART Light Rail line which parallels U.S. 75 and has four stations in the City. In order to take full advantage of these transportation assets for development and redevelopment purposes, the City has implemented three Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Districts. TIF District #1 was established in November 2006, encompassing both sides of the U.S. 75 corridor from Campbell Road south to Spring Valley Road, and then extending west from U.S. 75 along Spring Valley Road to Coit Road. TIF District #2, established in November 2011, is bounded by President George Bush Turnpike on the north, Wyndham Lane on the east, Renner Road on the south, and the DART Light Rail line on the west. TIF District #3, established in November 2011, is bounded by President George Bush Turnpike on the north, the DART Light Rail line on the east, Renner Road on the South and has its western boundary between Alma Road and U.S. 75. Dallas County participates financially in TIF District #1 and Collin County participates financially in TIF District #2 and will begin participating in TIF District #3 in the 2016 fiscal year.

The TIF Districts and the DART Light Rail line are key strategic elements in the City's development and redevelopment plans, and the City strongly benefits from projects which are taking advantage of these assets:

 Dallas-based developer KDC acquired 186 acres of land within TIF District #2 in December 2012 and announced plans to develop a \$1.5 billion mixed-use, transit-oriented development. The CityLine development includes corporate office buildings, apartments, hotels, medical facilities anchored by Texas Health Resources and Children's Medical Center, and retail

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space, and is anchored by a 2 million square foot regional office campus for State Farm Insurance that will house approximately 10,000 workers upon completion. Construction on the first phase of development began in 2013, with three of four buildings for State Farm, as well as associated infrastructure and public amenities completed in 2015. The remaining 500,000 square foot fourth State Farm building is under construction with a projected completion date of mid-2016. The combined KDC and State Farm transactions were named as "Deal of the Year" at the *Dallas Business Journal's Best Real Estate Deals of 2013* awards program. The transactions were also named Winners in the Land category and Suburban Office category, and Finalist in the Mixed-use category. The CityLine development was named the Winner in the Mixed-use category in the *Dallas Business Journal's Best Real Estate Deals of 2014* awards program.

- In March 2014, Raytheon announced plans to move its Garland, Texas engineering operations to a new state-of-the-art campus in Richardson's CityLine development. Construction began on the 489,000 square foot office complex at the southwest corner of Wyndham Lane and the President Bush Turnpike in July 2014, and the company has started the process of moving into the new campus. The deal brings an estimated 1,700 employees to the CityLine campus, and it was named a "Finalist" in the Suburban Office category in the *Dallas Business Journal's Best Real Estate Deals of 2015* awards program.
- Regency Center's CityLine Market, an 11.3 acre retail development located on the northeast corner of Plano Road and Renner Road, will be anchored by a 40,000 square foot Whole Foods grocery store and will have two inline retail buildings and three pad sites fronting Renner Road for a total of almost 81,000 square feet of retail space. A second phase of almost 22,000 square feet was announced, and tenants for the Market will include CVS, Fish City Grill, Luna Grill, Massage Envy, Mod Market, Pei Wei Asian Diner, Piada Italian Street Food, Reef Point Yoga, Smashburger, Taco Diner, and Wells Fargo among others.
- KDC announced in 2014 that Jasper's was the first restaurant signed to the CityLine development. Jasper's, opening in early 2016, features "gourmet backyard cuisine" by Iron Chef America winner Kent Rathbun and was named to Esquire Magazine's Top 20 Best New Restaurants in America. Tom+Chee, the quintessential grilled cheese and tomato soup shop and Top Pot Hand-Forged Doughnuts & Coffee opened in 2015, and other restaurant offerings within CityLine will include Good Union Urban Barbeque, Kin Kin Urban Thai, Tricky Fish, Coal Vines, and Edoka Sushi and Robata, all slated to open in early 2016.
- An Aloft Hotel, by Starwood Hotels & Resorts, is included in CityLine's first phase. The 150-room select service hotel, under construction and scheduled to open in 2016, will be a part of CityLine Plaza, next door to the first phase of three State Farm buildings.
- KDC partnered with JLB Partners to build a 532-unit apartment community in two phases.
 The apartments, slated to open in early 2016 will be located within walking distance of the State Farm office buildings in CityLine and front Plano Road. Lot A at CityLine will include

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4-story and 5-story urban style residential buildings and include 20,000 square feet of retail space and is currently leasing.

- During the summer of 2013, Zale/Corson Group began construction of 403 apartments as part
 of the first phase of The Standard, an 800-unit apartment complex located on approximately
 19 acres fronting Renner Road in the southwestern corner of TIF #2. The \$100 million
 development opened for residents in early 2015.
- Current development activity within TIF District #2 spurred development of TIF District #3. In October 2014, 55 acres within TIF District #3 between U.S. 75 and the DART rail line was rezoned and BC Station Partners LLC purchased the property from the W.W. Caruth Jr. Foundation. The development will include 1.35 million square feet of office space, 1,250 urban-style apartments, 100,000 square feet of retail space and two hotels. Dallas-based Trammell Crow Residential broke ground on Alexan CityLine, a luxury apartment community of 351 apartments adjacent to the DART rail station slated for opening in 2016. Transwestern Development Co. has been named as the developer for an office building which will be sited at the northeast corner of U.S. 75 and Renner Road.
- Property owners Fobare Commercial and AGF, in partnership with Hunt Development Co., began the expansion of their \$90-million mixed-use Eastside development located at Campbell Road and U.S. 75 within TIF District #1. The first phase of the Eastside Phase II development will include a 280-unit, 4-story apartment building and future phases will include additional apartment space and a potential office building. The development will replace about 145,000 square feet of aging office space in a handful of low-rise buildings. Construction on the first phase began in 2015 with an anticipated completion of late 2016.
- San Antonio-based apartment builders Embrey Partners Ltd. broke ground on an 11-acre
 rental community at 1350 North Greenville Avenue near DART's Arapaho Road light rail
 station in 2014. GreenVUE, located within TIF District #1, has 408 units that began leasing
 in 2015 and the development will be completed in early 2016.
- The City Council approved new regulations for food trucks during 2015, paving the way for Richardson Food Truck Park to open in the summer of 2015. The site, open daily for lunch and dinner in Richardson's Interurban district, features a rotating line-up of food trucks, local beers, wines on tap, free wi-fi, and is dog friendly.
- A public-private partnership between the City and Hermansen Land Development Inc. has paved the way for Restaurant Park. The site of the former Continental Inn was purchased from the City as the centerpiece of the Park, which will feature up to seven restaurants gathered around a central plaza that will include a large fountain area and numerous amenities. The City provided a purchase grant to support redevelopment of the area and three restaurants have been secured for the site: The Rock Wood Fired Kitchen & Spirits, VertsKebap, and Dog Haus.

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The City has also experienced growth in areas outside the TIF Districts. The following are key developments in other parts of the City:

Software provider RealPage Inc. announced plans to move its North Texas headquarters to 2201 Lakeside Boulevard, former site of Nortel Networks. The move, scheduled to take place at the end of 2016, will bring about 2,000 employees to Richardson. RealPage tracks about 10 million apartment units throughout the United States through its software-as-a-service solutions.

GEICO Insurance announced plans to move its North Texas regional offices to Richardson, leasing the former Fossil headquarters at 2280 N. Greenville Ave. The move brings more than 1,600 employees to Richardson. GEICO, a member of the Berkshire Hathaway family of companies, is the second largest private passenger auto insurance company in the United States.

Richardson shopping centers are experiencing revitalization. Alamo Drafthouse opened in Richardson Heights Shopping Center at U.S 75 and Beltline Road in August 2013. Since then, several new businesses have opened in the center, including Haystack Burgers & Barley, Taco Joint and Skechers, and in 2015, Krispy Kreme, Tasty Tails and Half Price Books have been added, with a Starbucks under construction. In 2015, SPIN Neapolitan Pizza opened in Canyon Creek Plaza, just west of U.S. 75 and W. Campbell Road. The former Luby's Cafeteria site in the shopping center was reconstructed to include a Torchy's Tacos and Tokyo Joe's. A Snuffer's Restaurant & Bar will finish out the Luby's building. Nearby, the newly remodeled Campbell Way Center has added a Mattison Avenue Salon Suites & Spa and a Palapas Seafood Restaurant, and in the same area, a 38,500 square foot Gold's Gym is scheduled to open in early 2016.

JP Partners, KBS Realty Advisors, and GE Capital are joining together to develop a mixed-use project at the Palisades, an 80-acre development on the west side of U.S. 75 across from the Galatyn Park DART rail station. The project will include single family homes, apartments, high-rise office buildings, retail, restaurants, and a full service hotel built around a 4-acre park. Builder K. Hovnanian Homes is buying more than 100 lots for townhomes on the west side of Palisades Central and apartment builder Wood Partners has started work on 569 rental units.

Dallas-based developer Wynne Jackson Inc. and Balfour Beatty Campus Solutions have partnered with the University of Texas at Dallas to break ground on a 13-acre mixed-use project on the north end of UT Dallas' campus. The development, Northside at UT Dallas will include a 600-bed midrise apartment and townhome project plus approximately 27,000 square feet of retail space. The project, slated for completion in late 2016, is being built on land owned by the university which is adjacent to a future Cotton Belt commuter rail station site.

In April 2014, Methodist Richardson Medical Center (MRMC) opened a new 125-bed, four-story hospital at its Bush/Renner campus. The new hospital employs nearly 900 professionals, and 400-plus physicians representing more than 35 specialties. Acute care services has been centralized at the new facility and MRMC's Campbell Road campus has undergone a renovation, offering continuing use of two medical plazas, physician offices, a full-service emergency department and

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other ancillary services. The Campbell Road campus has been renamed to the MRMC Campus for Continuing Care.

The University of Texas at Dallas, located within the City of Richardson, continues to experience campus growth and upgrades. During 2015, construction was completed on an expansion of the Loop Road, a new North Mall featuring 115 trees, and a new Bioengineering and Sciences building. These enhancements are part of a campus renovation that has included hundreds of millions of dollars of new and upgraded buildings since 2009 as the university, with an enrollment of just over 24,500 students for the fall of 2015, positions itself to achieve status as a "Tier One" research university. This designation would be the first in the Dallas-Fort Worth Metroplex and only the 4th in the State of Texas.

Long-term Financial Planning

The \$18,006,939 unassigned fund balance in the general fund is the equivalent of 61 days of expenditures and transfers on a budgetary basis. On an annual basis, the City studies a five-year plan for evaluating tax rates and utility rates as they relate to debt financing for capital needs and the operating costs of providing services to citizens.

Major Initiatives

In June of 2010, the City issued \$66 million in General Obligation Bonds which were designated for street improvements, parks and recreation improvements, construction and improvements to public buildings, and neighborhood vitality initiatives. Key elements of the 2010 bond program included various street, sidewalk and neighborhood vitality improvements, a new recreation center and aquatics facility at Heights Park, a Gymnastics Center, two new parks, a new Fire Training Center, a new Fire Station #4, and an RFID check-out system for the Library. As the 2010 bond program has entered the completion phase, citizens approved a new 2015, \$115 million bond program. The 2015 program will include \$67 million for public buildings, including a new Fire Station #3 and a new Public Safety Complex, \$38.6 million for various street improvements, \$2.2 million for various sidewalk replacements, and \$7.2 million for various park improvements, including renovations to the Senior Center and an expansion of trails at the Spring Creek Nature Area.

In 2015, the City issued \$11.425 million in Adjustable Rate Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation to acquire public park land and open space, more than doubling the size of the Spring Creek Nature Area. The City also issued \$9 million in Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation to meet the City's capital needs and to renovate Course #1 at the Sherrill Park Golf Course.

Awards and Acknowledgments

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its

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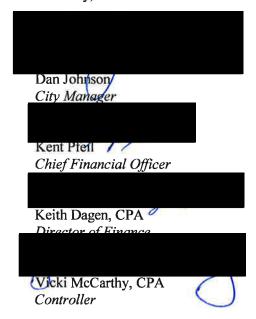
Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014. This was the thirty-seventh year that the City has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a municipality must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. This report satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current Comprehensive Annual Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report on a timely basis was made possible by the dedicated service of the accounting division. Each member of the department has our sincere appreciation for the contributions made in the preparation of this report. In addition, we would like to thank Don Magner, First Assistant City Manager for providing support and guidance.

Special thanks are extended to all members of the City Council for their leadership and support of sound fiscal management.

Sincerely,





CITY OF RICHARDSON, TEXAS PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

CITY COUNCIL

PAUL VOELKER, MAYOR

MARK SOLOMON, MAYOR PRO TEM

BOB TOWNSEND

SCOTT DUNN

MABEL SIMPSON

MARTA GÓMEZ FREY

STEVE MITCHELL

CITY MANAGER

DAN JOHNSON

FIRST ASSISTANT CITY MANAGER

DON MAGNER

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER KENT PFEIL

DIRECTOR OF FINANCE

KEITH DAGEN



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

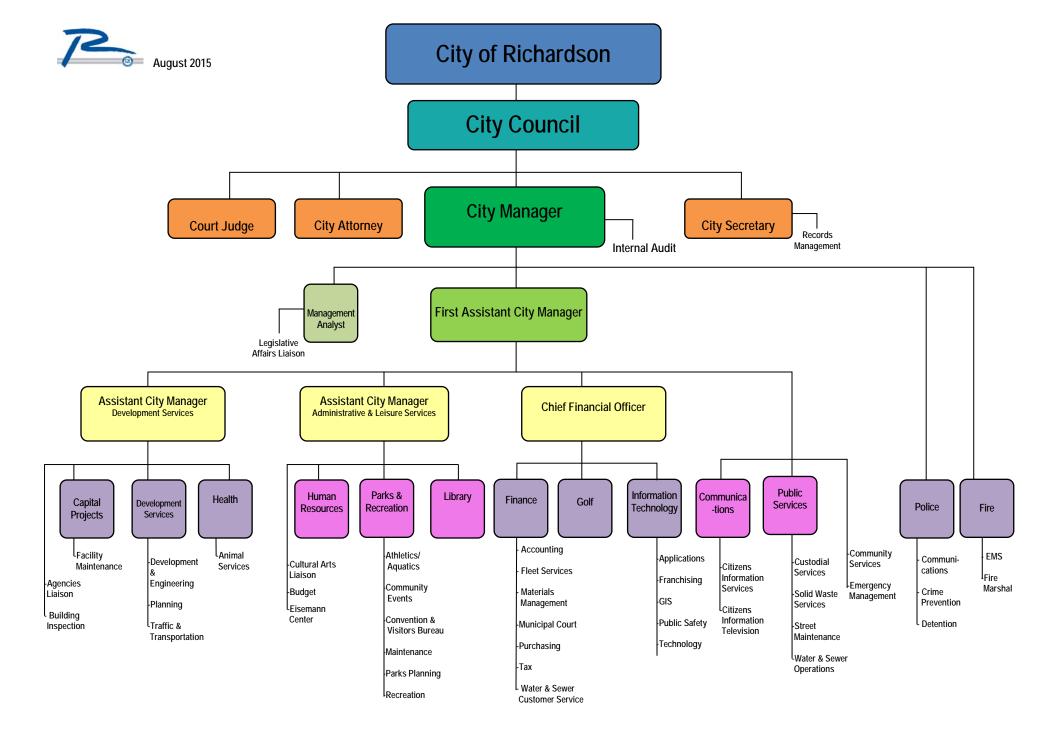
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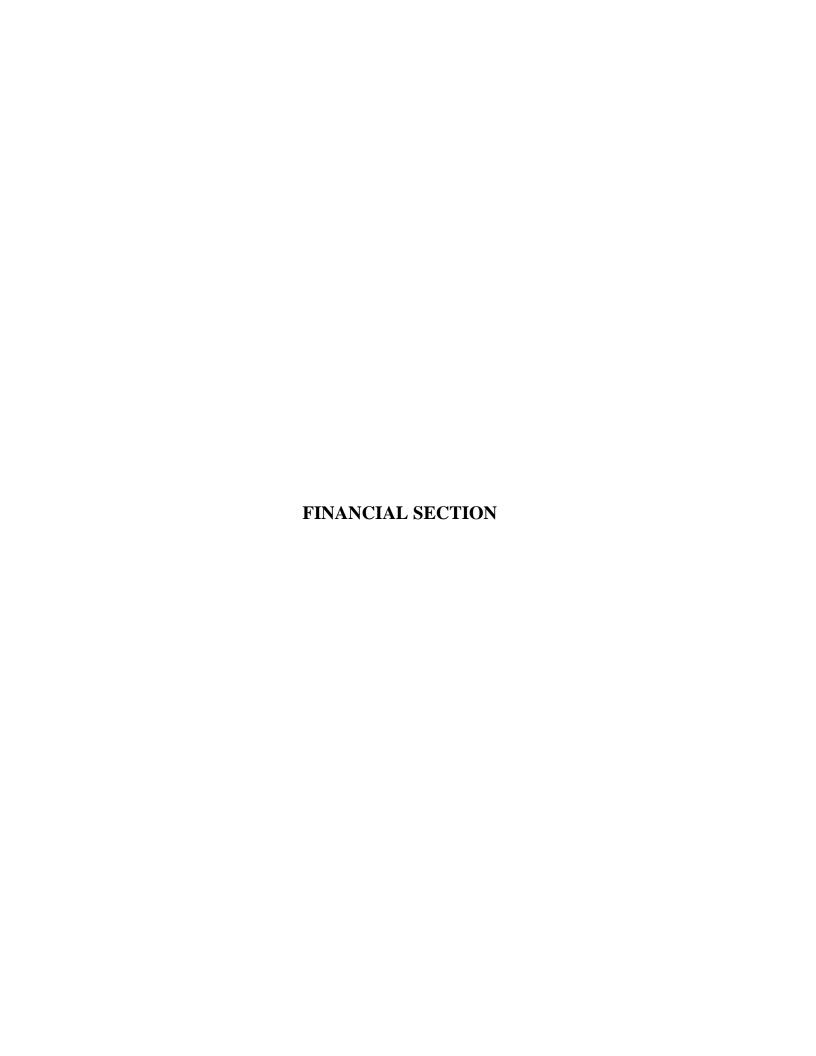
City of Richardson Texas

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2014

Executive Director/CEO









INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council, Richardson, Texas

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Richardson (the "City"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of September 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of a Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, in June 2012 the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions." Also, in November 2013 the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date". As discussed in note 1, GASB Statements 68 and 71 were effective for the City's fiscal year ended September 30, 2015. These Statements replace the requirements of Statement No. 27, "Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers" and Statement No. 50, "Pension Disclosures." Statements 68 and 71 establish standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and expenses as well as identifies the methods and assumptions that should be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value and attribute that present value to periods of employee service. Note disclosures and required supplementary information requirements about pensions are also addressed. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the *Management's Discussion and Analysis, Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund, Schedule of Postemployment Health Care Benefits Funding Progress, Schedule of Employer Contributions -Postemployment and Health Care Benefits, Schedule of Pension Contributions and Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios on pages 15 – 24, 76, 77, 77, 78 and 79 presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.*

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining financial statements, budgetary comparison schedules and the other information, such as the introductory section and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining financial statements and the budgetary comparison schedules, are the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining financial statements and budgetary comparison schedules, are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 25, 2016 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Crowe Horwath LLP

Crows Hawath CLP

Dallas, Texas January 25, 2016



Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)
September 30, 2015

Management's discussion and analysis provides a narrative overview of the financial activities and changes in the financial position of the City of Richardson, Texas (the City), for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015. It is offered here by the management of the City to the readers of its financial statements. Readers are encouraged to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the information furnished in our letter of transmittal in the introductory section and the City's financial statements and accompanying notes.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceed its liabilities and deferred inflows at September 30, 2015 by \$188,695,271 (net position).
- The City's total net position increased \$8,030,601. The reason for this increase can be found on pages 18 and 19 of this report.
- At September 30, 2015, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$47,121,238. The \$18,006,939 unassigned fund balance in the General Fund represents 16.11% of total General Fund expenditures and transfers.
- The City's total long-term debt, excluding commitments related to its post-employment benefits program, increased by \$338,400 (.11%) during the current fiscal year. See Table 4 on page 23 of this report for further information regarding the City's long-term debt. Details about the City's post-employment benefits program can be found on pages 69-75 of the notes.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The reporting focus is on the City as a whole and on individual major funds. It is intended to present a more comprehensive view of the City's financial activities.

The basic financial statements comprise three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business. Both are prepared using the economic resources focus and the accrual basis of accounting, meaning that all the current year's revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, including capital assets and long-term obligations. The difference between the two is reported as net position. Over time, the increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. Other indicators of the City's financial position should be taken into consideration, such as the change in the City's property tax base and condition of the City's infrastructure (i.e., roads, drainage systems, water and sewer lines, etc.), in order to more accurately assess the overall financial condition of the City.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. It focuses on both the gross and net costs of the government's various activities

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) September 30, 2015

and thus summarizes the cost of providing specific government services. This statement includes all current year revenues and expenses.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities divide the City's activities into two types:

Governmental Activities. Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including general government, police and fire protection, emergency ambulance service, planning for future land use, traffic control, building inspection, public health, neighborhood integrity, park and recreational activities, cultural events, and library. Property taxes, sales taxes, and franchise taxes provide the majority of the financing for these activities.

Business-Type Activities. Activities for which the City charges a fee to customers to pay most or all of the costs of a service it provides are reported here. The City's business-type activities include water distribution and wastewater collection and solid waste collection and disposal.

Fund Financial Statements. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. These statements focus on the most significant funds and may be used to find more detailed information about the City's most significant activities. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for the majority of the City's activities, which are essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

The focus of the governmental funds financial statements is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements. Therefore, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds Balance Sheet and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison. These reconciliations explain the differences between the government's activities as reported in the government-wide statements and the information presented in the governmental funds financial statements.

The City reports 19 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for the General Fund, the Debt Service Fund, and the Capital Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data for the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of the nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Proprietary Funds. When the City charges customers for services it provides, the activities are generally reported in proprietary funds. The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds: enterprise funds and internal service funds.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) September 30, 2015

Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer operations, solid waste collection and disposal services. These services are primarily provided to outside, or nongovernmental, customers.

Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its warehouse, mail and records management operations, and for its employee health insurance program. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental-type functions rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary fund financial statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water and sewer operations and solid waste collection and disposal. Both internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to gain a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, the City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget. This report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and healthcare benefits to its employees and retirees.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds and internal service funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pensions and healthcare.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) September 30, 2015

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Total assets of the City at September 30, 2015 were \$582,496,780, deferred outflows of resources were \$13,642,718, total liabilities were \$407,330,562 and deferred inflows of resources were \$113,665 resulting in a net position balance of \$188,695,271.

The largest portion of the City's net position, \$185,968,144 (98.55%), reflects its investment in capital assets (land and improvements, buildings, infrastructure, vehicles, machinery, and equipment), less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The City uses these assets to provide services to its citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City reports its capital assets net of related debt, the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Table 1
City of Richardson
Net Position
(In thousands)

		Governmental activities			Business-type activities					Total			
	·	<u>2015</u>		<u>2014*</u>		<u>2015</u>		2014*		<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>	
Current and other assets	\$	66,074	\$	74,793	\$	32,996	\$	29,821	\$	99,070	\$	104,614	
Capital assets		382,350		364,637		101,077		100,823		483,427	_	465,460	
Total assets		448,424		439,430	_	134,073	_	130,644	_	582,497	_	570,074	
Total deferred outflows of resources		11,389		8,084	_	2,253	_	1,630	_	13,642	_	9,714	
Other liabilities		16,882		41,403		7,191		11,399		24,073		52,802	
Long-term liabilities outstanding		322,068		289,132	_	61,190		57,189		383,258	_	346,321	
Total liabilities	_	338,950		330,535	_	68,381	_	68,588	_	407,331		399,123	
Total deferred inflows of resources		97				17		<u>-</u>		114	_		
Net Position:													
Net investment in capital assets		134,199		129,095		51,770		50,634		185,969		179,729	
Restricted		10,511		7,072		5,464		4,068		15,975		11,140	
Unrestricted		(23,943)		(19,188)		10,694		8,984		(13,249)		(10,204)	
Total net position	\$	120,767	\$	116,979	\$	67,928	\$	63,686	\$	188,695	\$	180,665	

^{*2014} amounts have been restated due to to the adoption of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68. (See note 1B of the Notes to Basic Financial Statements.)

An additional portion of the City's net position, \$15,975,729 (8.47%), represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The City's unrestricted net position of (\$13,248,602) reflects commitments made as part of its post-employment benefits program. More details about these benefits can be found on pages 69-75 of the notes.

The government's overall net position increased \$8,030,601 from the prior fiscal year. The reasons for the overall increase are discussed in the following sections for governmental activities and business-type activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)
September 30, 2015

Governmental Activities. Net position increased \$3,788,445. Key revenue and expense transactions are as follows:

- Major revenue increases included property tax revenue of \$2,308,797, sale tax revenue and franchise fee revenue increased \$2,259,574 and \$608,549, respectively. Parks and Recreation revenue increased \$1,228,715 as a result of the reclassification of the Golf Fund from a Proprietary Fund to a Special Revenue Fund at the end of FY2014.
- Parks and Recreation expenditures increased \$1,827,297 as a result of the reclassification of the Golf Fund. Public Services expenditures increased approximately \$1,181,000 for contract building inspection services, bridge rail maintenance projects and street repairs.

Business-Type Activities. Business type activities increased net position by \$4,242,156. Key elements to the change in net position are as follows:

- Water restrictions were lifted leading to a \$6,718,615 increase in water revenues. At the same time, purchased water and sewage treatment costs increased \$2,492,252 as a result of the North Texas Municipal Water District raising its water rates.
- Solid waste fee revenue increased \$549,599 at the same time the solid waste charges increased \$771,345.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) September 30, 2015

Table 2
Changes in Net Position
(In thousands)

		Governmental activities		Business-type activities							Total	
		2015		2014		2015		2014		2015		2014
Revenues:												
Program revenues:												
Charges for services	\$	24,909	\$	23,141	\$	73,357	\$	65,745	\$	98,266	\$	88,886
Operating grants and contributions		967		789		-		-		967		789
Capital grants and contributions		8,168		15,022		1,549		1,551		9,717		16,573
General revenues:												
Property taxes		70,677		68,368		-		-		70,677		68,368
Sales taxes		31,065		29,805		-		-		31,065		29,805
Franchise taxes		15,647		15,038		-		-		15,647		15,038
Mixed beverage and bingo tax		523		464		-		-		523		464
Hotel/motel taxes		3,937		3,665		-		-		3,937		3,665
Unrestricted interest earnings		137		92		47		24		184		116
Gain on sale of assets		78		40		109		196		187		236
Transfers		(2,064)		4,058		2,064		(4,058)				<u>-</u>
Total revenues		154,044		160,482		77,126		63,458		231,170		223,940
Expenses:												
General government		36,761		36,312		_		-		36,761		36,312
Public safety		48,745		47,533		-		-		48,745		47,533
Public services		30,588		28,931		-		-		30,588		28,931
Library		4,161		3,989		-		-		4,161		3,989
Parks and recreation		18,310		15,281		-		-		18,310		15,281
Public health		1,807		1,714		-		-		1,807		1,714
Interest and fiscal charges		9,884		10,757		-		-		9,884		10,757
Water and sewer		-		-		59,159		55,648		59,159		55,648
Solid waste		-		-		13,725		12,457		13,725		12,457
Golf				<u> </u>				2,558		_		2,558
Total expenses		150,256		144,517		72,884		70,663	_	223,140	_	215,180
Increase(decrease) in net position		3,788		15,965		4,242		(7,205)		8,030		8,760
Net position-beginning												
as restated (Note 1B)	_	116,979	_	114,513		63,686	_	73,350	_	180,665		187,863
Net position – ending	\$	120,767	\$	130,478	\$	67,928	\$	66,145	\$	188,695	\$	196,623

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

Governmental Funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$47,121,238. Approximately 38.21%, or \$18,006,939, constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) September 30, 2015

reported in the General Fund. The remainder of fund balance, \$29,114,299 (61.79%), is not available for general spending.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both the unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures and transfers out. Unassigned fund balance represents 16.11% of total General Fund expenditures and transfers out, while total fund balance represents 17.66% of total General Fund expenditures and transfers out.

The General Fund's fund balance increased \$404,085 this fiscal year. Sales tax revenues were larger than anticipated with an increase of \$1,259,574 from the previous year's collections. Franchise fees resulted in an increase of \$608,549 from the previous year, primarily due to an increase in telecommunications access line fees and electric and gas franchise fees.

The Debt Service Fund has a fund balance of \$2,381,452, all of which is restricted for the payment of debt. The City's financial policy is to maintain an ending fund balance each year of 30 days of expenditures in the Debt Service Fund.

The fund balance in the Capital Fund ended the year at \$15,001,579, of which \$276,939 is nonspendable resources for prepaids of \$2,919 and \$274,020 for property held for redevelopment. \$11,988,169 is restricted for future capital equipment purchases and construction projects, and \$2,736,471 is assigned for various capital projects. The fund balance decreased by \$9,618,474 due to the use of bond proceeds to construct various capital improvements throughout the City.

The Other Governmental Funds had a fund balance increase of \$2,099,537. The major items related to this increase were collection of TIF revenues that were not spent in the current year and the start of an Economic Development Fund with the equivalent of a half cent of the property tax transferred from the General Fund.

Proprietary Funds: The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Factors concerning the finances of the proprietary funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

Unrestricted net position in the Water and Sewer Fund and the Solid Waste Fund at the end of the year amounted to \$10,072,815 and \$944,899 respectively. Total net position increased \$5,024,601 in the Water and Sewer Fund and the Solid Waste Fund decreased (\$370,307).

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

General Fund revenues were projected to be \$208,313 or 1.2% higher than estimated year-end revenues for fiscal year 2014. Property tax, sales tax and other business tax revenues were budgeted to make up 64.3% of total General Fund revenues. The certified property tax base increased 4.9% (including TIF values) and tax rates remained unchanged from the prior year. Franchise taxes were projected to increase 1.1% with a normal growth in the customer base. Sales and other business tax revenue was budgeted to increase by 2.5% compared to the estimate for fiscal year 2014. Total expenditures and transfers were projected to be 2.9% higher than 2014 year-end estimates. Personal service expenditures were projected to be 3.7% higher than 2014 estimates and included funding for those employees moving through the step pay plan and 2.0% raises for those employees who had been at the top of the pay range for over a year. Professional service expenditures were budgeted 2.5% lower than the previous year estimate.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) September 30, 2015

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets: The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2015 amounts to \$483,426,637 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, vehicles, machinery and equipment, infrastructure and construction in progress. The total increase in the City's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$17,966,250 (3.72%).

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Several streets and other improvements in the CityLine development were completed totaling \$10.3 million.
- The City completed numerous street, sidewalk, alley, traffic and trail projects totaling over \$7.1 million.
- The City purchased four parcels of land totaling nearly 60 acres for \$11,268,386. The land adjoins the existing Spring Creek Nature Area and will enable the City to more than double the nature area's current size.

The Water and Sewer Fund completed \$6 million in projects, which extended and improved the City's Water and Sewer system.

Table 3
City of Richardson
Capital Assets, net of Accumulated Depreciation
(In thousands)

_	Governi Activ		Busines Activ	• •	Total			
	2015	2014	2015	2014	<u>2015</u>	2014		
Land	\$ 74,564	\$ 60,740	\$ 424	\$ 424	\$ 74,988	\$ 61,164		
Buildings	78,533	82,028	4,439	4,680	82,972	86,708		
Improvements other than buildings	33,393	32,509	190	114	33,583	32,623		
Infrastructure	156,401	145,489	85,703	85,450	242,104	230,939		
Vehicles, machinery and equipment	15,306	15,551	7,001	7,583	22,307	23,134		
Construction in progress	24,153	28,321	3,320	2,572	27,473	30,893		
Total capital assets, net	\$ 382,350	\$ 364,638	\$ 101,077	\$ 100,823	\$ 483,427	\$ 465,461		

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 6 to the financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) September 30, 2015

Long-Term Debt: At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Richardson had total bonded debt outstanding of \$251,425,000. Of this amount, \$201,229,259 represents tax-supported bonds, \$50,195,741 represents self-supported bonds. The other obligations of \$45,338,940 in the governmental activities relates to notes payable for computer hardware, a police training facility, TIF economic development grants, and other contractual obligations.

Table 4
City of Richardson
Outstanding Debt
(In thousands)

	Governmental Activities					Busine Acti	ss-ty vities		Total				
		<u>2015</u> <u>2014</u>			<u>2015</u> <u>2014</u>				<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>		
General obligation bonds Certificates of obligation Total bonds payable	\$	162,669 38,560 201,229	\$	181,450 27,150 208,600	\$	17,626 32,570 50,196	\$	17,165 35,075 52,240	\$	180,295 71,130 251,425	\$	198,615 62,225 260,840	
TIF obligations Other obligations		41,507 3,832		31,964 3,622		- -		- -		41,507 3,832		31,964 3,622	
Total outstanding debt	\$	246,568	\$	244,186	\$	50,196	\$	52,240	\$	296,764	\$	296,426	

In March 2015, the City issued \$9,000,000 of Series 2015 Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation. \$6,850,000 is tax-exempt, \$2,150,000 is taxable. The City also issued \$41,665,000 of Series 2015 General Obligation Refunding Bonds. The Certificates of Obligation were issued to pay for renovations to Course 1 of the Sherrill Park Golf Course, equipping park and recreation facilities, firefighting facilities, animal service facilities and fleet service facilities, acquiring equipment and vehicles for, police, fire, streets, traffic and transportation, animal services, parks and recreation, municipal library, health, solid waste departments, and constructing, improving and renovating streets, alleys, culverts and bridges, including drainage, landscaping, screening walls, curbs, gutters, sidewalks, signage and traffic signalization incidental thereto and the acquisition of and rights-of-way therefor, and improving and extending the City's water and sewer system. The General Obligation Refunding Bonds were used to refund \$47,340,000 of existing outstanding debt for a cash flow savings of \$7,336,187. In December, 2014, the City issued \$11,425,000 of Series 2014B Adjustable Rate Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation. The Certificates of Obligation were used to purchase 60 acres of land adjoining the Spring Creek Nature Area which will more than double the nature area's current size. The City recognized TIF grants of \$9,619,370 for infrastructure and land received from a developer. The City's total bonded debt activity resulted in an overall decrease of approximately \$9,415,000 (3.7%).

Standard & Poor's Ratings Services assigned its 'AAA' rating, with a stable outlook, to the City's Series 2015 Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation and the City's Series 2015 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, and Moody's Investors Service (Moody's) also assigned an 'Aaa' rating, with a stable outlook to these issues. The City is permitted by Article XI, Section 5, of the State of Texas Constitution to levy taxes up to \$2.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation for general governmental services including the payment of principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt. The City levied \$0.26485 per \$100 in FY2015 to pay its debt service.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) September 30, 2015

Additional information on the City's long-term obligations can be found in note 9 to the financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

General Fund revenues and transfers-in for the 2015–2016 budget are expected to increase by 4.1% compared to the fiscal year 2014–2015 revised budget. Expenditures and transfers-out for the General Fund are budgeted 3.2% higher than expenditures and transfers-out in the revised budget for fiscal year 2014 – 2015. The budget initiatives include a focus on infrastructure maintenance, continuing public safety staffing initiatives for police patrol and emergency medical services and sustaining a competitive employee compensation and benefits profile. Overall, the General Fund is expected to end fiscal year 2015–2016 in compliance with the City's financial policy by maintaining a fund balance equal to 60 days of operating expenditures.

Key Highlights of the 2015–2016 Budget Include:

- A 9.01% increase in the overall certified tax base. The effective increase for the General Fund is 7.06%. The remaining increase is related to Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Districts. There is no change in the tax rate.
- Maintain Senior Tax Exemption at \$60,000.
- 1.0% of Tax Roll equals a \$738,000 General Fund impact.
- 1 penny of property tax rate equals \$1.2 million of revenue.
- \$234,000 increase in the funds dedicated to street maintenance for a total of approximately \$3.54 million.
- A 2.0% increase in base sales tax is projected.
- A 8.0% rate adjustment in water and sewer fees.
- 5% step increases for approximately 55% of employees eligible for the increase.
- 2.5% merit based increase for those employees at the top of their pay range or single step job classifications.
- Funding of \$2.9 million of 4-year debt financing from the General Fund for general equipment, vehicles and projects.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances. Questions regarding any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Finance Director, P. O. Box 830309, Richardson, Texas 75083-0309.



Statement of Net Position September 30, 2015

	_	Governmental activities		Business-type activities		Total
Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	36,852,697	\$	7,610,975	\$	44,463,672
Investments		18,735,324		4,467,587		23,202,911
Receivables (net of allowances)		8,567,033		9,853,605		18,420,638
Inventories		509,526		131,075		640,601
Prepaid items		682,951		370,799		1,053,750
Deposits		129,747		_		129,747
Property held for redevelopment		274,020		_		274,020
Restricted assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents		_		7,947,866		7,947,866
Investments		_		2,936,788		2,936,788
Receivables (net of allowances)		_		150		150
Internal balances		323,393		(323,393)		_
Capital assets:						
Nondepreciable		98,717,253		3,743,179		102,460,432
Depreciable (net)		283,632,299		97,333,906		380,966,205
Total assets	_	448,424,243		134,072,537	_	582,496,780
	_	-, , -		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	_	
Deferred Outflows of Resources		0.240.005		1.605.004		10.074.720
Pension contributions and investment experience		9,248,896		1,625,824		10,874,720
Deferred charge on refundings	_	2,140,575		627,423		2,767,998
Total deferred outflow of resources	_	11,389,471		2,253,247		13,642,718
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable		5,079,562		3,294,463		8,374,025
Retainage payable		554,130		_		554,130
Accrued liabilities		1,814,507		166,312		1,980,819
Accrued interest		4,494,889		330,079		4,824,968
Payable from restricted assets:		, . ,		,		,- ,
Accounts payable		_		338,916		338,916
Retainage payable		_		123,998		123,998
Customer deposits				2,936,938		2,936,938
Unearned revenue		4,822,705		2,750,750		4,822,705
Money held in escrow		116,509				116,509
Noncurrent liabilities:		110,507				110,507
Due within one year:						
•		22 190 925		5 127 250		27 227 095
Bonds, leases, and contractual obligations		22,189,835		5,137,250		27,327,085
Compensated absences		1,104,933		111,406		1,216,339
Workers' compensation		163,135		24,744		187,879
Unpaid claims liability		1,026,054		_		1,026,054
Due in more than one year:						
Bonds, leases, and contractual obligations		240,329,043		47,138,871		287,467,914
Other post employment benefits		21,275,352		3,198,973		24,474,325
Pension		26,034,421		4,576,481		30,610,902
Compensated absences	_	9,944,397		1,002,659	_	10,947,056
Total liabilities	_	338,949,472	_	68,381,090	_	407,330,562
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Pension actuarial experience		96,671		16,994		113,665
Total deferred inflow of resources	_	96,671		16,994	_	113,665
Net position:		70,071		10,221		115,005
Net investment in capital assets		134,199,016		51,769,128		185,968,144
Restricted for:		1 251 002		5 150 560		6 502 554
Capital projects		1,351,992		5,150,562		6,502,554
Debt service		4 622 466		313,689		313,689
General government		4,632,466		_		4,632,466
Public safety		1,127,381				1,127,381
Public services		3,399,639				3,399,639
Unrestricted	_	(23,942,923)		10,694,321		(13,248,602)
Total net position	\$ _	120,767,571	\$	67,927,700	\$_	188,695,271

Statement of Activities Year ended September 30, 2015

			Program revenues			Net (expense) rev	venue and changes	in net	position
	Expenses	Charges for services	Operating grants and contributions	Capital grants and contributions		Governmental activities	Business-type activities		Total
Functions/programs:									
Governmental activities:									
General government \$	36,760,436	3,398,349	725,207	23,710	\$	(32,613,170) \$	_	\$	(32,613,170)
Public safety	48,745,387	9,690,575	199,938	62,912		(38,791,962)	_		(38,791,962)
Public services	30,587,774	6,152,373	_	7,862,244		(16,573,157)	_		(16,573,157)
Library	4,160,708	_	8,948	_		(4,151,760)	_		(4,151,760)
Parks and recreation	18,310,273	5,328,445	19,550	208,360		(12,753,918)	_		(12,753,918)
Public health	1,806,561	339,576	13,552	10,515		(1,442,918)	_		(1,442,918)
Interest and fiscal charges	9,884,386		. <u> </u>		_	(9,884,386)	_		(9,884,386)
Total governmental activities	150,255,525	24,909,318	967,195	8,167,741		(116,211,271)			(116,211,271)
Business-type activities:									
Water and Sewer	59,159,438	60,309,928	_	1,549,248		_	2,699,738		2,699,738
Solid Waste	13,724,444	13,047,355	_	· · ·		_	(677,089)		(677,089)
Total business-type activities	72,883,882	73,357,283		1,549,248	_		2,022,649		2,022,649
Total primary government \$	223,139,407	\$ 98,266,601	\$ 967,195	9,716,989	= -	(116,211,271)	2,022,649		(114,188,622)
	General revenues:								
	Property taxes					70,677,122	_		70,677,122
	Sales taxes					31,064,708	_		31,064,708
	Franchise taxes					15,646,882	_		15,646,882
	Mixed beverage	and bingo tax				523,105	_		523,105
	Hotel/Motel taxe	S				3,936,859	_		3,936,859
	Unrestricted inte	rest earnings				137,116	46,693		183,809
	Gain on sale of a	ssets				77,925	108,813		186,738
	Transfers					(2,064,001)	2,064,001		_
	Total general re	evenues				119,999,716	2,219,507		122,219,223
	Changes in net pos	sition				3,788,445	4,242,156		8,030,601
	Net position – beg	inning as restated (S	See Note 1(B))		_	116,979,126	63,685,544	. <u> </u>	180,664,670
	Net position – end	ing			\$_	120,767,571 \$	67,927,700	\$	188,695,271

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds September 30, 2015

		General		Debt Service		Capital Funds		Other Governmental Funds		Total
Assets:	_								_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	283,198	\$	2,595,766		18,237,720		11,495,241	\$	32,611,925
Investments		15,731,353		_		3,003,971		_		18,735,324
Receivables (net of allowances)		6,710,754		_		707,339		1,031,935		8,450,028
Due from other funds		28,342		_		_				28,342
Inventories		278,096		_		_		_		278,096
Prepaid items		537,524		_		2,919		117,291		657,734
Deposits		117,500				2,717		117,271		117,500
Property held for redevelopment		117,500		_		274 020		_		
	_e —	22 (96 767	- _e -	2 505 766	- _e -	274,020	\$	12 (44 467	\$	274,020
Total assets	\$	23,686,767	\$ _	2,595,766	\$ _	22,225,969	Э	12,644,467	» =	61,152,969
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	1,232,583	\$	_	\$	2,272,861	\$	1,091,120	\$	4,596,564
Retainage payable		9,882		_		484,724		59,524		554,130
Accrued liabilities		1,055,031		214,314		_		545,162		1,814,507
Due to other funds				_		_		28,342		28,342
Unearned revenue		4,620		_		4,364,179		397,665		4,766,464
Money held in escrow		13,883		_		102,626		_		116,509
Total liabilities	_	2,315,999		214,314		7,224,390	-	2,121,813	_	11,876,516
Deferred inflows of resources:	_		_	,				· · ·	_	<u> </u>
Unavailable revenue		1,631,134						524,081		2,155,215
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	1,631,134						524,081	_	2,155,215
Total deletted lilliows of resources	_	1,031,134						324,001	_	2,133,213
Fund balances:										
Nonspendable:										
Property held for redevelopment						274,020		_		274,020
Inventory		278,096		_		_		_		278,096
Deposits		117,500		_		_		_		117,500
Prepaid items		537,524		_		2,919		117,291		657,734
Restricted for:										
Debt Service		_		2,381,452		_				2,381,452
Library		_				26,016		_		26,016
Parks and recreation projects		_		_		1,156,421				1,156,421
Public services		_		_		5,544,066				5,544,066
Neighborhood vitality projects				_		1,744,716				1,744,716
Municipal public buildings		_				27,344		_		27,344
		_						_		
Other capital projects		_		_		1,608,047				1,608,047
General government		_		_		745,845		3,668,669		4,414,514
Health/Shelter		_		_		39,857				39,857
Public Safety		_		_		1,095,857		1,051,625		2,147,482
Committed for:										_
Public services		_		_		_		2,840,985		2,840,985
Assigned for:										_
Public services		558,654		_		90,212		_		648,866
Public safety		75,756		_		44,084		_		119,840
Parks and recreation projects		55,719		_		24,255		200,378		280,352
Neighborhood vitality projects		_		_		_		_		<i>'</i> —
General government		103,349		_		_		2,119,625		2,222,974
Health		6,097		_		_		_,_,,,,,		6,097
Library		0,097		_		_		_		0,097
•		_		_		2 577 020		_		2 577 020
Other capital projects		10.006.020		_		2,577,920		_		2,577,920
Unassigned Total fund balances	_	18,006,939 19,739,634		2,381,452		15,001,579		9,998,573	_	18,006,939 47,121,238
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balan	ices \$	23,686,767	\$	2,595,766	\$	22,225,969	\$	12,644,467	\$_	61,152,969

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Net Position September 30, 2015

Total fund balances - governmental funds balance sheet	\$ 47,121,238
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	382,293,542
Other amounts are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	11,323,359
Some amounts will not be recognized as revenue until future periods and therefore are deferred in the funds.	(95,827)
A portion of the assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.	3,032,810
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, accrued interest, and related deferred charges, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the fund. (Note 2 (a))	(322,907,551)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 120,767,571

CITY OF RICHARDSON, TEXAS

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

Year ended September 30, 2015

Franchise taxes		•	General	 Debt Service		Capital Fund	 Other Governmental Funds	 Total
Franchise taxes 15,359,146	Revenues:							
Sales tax	Property taxes	\$	39,702,983	\$ 28,719,565	\$	_	\$ 2,321,559	\$ 70,744,107
Sales tax 31,064,708 - - 31,064, 1.02 1.			15,359,146	· · · —		_	287,736	15,646,882
Mixed beverage and bingo tax 523,105 3,358,859 3,936.850 3	Sales tax		31,064,708	_		_	· —	31,064,708
HotelMotel taxes				_		_	_	523,105
Drainage fees			_	_		_	3.936.859	3,936,859
Section			_	_		_		2,702,431
Licenses and permits	_		1.208.719	_		_		1,731,462
Licenses and permits				_		3 871 612		4,866,176
Fines and forfeitures	9			_				3,379,890
Interest revenue	•			_		_	1 572 217	
Civic center use 299,655 — — — — 299,1 Eisemann Center revenue — — — 194,045 1,948,331 2,142,2 Recreation and leisure 4,096,379 — — 1,206,044 5,302,2 Public safety 2,434,315 — — — 2,434,2 Contributions 79,783 — — 2,256,684 — 2,256,60 Other 896,050 — 61,256 172,115 1,129,4 General administration 8,127,712 — — 8,127,717 — — 8,127,717 Total revenues 111,213,465 28,724,125 6,562,949 15,638,834 162,139,2 Expenditures: 6 — 835,384 9,627,068 37,401,4 Expenditures: 6 — 835,384 9,627,068 37,401,4 Debt services 17,895,720 — 388,839 1,698,885 44,414,2 Public services 17,895,720 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>4 560</td><td></td><td>22 860</td><td></td><td></td></td<>				4 560		22 860		
Eisemann Center revenue				4,500		22,800	25,675	
Recreation and leisure 4,096,379 — — 1,206,044 5,302,4 Public safety 2,434,315 — — — 2,434,3 Contributions 79,783 — 156,492 19,550 22,56,684 Other 896,050 — 61,256 172,115 1,129,4 General administration 8,127,712 — — — 8,127,712 Total revenues 111,213,465 28,724,125 6,562,949 15,638,834 162,139,2 Expenditures: General government 26,938,966 — 835,384 9,627,068 37,401,4 Public safety 42,327,220 — 388,839 1,698,885 44,414,5 Public safety 42,327,220 — 388,839 1,698,885 44,414,5 Library 3,162,266 — 371,572 8,948 3,542,2 Parks and recreation 11,610,749 — 826,331 1,902,282 14,339,2 Public health 1,640,950 — 18,465			299,033	_		104.045	1 049 021	
Public safety			4.006.270	_		194,043		
Contributions				_		_	1,206,044	
Participation — 2,256,684 — 2,256,684 Other 896,050 — 61,256 172,115 1,129,465 General administration 8,127,712 — — — 8,127,712 Total revenues 111,213,465 28,724,125 6,562,949 15,638,834 162,139,23 Expenditures: General government 26,938,966 — 835,384 9,627,068 37,401,4 Public safety 42,327,220 — 388,839 1,698,885 44,414,2 Library 3,162,266 — 371,572 8,948 3,542,7 Parks and recreation 11,610,749 — 826,331 1,902,282 14,339,2 General administration — — — 18,465 13,552 1,672,5 General administration — — 0 18,465 13,552 1,672,5 General administration — — — 2,027,85 2,027,8 Capital outlay 133,278 — 30,901	-			_			_	2,434,315
Other 896,050 — 61,256 172,115 1,129,4 General administration 8,127,712 — — — 8,127,712 Total revenues 111,213,465 28,724,125 6,562,949 15,638,834 162,139,3 Expenditures: General government 26,938,966 — 835,384 9,627,068 37,401,4 Public safety 42,327,220 — 388,839 1,698,885 44,414,5 Public services 17,895,720 — 3,904,542 342,204 22,142,2 Library 3,162,266 — 371,572 8,948 3,542,7 Parks and recreation 11,610,749 — 826,331 1,902,282 14,339,3 Public health 1,640,950 — 18,465 13,552 1,672,2 Capital outlay 133,278 — 30,901,097 7,384,929 38,419,3 Debt service: Principal retirement — 19,300,343 — — 1,561,889 10,343,8 Payments for other oblig			79,783	_		,	19,550	255,825
Expenditures:	•		_	_			_	2,256,684
Expenditures: General government 26,938,966 — 835,384 9,627,068 37,401,48 Public safety 42,327,220 — 388,839 1,698,885 44,414,58 Public services 17,895,720 — 3,904,542 342,204 22,142,48 Public services 17,895,720 — 3,904,542 342,204 22,142,48 Public services 11,610,749 — 826,331 1,902,282 14,339,28 Public health 1,640,950 — 18,465 13,552 1,672,58 General administration — — — — — 2,027,855 2,027,85 Capital outlay 133,278 — 30,901,097 7,384,929 38,419,29 Debt service: Principal retirement — 19,300,343 — — — 19,300,343 Expenditures 103,931,129 29,071,805 37,400,686 24,644,214 195,047,88 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 103,931,129 29,071,805 37,400,686 24,644,214 195,047,88 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 7,282,336 (347,680) (30,837,737) (9,005,380) (32,908,48 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers out (7,821,954) — (1,035,880) (673,472) (9,531,38 Issuance of certificates of obligation — 45,741,237 — 45,741,231 Issuance of other obligations — 45,741,237 — 45,741,241 Issuance of other obligations — (45,341,126) — (45,341,146) — (45				_		61,256	172,115	1,129,421
Expenditures: General government				 				 8,127,712
General government 26,938,966 — 835,384 9,627,068 37,401,4 Public safety 42,327,220 — 388,839 1,698,885 44,414,9 Public services 17,895,720 — 3,904,542 342,204 22,142,4 Library 3,162,266 — 371,572 8,948 3,542,7 Parks and recreation 11,610,749 — 826,331 1,902,282 14,339,3 Public health 1,640,950 — 18,465 13,552 1,672,5 General administration — — — 2,027,855 2,027,8 Capital outlay 133,278 — 30,901,097 7,384,929 38,419,2 Debt service: — — 19,300,343 — — — 19,300,343 Lextes and fiscal charges 9,134 8,772,808 — — 19,300,343 Payments for other obligations 212,846 612,292 — 76,602 901,7 Issuance costs — 386,362	Total revenues		111,213,465	 28,724,125		6,562,949	15,638,834	 162,139,373
General government 26,938,966 — 835,384 9,627,068 37,401,4 Public safety 42,327,220 — 388,839 1,698,885 44,414,9 Public services 17,895,720 — 3,904,542 342,204 22,142,4 Library 3,162,266 — 371,572 8,948 3,542,7 Parks and recreation 11,610,749 — 826,331 1,902,282 14,339,3 Public health 1,640,950 — 18,465 13,552 1,672,5 General administration — — — 2,027,855 2,027,8 Capital outlay 133,278 — 30,901,097 7,384,929 38,419,2 Debt service: — — 19,300,343 — — — 19,300,343 Lextes and fiscal charges 9,134 8,772,808 — — 19,300,343 Payments for other obligations 212,846 612,292 — 76,602 901,7 Issuance costs — 386,362	Expenditures:							
Public safety 42,327,220 — 388,839 1,698,885 44,414,5 Public services 17,895,720 — 3,904,542 342,204 22,142,2 Library 3,162,266 — 371,572 8,948 3,542,7 Parks and recreation 11,610,749 — 826,331 1,902,282 14,339,3 Public health 1,640,950 — 18,465 13,552 1,672,5 General administration — — — — — — — 2,027,855 2,027,855	=		26,938,966	_		835,384	9,627,068	37,401,418
Public services				_				44,414,944
Library 3,162,266 — 371,572 8,948 3,542,7 Parks and recreation 11,610,749 — 826,331 1,902,282 14,339,3 Public health 1,640,950 — 18,465 13,552 1,672,5 General administration — — — 2,027,855 2,027,8 Capital outlay 133,278 — 30,901,097 7,384,929 38,419,3 Debt service: Principal retirement — 19,300,343 — — 19,300,343 Interest and fiscal charges 9,134 8,772,808 — 1,561,889 10,343,8 Payments for other obligations 212,846 612,292 — 76,602 9901,7 Issuance costs — 386,362 154,456 — 540,8 Total expenditures 103,931,129 29,071,805 37,400,686 24,644,214 195,047,8 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 7,282,336 (347,680) (30,837,737) (9,005,380) (32,908,4) Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in 669,550 1,007 3,673,485 2,159,019 6,503,0 Transfers out (7,821,954) — (1,035,880) (673,472) (9,531,3 Issuance of certificates of obligation — 17,270,000 — 17,270,00 Issuance of refunding bonds — 45,741,237 — 45,741,2 Issuance of other obligations — 1,034,770 9,619,370 10,654,1 Premium/discount on bonds — 276,888 — 276,8 Payment to refunded bond escrow agent — (45,341,126) — — (45,341,1 Insurance recoveries 189,910 — — 276,888 — 276,8 Payment to refunded bond escrow agent — (45,341,126) — — — (45,341,1 Insurance recoveries 189,910 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	•			_				
Parks and recreation 11,610,749 — 826,331 1,902,282 14,339,2 Public health 1,640,950 — 18,465 13,552 1,672,5 General administration — — — 2,027,855 2,027,8 Capital outlay 133,278 — 30,901,097 7,384,929 38,419,3 Debt service: Principal retirement — 19,300,343 — — 19,300,343 Interest and fiscal charges 9,134 8,772,808 — 1,561,889 10,343,8 Payments for other obligations 212,846 612,292 — 76,602 901,7 Issuance costs — 386,362 154,456 — 540,8 Total expenditures 103,931,129 29,071,805 37,400,686 24,644,214 195,047,8 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 7,282,336 (347,680) (30,837,737) (9,005,380) (32,908,4 Other financing sources (uses): — 669,550 1,007 3,673,485 2,159,019 <				_				
Public health 1,640,950 — 18,465 13,552 1,672,5 General administration — — — 2,027,855 2,002,200 2,002,200 2,002,200 2,002,200 2,002,200 2,002,200 2,002,200 2,002,200 2,002,200 2,002,200 2,002,200 2,	•							
General administration								
Capital outlay 133,278 — 30,901,097 7,384,929 38,419,32 Debt service: Principal retirement — 19,300,343 — — 19,300,3 Interest and fiscal charges 9,134 8,772,808 — 1,561,889 10,343,8 Payments for other obligations 212,846 612,292 — 76,602 901,7 Issuance costs — 386,362 154,456 — 540,8 Total expenditures 103,931,129 29,071,805 37,400,686 24,644,214 195,047,8 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 7,282,336 (347,680) (30,837,737) (9,005,380) (32,908,4 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in 669,550 1,007 3,673,485 2,159,019 6,503,0 Transfers out (7,821,954) — (1,035,880) (673,472) (9,531,3 Issuance of certificates of obligation — — 17,270,000 — 17,270,0 Issuance of refunding bonds — — —			1,040,930	_		16,405		
Debt service: Principal retirement — 19,300,343 — — 19,300,3 Interest and fiscal charges 9,134 8,772,808 — 1,561,889 10,343,8 Payments for other obligations 212,846 612,292 — 76,602 901,7 Issuance costs — 386,362 154,456 — 540,8 Total expenditures 103,931,129 29,071,805 37,400,686 24,644,214 195,047,8 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 7,282,336 (347,680) (30,837,737) (9,005,380) (32,908,4 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in 669,550 1,007 3,673,485 2,159,019 6,503,0 Transfers out (7,821,954) — (1,035,880) (673,472) (9,531,3 Issuance of certificates of obligation — — 17,270,000 — 17,270,0 Issuance of refunding bonds — — 45,741,237 — — 45,741,2 Issuance of other obligations — —			122 279	_		20.001.007		
Principal retirement — 19,300,343 — — 19,300,3 Interest and fiscal charges 9,134 8,772,808 — 1,561,889 10,343,8 Payments for other obligations 212,846 612,292 — 76,602 901,7 Issuance costs — 386,362 154,456 — 540,8 Total expenditures 103,931,129 29,071,805 37,400,686 24,644,214 195,047,8 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 7,282,336 (347,680) (30,837,737) (9,005,380) (32,908,4 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in 669,550 1,007 3,673,485 2,159,019 6,503,0 Transfers out (7,821,954) — (1,035,880) (673,472) (9,531,3 Issuance of certificates of obligation — — 17,270,000 — 17,270,0 Issuance of refunding bonds — — 45,741,237 — — 45,741,2 Issuance of other obligations — — 1,034,770 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>133,278</td><td>_</td><td></td><td>30,901,097</td><td>7,364,929</td><td>36,419,304</td></t<>			133,278	_		30,901,097	7,364,929	36,419,304
Interest and fiscal charges				10 200 242				10 200 242
Payments for other obligations 212,846 612,292 — 76,602 901,7 Issuance costs — 386,362 154,456 — 540,8 Total expenditures 103,931,129 29,071,805 37,400,686 24,644,214 195,047,8 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 7,282,336 (347,680) (30,837,737) (9,005,380) (32,908,4 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in 669,550 1,007 3,673,485 2,159,019 6,503,0 Transfers out (7,821,954) — (1,035,880) (673,472) (9,531,3 Issuance of certificates of obligation — — 17,270,000 — 17,270,0 Issuance of refunding bonds — — — 45,741,237 — — 45,741,2 Issuance of other obligations — — — 1,034,770 9,619,370 10,654,1 Premium/discount on bonds — — — 276,888 — 276,8 Payment to refunded bond escrow agent —	•		_			_		
Issuance costs			,			_		10,343,831
Total expenditures 103,931,129 29,071,805 37,400,686 24,644,214 195,047,8 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 7,282,336 (347,680) (30,837,737) (9,005,380) (32,908,4) Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in 669,550 1,007 3,673,485 2,159,019 6,503,0 Transfers out (7,821,954) — (1,035,880) (673,472) (9,531,3 Issuance of certificates of obligation — — 17,270,000 — 17,270,0 Issuance of refunding bonds — — 45,741,237 — — 45,741,2 Issuance of other obligations — — 1,034,770 9,619,370 10,654,1 Premium/discount on bonds — — 276,888 — 276,8 Payment to refunded bond escrow agent — (45,341,126) — — (45,341,1 Insurance recoveries 189,910 — — — 84,2 Total other financing sources (uses) (6,878,251) 401,118			212,846				76,602	901,740
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 7,282,336 (347,680) (30,837,737) (9,005,380) (32,908,40) Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in 669,550 1,007 3,673,485 2,159,019 6,503,000 Transfers out (7,821,954) — (1,035,880) (673,472) (9,531,30) Issuance of certificates of obligation — 17,270,000 — 17,270,000 Issuance of refunding bonds — 45,741,237 — 45,741,237 — 45,741,237 Premium/discount on bonds — 1,034,770 9,619,370 10,654,100 Premium/discount on bonds — 276,888 — 276,800 Payment to refunded bond escrow agent — (45,341,126) — (45,341,116) Insurance recoveries 189,910 — — — (45,341,116) Proceeds from sale of capital assets 84,243 — — 84,243 Total other financing sources (uses) (6,878,251) 401,118 21,219,263 11,104,917 25,847,00 Net change in fund balances 404,085 53,438 (9,618,474) 2,099,537 (7,061,40)							 -	 540,818
over (under) expenditures 7,282,336 (347,680) (30,837,737) (9,005,380) (32,908,4) Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in 669,550 1,007 3,673,485 2,159,019 6,503,0 Transfers out (7,821,954) — (1,035,880) (673,472) (9,531,3 Issuance of certificates of obligation — — 17,270,000 — 17,270,00 Issuance of refunding bonds — — 45,741,237 — — 45,741,2 Issuance of other obligations — — 1,034,770 9,619,370 10,654,1 Premium/discount on bonds — — 276,888 — 276,8 Payment to refunded bond escrow agent — (45,341,126) — — — (45,341,1 Insurance recoveries 189,910 — — — 84,2 Proceeds from sale of capital assets 84,243 — — 84,2 Total other financing sources (uses) (6,878,251) 401,118 21,219,263	Total expenditures		103,931,129	 29,071,805	_	37,400,686	 24,644,214	 195,047,834
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in 669,550 1,007 3,673,485 2,159,019 6,503,0 Transfers out (7,821,954) — (1,035,880) (673,472) (9,531,3 Issuance of certificates of obligation — — 17,270,000 — 17,270,0 Issuance of refunding bonds — 45,741,237 — — 45,741,2 Issuance of other obligations — — 1,034,770 9,619,370 10,654,1 Premium/discount on bonds — — 276,888 — 276,8 Payment to refunded bond escrow agent — (45,341,126) — — (45,341,1 Insurance recoveries 189,910 — — — 189,9 Proceeds from sale of capital assets 84,243 — — — 84,2 Total other financing sources (uses) (6,878,251) 401,118 21,219,263 11,104,917 25,847,0 Net change in fund balances 404,085 53,438 (9,618,474) 2,099,537	Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
Transfers in 669,550 1,007 3,673,485 2,159,019 6,503,0 Transfers out (7,821,954) — (1,035,880) (673,472) (9,531,3 Issuance of certificates of obligation — — 17,270,000 — 17,270,0 Issuance of refunding bonds — 45,741,237 — — 45,741,2 Issuance of other obligations — — 1,034,770 9,619,370 10,654,1 Premium/discount on bonds — — 276,888 — 276,8 Payment to refunded bond escrow agent — (45,341,126) — — (45,341,1 Insurance recoveries 189,910 — — — 189,9 Proceeds from sale of capital assets 84,243 — — — 84,2 Total other financing sources (uses) (6,878,251) 401,118 21,219,263 11,104,917 25,847,0 Net change in fund balances 404,085 53,438 (9,618,474) 2,099,537 (7,061,4)	over (under) expenditures		7,282,336	 (347,680)	_	(30,837,737)	 (9,005,380)	 (32,908,461
Transfers in 669,550 1,007 3,673,485 2,159,019 6,503,0 Transfers out (7,821,954) — (1,035,880) (673,472) (9,531,3 Issuance of certificates of obligation — — 17,270,000 — 17,270,0 Issuance of refunding bonds — 45,741,237 — — 45,741,2 Issuance of other obligations — — 1,034,770 9,619,370 10,654,1 Premium/discount on bonds — — 276,888 — 276,8 Payment to refunded bond escrow agent — (45,341,126) — — (45,341,1 Insurance recoveries 189,910 — — — 189,9 Proceeds from sale of capital assets 84,243 — — — 84,2 Total other financing sources (uses) (6,878,251) 401,118 21,219,263 11,104,917 25,847,0 Net change in fund balances 404,085 53,438 (9,618,474) 2,099,537 (7,061,4)	Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers out (7,821,954) — (1,033,880) (673,472) (9,531,3 Issuance of certificates of obligation — — 17,270,000 — 17,270,0 Issuance of refunding bonds — 45,741,237 — — 45,741,2 Issuance of other obligations — — 1,034,770 9,619,370 10,654,1 Premium/discount on bonds — — — 276,888 — 276,8 Payment to refunded bond escrow agent — — (45,341,126) — — (45,341,1 Insurance recoveries 189,910 — — — 189,5 Proceeds from sale of capital assets 84,243 — — — 84,2 Total other financing sources (uses) (6,878,251) 401,118 21,219,263 11,104,917 25,847,0 Net change in fund balances 404,085 53,438 (9,618,474) 2,099,537 (7,061,4)			669,550	1,007		3,673,485	2.159.019	6,503,061
Issuance of certificates of obligation — — — 17,270,000 — 17,270,00 Issuance of refunding bonds — 45,741,237 — — 45,741,2 Issuance of other obligations — — 1,034,770 9,619,370 10,654,1 Premium/discount on bonds — — 276,888 — 276,8 Payment to refunded bond escrow agent — (45,341,126) — — — (45,341,1 Insurance recoveries 189,910 — — — — 189,2 Proceeds from sale of capital assets 84,243 — — — 84,2 Total other financing sources (uses) (6,878,251) 401,118 21,219,263 11,104,917 25,847,0 Net change in fund balances 404,085 53,438 (9,618,474) 2,099,537 (7,061,4)								(9,531,306
Issuance of refunding bonds — 45,741,237 — — 45,741,237 Issuance of other obligations — — 1,034,770 9,619,370 10,654,1 Premium/discount on bonds — — 276,888 — 276,8 Payment to refunded bond escrow agent — (45,341,126) — — — (45,341,1 Insurance recoveries 189,910 — — — — 189,2 Proceeds from sale of capital assets 84,243 — — — 84,2 Total other financing sources (uses) (6,878,251) 401,118 21,219,263 11,104,917 25,847,0 Net change in fund balances 404,085 53,438 (9,618,474) 2,099,537 (7,061,4)			(,,021,,04)	_			(0.3,1.2)	
Issuance of other obligations — — 1,034,770 9,619,370 10,654,1 Premium/discount on bonds — — — 276,888 — 276,8 Payment to refunded bond escrow agent — — — — — (45,341,126) — — — — 483,41,126 — — — — — 189,5 Proceeds from sale of capital assets 84,243 — — — — 84,2 Total other financing sources (uses) (6,878,251) 401,118 21,219,263 11,104,917 25,847,0 Net change in fund balances 404,085 53,438 (9,618,474) 2,099,537 (7,061,4)			_	45 741 237		17,270,000	_	
Premium/discount on bonds — — 276,888 — 276,8 Payment to refunded bond escrow agent — (45,341,126) — — (45,341,1 Insurance recoveries 189,910 — — — 189,5 Proceeds from sale of capital assets 84,243 — — — 84,2 Total other financing sources (uses) (6,878,251) 401,118 21,219,263 11,104,917 25,847,0 Net change in fund balances 404,085 53,438 (9,618,474) 2,099,537 (7,061,4)				43,741,237		1 034 770	0.610.370	
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent — (45,341,126) — — (45,341,116) Insurance recoveries 189,910 — — — — 189,92 Proceeds from sale of capital assets 84,243 — — — — 84,24 Total other financing sources (uses) (6,878,251) 401,118 21,219,263 11,104,917 25,847,00 Net change in fund balances 404,085 53,438 (9,618,474) 2,099,537 (7,061,400)			_	_			9,019,370	
Insurance recoveries 189,910 — — — 189,5 Proceeds from sale of capital assets 84,243 — — — — 84,2 Total other financing sources (uses) (6,878,251) 401,118 21,219,263 11,104,917 25,847,0 Net change in fund balances 404,085 53,438 (9,618,474) 2,099,537 (7,061,476)			_	(45 241 126)		270,000	_	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets 84,243 — — — 84,2 Total other financing sources (uses) (6,878,251) 401,118 21,219,263 11,104,917 25,847,0 Net change in fund balances 404,085 53,438 (9,618,474) 2,099,537 (7,061,474)	= = =			(43,341,120)		_	_	
Total other financing sources (uses) (6,878,251) 401,118 21,219,263 11,104,917 25,847,0 Net change in fund balances 404,085 53,438 (9,618,474) 2,099,537 (7,061,4)				_		_	_	189,910
Net change in fund balances 404,085 53,438 (9,618,474) 2,099,537 (7,061,4				 401.118		21,219.263	 11.104.917	 84,243 25,847,047
	- · · · · ·	•		 ,				 (7,061,414
2,500,000 2,500,000 2,500,000	-							54,182,652
Fund balances – September 30 \$ 19,739,634 \$ 2,381,452 \$ 15,001,579 \$ 9,998,573 \$ 47,121,2			17,000,017	 <u> </u>			 ,	

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year ended September 30, 2015

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances – total governmental funds	\$	(7,061,414)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation expense in the current		
period. (Note 2(b))		17,919,582
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial		
resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		1,729,178
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is originally issued, whereas these amounts are amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. (Note 2(b))		(7,267,383)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (Note 2(b))		(2,261,370)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of central services and insurance to individual funds. The net expense of certain activities of the Internal Service Funds is reported with governmental activities.	_	729,852
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	3,788,445

Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds September 30, 2015

	Busine			
	Water and Sewer Fund	 Solid Waste Fund	 Total	 Governmental Activities- Internal Service Funds
Assets				
Current Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,495,781	\$ 3,115,194	\$ 7,610,975	\$ 4,240,772
Investments	4,467,587	_	4,467,587	_
Receivables (net of allowances)	8,627,583	1,226,022	9,853,605	117,005
Deposits	_	_	_	12,247
Inventories	87,550	43,525	131,075	231,430
Prepaid items	297,429	73,370	370,799	25,217
Restricted assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	6,102,026	1,845,840	7,947,866	_
Investments	2,936,788	_	2,936,788	_
Other receivables	150	_	150	_
Total current assets	27,014,894	 6,303,951	 33,318,845	 4,626,671
Noncurrent Assets				
Capital assets:				
Land	357,950	65,560	423,510	56,011
Improvements	_	284,023	284,023	23,023
Buildings	9,480,126	405,247	9,885,373	259,990
Water and Sewer System	202,653,835	_	202,653,835	_
Vehicles, machinery and equipment	17,195,775	13,391,044	30,586,819	268,859
Construction in progress	3,299,025	20,644	3,319,669	_
Less accumulated depreciation	(137,003,676)	(9,072,468)	(146,076,144)	(551,872)
Total noncurrent assets	95,983,035	 5,094,050	 101,077,085	 56,011
Total Assets	122,997,929	 11,398,001	 134,395,930	 4,682,682
Deferred Outflow of Resources Pension contributions and				
investment experience	861,364	764,460	1,625,824	80,752
Deferred charge on refunding	615,467	11,956	627,423	_
Total deferred outflow of resources	1,476,831	 776,416	 2,253,247	 80,752
	<u> </u>		 	

Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds September 30, 2015

		Busine	ess-ty	pe activities-ente	rprise	funds		
	- -	Water and Sewer Fund		Solid Waste Fund		Total		Governmental Activities- Internal Service Funds
Liabilities:								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	3,060,899	\$	233,564	\$	3,294,463	\$	482,998
Accrued liabilities		123,194		43,118		166,312		_
Accrued interest		294,486		35,593		330,079		_
Unpaid claims liabilities		_		_		_		1,026,054
Current maturities of bonds, leases and								
contractual obligations		3,960,829		1,176,421		5,137,250		_
Compensated absences		68,441		42,965		111,406		9,172
Workers' compensation liability		_		24,744		24,744		15,176
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:								
Accounts payable		337,061		1,855		338,916		_
Retainage payable		123,281		717		123,998		_
Unearned revenue		_		_		_		56,241
Deposits		2,936,938		_		2,936,938		_
Total current liabilities	-	10,905,129		1,558,977		12,464,106		1,589,641
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Bonds, leases and contractual obligations		41,549,173		5,589,698		47,138,871		_
Postemployment benefits		1,832,869		1,366,104		3,198,973		153,679
Pension		2,424,626		2,151,855		4,576,481		227,308
Compensated absences		615,970		386,689		1,002,659		82,545
Total noncurrent liabilities	-	46,422,638	- :	9,494,346		55,916,984		463,532
Total liabilities	-	57,327,767		11,053,323		68,381,090		2,053,173
Deferred Inflow of resources								
Pension Actuarial Experience	-	9,004		7,990		16,994		844
Net position:								
Net investment in capital assets		53,082,139		(1,313,011)		51,769,128		56,011
Restricted for:								
Capital projects		3,806,887		1,343,675		5,150,562		_
Debt service		176,148		137,541		313,689		_
Unrestricted	-	10,072,815		944,899		11,017,714		2,653,406
Total net position	\$	67,137,989	\$	1,113,104	=	68,251,093	\$	2,709,417
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of Internal	Service	Fund activities r	elated	l to Enterprise Fu	nds _	(323,393)		
Net position of business-type activities					\$	67,927,700	ı	

CITY OF RICHARDSON, TEXAS

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position – Proprietary Funds

Year ended September 30, 2015

	Business-type activities-enterprise funds						
	Water and Sewer Fund		Solid Waste Fund		Total		Governmental Activities- Internal Service Funds
perating revenues:							
Water sales \$	36,487,229	\$	_	\$	36,487,229	\$	_
Sewer service	22,289,271		_		22,289,271		_
Penalties	888,589		_		888,589		_
Service fees (other)	59,085		_		59,085		_
Antenna rentals	411,080		_		411,080		_
Meter fees	98,710		_		98,710		_
Solid waste fees	_		12,437,205		12,437,205		_
Charges for services	_						494,146
City and employee contributions	55,863		25,806		81,669		11,811,930
Intergovernmental revenue			<u></u>		· —		
Miscellaneous	20,101		584,344		604,445		117,482
Total operating revenue	60,309,928		13,047,355	-	73,357,283		12,423,558
Total operating revenue	00,507,720		13,017,333		73,337,203		12,123,330
Operating expenses:							
Personal services	5,693,629		4,447,142		10,140,771		623,219
Premiums	_		_		_		610,737
Professional and technical services	925,440		32,667		958,107		704,213
Property services	2,404,914		507,177		2,912,091		83,600
Other purchased services	811,826		322,404		1,134,230		113,101
Insurance claims	_		_		_		12,954,066
Purchase of water	20,750,908		_		20,750,908		_
Purchase of sewage treatment	12,183,605		_		12,183,605		_
Solid waste charges	_		3,834,170		3,834,170		
General administration	3,945,574		2,154,283		6,099,857		_
Franchise fees	2,938,825		621,861		3,560,686		_
BABIC program	466,666				466,666		_
Supplies	1,209,698		247,523		1,457,221		20,378
Depreciation	6,424,177		1,197,128		7,621,305		
Total operating expenses	57,755,262		13,364,355		71,119,617		15,109,314
Operating income (loss)	2,554,666		(317,000)		2,237,666		(2,685,756
Ionoperating revenues (expenses):							
Interest revenue	37,994		8,699		46,693		3,469
Interest revenue Interest expense and fiscal charges	(1,121,865)		(156,065)		(1,277,930)		3,407
Other non-operating charges	(61,955)		(12,242)		(74,197)		_
Gain from disposal of capital assets	2,512				108,813		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(1,143,314)		(53,307)		(1,196,621)		3,469
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers				_	1,041,045		,
meome (loss) before contributions and transfers	1,411,352		(370,307)		1,041,045		(2,682,287
Capital contributions	1,549,248		_		1,549,248		_
ransfers in	2,065,001		_		2,065,001		3,000,000
ransfers out	(1,000)		_		(1,000)		_
Change in net position	5,024,601		(370,307)		4,654,294		317,713
otal net position - October 1 (Restated - See Note 1B)	62,113,388		1,483,411				2,391,704
otal net position – September 30 \$	67,137,989	\$	1,113,104	- -		\$	2,709,417
adjustment to reflect the consolidation of Internal Service	Fund activities relat	ed to	Enterprise Funds		(412,138)	-	



Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds Year ended September 30, 2015

		Business	-typ	e activities-ente	rpri	se funds		
	_	Water and Sewer Fund		Solid Waste Fund		Total		Governmental Activities- Internal Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities:								
Cash received from customers	\$	57,361,830	\$	12,989,293	\$	70,351,123	\$	_
Cash received from service users				· · · —		· · ·		494,148
Cash received from city, employee and other contributions		55,863		25,806		81,669		11,929,410
Cash payments for goods and services		(44,891,592)		(7,049,575)		(51,941,167)		(1,400,639)
Cash payments to employees		(5,833,385)		(4,399,184)		(10,232,569)		(609,609)
Cash payments for claims		_						(12,696,378)
Cash received from miscellaneous revenues		20,101		_		20,101		_
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		6,712,817	-	1,566,340		8,279,157		(2,283,068)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:								
Transfers from other funds		28,245				28,245		3,000,000
Net cash used in noncapital financing activities	-	28,245	-			28,245		3,000,000
Cook flows from Francisco activities								
Cash flows from financing activities: Net proceeds from sale of capital assets		2.512		106,301		108,813		
Bond proceeds, other obligations, and accrued interest		2,512 2,476,425		920,131		3,396,556		_
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(3,326,108)		(521,683)		(3,847,791)		_
Increase in retainage payable		(3,326,108)		(321,083)		(13,035)		_
Principal paid on debt		(3,639,656)		(1,225,000)		(4,864,656)		_
Interest paid on debt		(1,691,557)		(1,223,000)		(1,865,775)		_
Fiscal charges and bond escrow payments				(174,218)		(74,197)		
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	-	(61,955)		(907,012)		(7,160,085)	_	
Net cash used in capital and related inflancing activities	-	(0,233,073)		(907,012)		(7,100,083)	_	
Cash flows from investing activities:								
Purchase of investment securities		(7,402,776)		1,694,307		(5,708,469)		1,400,000
Proceeds from sale and maturities of investments		10,851,674		_		10,851,674		
Interest received on investments		29,695		12,292		41,987		3,469
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	_	3,478,593		1,706,599		5,185,192	_	1,403,469
Net decrease in cash, restricted cash, and								
cash equivalents		3,966,582		2,365,927		6,332,509		2,120,401
Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents, October 1	_	6,631,225		2,595,107		9,226,332	_	2,120,371
Cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents, September 30	\$_	10,597,807	\$	4,961,034	\$	15,558,841	\$	4,240,772

Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds Year ended September 30, 2015

	_	Business	s-typ	e activities-ente	rprise	e funds		
	_	Water and Sewer Fund		Solid Waste Fund		Total	_	Governmental Activities- Internal Service Funds
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:								
Operating income (loss)	\$	2,554,666	\$	(317,000)	\$	2,237,666	\$	(2,685,756)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provide	ed							
by (used in) operating activities:								
Depreciation		6,424,177		1,197,128		7,621,305		_
Provision for uncollectible accounts		37,288		9,890		47,178		_
Changes in assets and liabilities:								
(Increase) decrease in trade accounts receivable (gross)		(2,907,407)		(42,534)		(2,949,941)		_
(Increase) decrease in other receivables		(247,878)		641,835		393,957		(117,005)
(Increase) decrease in deposits		(217,070)		011,033		373,737		(12,247)
(Increase) decrease in inventories		519		(16,996)		(16,477)		(40,305)
				` ' '				
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items		99,333		24,602		123,935		(2,039)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		663,094		21,069		684,163		173,734
Increase in unpaid claims liabilities		_		_		_		362,417
Increase in unearned revenue		_		_		_		24,523
Increase in deposits payable from restricted assets		273,233		_		273,233		_
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		(128,998)		33,335		(95,663)		5,911
Increase (decrease) in workers compensation		_		13,360		13,360		15,176
Increase (decrease) in post-employment benefits		159,430		152,307		311,737		8,479
Increase (decrease) in pension		(170,189)		(151,044)		(321,233)		(15,956)
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities		(44,451)		388		(44,063)		_
Total adjustments	_	4,158,151		1,883,340	_	6,041,491	_	402,688
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$_	6,712,817	= \$ =	1,566,340	\$	8,279,157	\$_	(2,283,068)
NY 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1								
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:		1 5 10 2 10	Φ.		Φ.	1.510.210	Φ.	
Contributions of capital assets from public	\$	1,549,248	\$	_	\$		\$	_
Issuance of refunding bonds		2,480,000		_		2,480,000		_
Refunded bonds		(2,815,000)		_		(2,815,000)		_
Construction payable		460,342		2,572		462,914		_
Transfer of capital assets from governmental activities		2,035,756		_		2,035,756		_
								Governmental Activities-
	_	Water and Sewer Fund		Solid Waste Fund		Total	_	Internal Service Funds
Reconciliation of cash, restricted cash, and cash equivalents to the								
statement of net position:								
Total unrestricted cash and investments per the statement of								
net position	\$	8,963,368		3,115,194	\$	12,078,562	\$	_
Total restricted cash and investments per the statement of		,,-		, -, -		, -,	-	
net position		9,038,814		1,845,840		10,884,654		4,240,772
Total cash and investments per the statement of net position	_	18,002,182		4,961,034	_	22,963,216	_	4,240,772
r		-, ,		, . ,		,,		, -,
Less investments not meeting the definition of cash equivalents	_	(7,404,375)			_	(7,404,375)	_	
Cash, restricted cash and cash equivalents as of September 30, 2015	\$	10,597,807	_\$_	4,961,034	\$	15,558,841	\$	4,240,772



Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year ended September 30, 2015

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Richardson, Texas (the City) is a municipal corporation governed by an elected governing board consisting of a mayor and six council members. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present the financial condition and results of operations and activities of the City for which it is considered to be financially accountable.

The accounting and reporting policies of the City relating to the funds included in the accompanying basic financial statements conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and applicable to state and local governments. These include those principles prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants as published in *Audits of State and Local Governments*.

Blended Component Unit. The Richardson Improvement Corporation (RIC) is a nonprofit corporation that serves the citizens of the City by improving municipal parks and recreational functions, facilitating real estate transactions and serving as an independent foundation for acceptance of corporate donations. The City provides all financial support to RIC and all members of its governing board are appointed by the City Council. Because the services that RIC provides exclusively benefits the City and the RIC operations are so intertwined with those of the City, RIC is in substance a department of the City and has been blended into the City's financial statements in the Other Governmental Funds category and reported as a Special Revenue Fund. Audited financial statements for RIC may be obtained by writing City of Richardson, Attn: Finance Director, PO Box 830309, Richardson, TX 75083-0309.

B. Implementation of New Accounting Statements

For fiscal year 2014-15, the City has implemented the following new statements of financial accounting standards issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27. GASB 68 establishes standards for pension accounting and financial reporting for governments ("employers") which sponsor pension benefits. Under GASB 68, the employer must report the net pension liability, pension expense and related deferred inflows and outflows of resources associated with providing retirement benefits to their employees (and former employees) in their basic financial statements. In addition, extensive note disclosures and related Required Supplementary Information are also required.

Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date, an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. GASB Statement 71 addresses paragraph 137 in GASB 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, concerning transition provisions related to certain pension contributions made to defined benefit pension plans prior to implementation of that Statement by employer and nonemployer contributing entities. The requirements of the Statement apply to all state and local governments that are required to apply the provisions of Statement 68 for defined benefit pensions.

The City's pension plan, Texas Municipal Retirement System "TMRS", did not provide member governments with beginning balances of deferred inflows or outflows of resources, which is permitted by GASB Statement 68. At the beginning of the initial period of GASB 68, the City removed the net pension obligation balance determined in accordance with Statement 27, as amended, from beginning net position and recorded the beginning net pension liability. Per the requirements of Statement 71, the City

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year ended September 30, 2015

recorded a beginning deferred outflow of resources for contributions made between the start of the measurement period of the pension system and the City's prior fiscal year-end. These two items result in an adjustment to beginning net position of the governmental activities and the business activities in the Government-Wide Financial Statements and the Statement of Revenues Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position—Proprietary Funds. Retroactively applying these changes results in the adjustment below:

	FUND L									
			Proprietary S	tatement of	Int	ernal Service	Stat	ement of		
	Government	t Wide	Revenues, Ex	penses and	I	Revenues, Ex	kpens	ses and		
	Statement of A	Activities	Changes In N	let Position	(Changes In N	Vet P	osition		
	Governmental	Business			(Central				
	Activities	Activities	Water/Sewer	Solid Waste	S	Services	I	nsurance		
Net position as of 10/1/14	\$ 130,477,773	\$ 66,145,288	\$ 63,384,065	\$ 2,663,846	\$	380,091	\$	2,120,427		
Change in reporting for net pension liability	(13,498,647)	(2,459,744)	(1,270,677)	(1,180,435)		(69,778)		(39,036)		
Net Position as Restated 10/1/14	\$ 116,979,126	\$ 63,685,544	\$ 62,113,388	\$ 1,483,411	\$	310,313	\$	2,081,391		

Statement No. 77, Tax Abatement Disclosures. GASB Statement 77 addresses financial reporting for tax abatement agreements entered into by state and local governments. It covers agreements that are entered into by the reporting government and agreements entered into by other governments that reduce the reporting government's tax revenues. The statement also defines tax abatements for financial purposes. The only effect of the implementation of this statement on the financial statements is additional footnote disclosures. See Note 14.

C. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Statements

The two government-wide financial statements, the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, report information on all the activities of the City. Governmental activities, which include those activities primarily supported by taxes or intergovernmental revenue, are reported separately from business-type activities, which generally rely on fees and charges for support. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the extent to which the direct expenses of a given program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific program. Program revenues include charges to customers and applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given program. They also include operating grants, capital grants, and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements The City segregates transactions related to certain functions or activities in separate funds in order to support financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Separate statements are prescribed for governmental activities and for proprietary activities. These statements present each major fund as a separate column on the fund financial statements, while all nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year ended September 30, 2015

Governmental funds are those funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The measurement focus of governmental funds is on the sources, uses, and balance of current financial resources. The City has presented the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. The General Fund is the main operating fund of the City. The fund is used to account for all the financial resources that are not accounted for in other funds. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not restricted by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures, fixed charges and capital improvement costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the General Fund.

Debt Service Fund. The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of principal, interest and related costs on general long-term debt paid primarily from taxes levied by the City. The fund balance of the Debt Service Fund is restricted to signify the amounts are exclusively for debt service expenditures.

Capital Fund. The Capital Fund is used to account for funds expended for capital improvements, including streets and thoroughfares, parks and other recreational facilities, buildings and public facilities, drainage improvements, and for the purchase of capital equipment. Funding sources include the proceeds of general obligation bonds and certificates of obligation issued by the City, as well as intergovernmental revenues and contributions.

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The accounting objectives are determinations of net income, financial position and cash flows. All assets and liabilities of the proprietary funds are included in the Statement of Net Position. The City has presented the following major proprietary funds:

Water and Sewer Fund. The Water and Sewer Fund is used to account for the provision of water and sewer services to the residents of the City. Activities of the fund include administration, billing and collection activities, and the operations, maintenance, and construction of the water and sewer systems. The fund also accounts for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of long-term principal and interest for water and sewer debt. All costs are financed through charges to utility customers with rates reviewed regularly and adjusted if necessary to ensure the integrity of the system.

Solid Waste Fund. The Solid Waste Fund is used to account for the operations of solid waste collection and disposal and recycling services provided to the residents of the City. The fund also accounts for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of long-term principal and interest for solid waste debt. All costs are financed through charges to the utility customers.

The City also reports Internal Service Funds that are used to account for warehouse, mail services, and records management operations provided to City departments, and health insurance provided to employees, dependents, and retirees.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for the proprietary funds include the cost of personal and contractual services, supplies, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year ended September 30, 2015

Statement of Cash Flows

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the Enterprise and Internal Service Funds consider all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. Because the City, at its option, can withdraw amounts on a daily basis from TexPool, TexSTAR, Texas Daily, Lone Star, Federated and Invesco Money Market Mutual Funds, these investments are also considered to be cash equivalents.

D. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus refers to what is being measured; basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide statements and fund financial statements for proprietary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The economic resources measurement focus means all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the Statement of Net Position and the operating statement presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned, including unbilled water, sewer, and solid waste collection services. Expenses are recognized at the time the liability is incurred.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual, that is, when they are "measurable and available." "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined, and "available" means collectible within the current period. The City considers all revenues available if they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. A 30-day availability period is used for revenue recognition for all governmental fund type revenues, except fines and forfeitures, which are accrued using a 45-day availability period, and for grants, which are accrued as revenue as soon as all applicable eligibility requirements have been met.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for outstanding principal and interest on general long-term debt which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences, postemployment benefits, and claims and judgments, which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, franchise fees, sales tax revenues, fines and forfeitures, drainage fees, and interest revenue. Licenses and permits, recreation and leisure fees, public safety, and other revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

The City reports unavailable revenue in its governmental funds. Unavailable revenues arise when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues arise when the City receives resources before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant moneys are received prior to the incidence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met or when the City has a legal claim to the resources, revenue is recognized.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year ended September 30, 2015

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position

Deposits and Investments

The City maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds.

The Legislature for the state of Texas has enacted and regularly amends the Public Funds Investment Act (Investment Act) that governs items such as investment strategies and policies, training for investment officers, quarterly reporting, and types of investments allowed. The City has developed an Investment Policy that is annually reviewed and approved through resolution by the City Council that is in compliance with the Investment Act. Accordingly, the City is authorized to invest in (1) obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities, including letters of credit; (2) direct obligations of the state of Texas or its agencies and instrumentalities; (3) obligations of state agencies, cities, and other political subdivisions of any state rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm not less than "A" or its equivalent, and other obligations, the principal and interest of which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the state of Texas, or the United States, or its instrumentalities; (4) Joint Investment Pools of political subdivisions in the state of Texas, which comply with the guidelines stated in the City's investment policy; (5) Certificates of Deposit issued by state or national banks and credit unions domiciled in Texas that are guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or secured by obligations mentioned above; (6) fully collateralized direct repurchase agreements having a defined termination date; and (7) no-load money market mutual funds, regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission, with a dollar-weighted average stated maturity of 90 days or fewer, and includes in its investment objectives the maintenance of a stable net asset value of \$1 for each share.

The City is not authorized by its investment policy to invest in banker's acceptances, "bond" mutual funds, collateralized mortgage obligations of any type, and commercial paper, with the exception that the City may invest in local government investment pools and money market mutual funds that have commercial paper as authorized investments.

Investment transactions are conducted through the depository bank. The City's safekeeping agent holds all securities in the City's name.

For fiscal year 2015, the City invested in U.S. Agencies, a U.S. Treasury, TexPool, TexSTAR, Lone Star, Texas Daily, Federated Money Market Funds, Invesco Money Market Funds, LegacyTexas Money Market Funds and Certificates of Deposit. The City records all interest revenue related to investment activities in the respective funds.

The City accounts for its investments in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools. Investments that have a remaining maturity at the time of purchase of over one year are recorded at fair value based on quoted market prices. Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties. Investments with a remaining maturity at time of purchase of one year or less are recorded at amortized cost. For these investments, amortized cost approximates fair value.

TexPool and TexSTAR were created to conform to the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code, and the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. The fair value of positions in TexPool or TexSTAR is the same as the value of the pool shares. Texas Daily was created in 2000 to allow Texas local governments and school districts to pool their

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year ended September 30, 2015

funds for investment. Lone Star was created in 1991 by the Texas Association of School boards (TASB) Financial Services. On March 1, 2004, TASB Financial Services became First Public.

For TexPool, the State's Comptroller of Public Accounts is the sole officer, director, and shareholder of the Texas Treasury Safekeeping Trust Company (Trust Company), which is authorized to operate TexPool. Pursuant to the TexPool participation agreement, administrative and investment services to TexPool are provided by Federated. The Comptroller maintains oversight of the services provided by TexPool. The TexPool Advisory Board, composed equally of participants in TexPool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with TexPool, acts as advisor on TexPool's Investment Policy.

J.P. Morgan Asset Management, Inc. (JPMAM) and First Southwest Asset Management, Inc. (FSAM) serve as coadministrators for TexSTAR under an agreement with the TexSTAR board of directors (the Board). The Board is composed of five members, three are representatives of participants in TexSTAR and the other two members are designated by each of the coadministrators. The Board manages the business and affairs of TexSTAR in accordance with its bylaws.

Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (the current portion of interfund loans) or "advance to/from other funds" (the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied on October 1 and are due and payable on or before January 31 of the following year. All unpaid taxes become delinquent February 1 of the following year. City property taxes are billed and collected by Dallas County or Collin County depending on the county in which the property is located. City property tax revenues are recognized in the period for which they are collected. An allowance is established for delinquent taxes to the extent that their collectability is improbable.

The Statutes of the State of Texas do not prescribe a legal debt limit; however, Article XI, Section 5 of the Texas Constitution applicable to cities with a population of more than 5,000, limits the ad valorem tax rate to \$2.50 per \$100 assessed valuation. For the year ended September 30, 2015, the City's tax rate was \$0.63516.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories

Inventory consists primarily of supplies, valued at cost, which approximates market. Cost is determined using a weighted-average method. The cost of inventories is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased. Accordingly, fund balance is classified as nonspendable for an amount equal to inventory to signify those funds are not available for expenditure.

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year ended September 30, 2015

Property held for Redevelopment

During FY 2012 the City acquired land which is being held for future economic development. The land was recorded at a net realizable value of \$274,020.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, including public domain assets such as roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems, and water and sewer systems, are recorded in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and in the fund financial statements of the proprietary funds. All assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. The City capitalizes net interest costs as part of the cost of constructing various water and sewer projects when material. In fiscal year 2015, \$442,321 of net interest costs were capitalized in the Water and Sewer Fund. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized, but are recorded as expenditures/expenses as incurred.

Assets are capitalized that have an original cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life of more than one year. Depreciation has been calculated on each class of depreciable property using the straight-line method, with one-half year's depreciation in the year of acquisition. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Land improvements	10 - 50 years
Water and Sewer System	10 - 50 years
Buildings	10 - 50 years
Other improvements	5-50 years
Infrastructure	10 - 50 years
Vehicles, machinery and equipment	3-20 years

Asset Impairments and Insurance Recoveries

The City has recorded insurance recoveries related to the impairment of capital assets as Program Revenue at the government-wide level, as Other Financing Sources in the Governmental Funds and as Other Nonoperation Revenues in the Enterprise Funds. For the year ended September 30, 2015, the City received \$189,910 in insurance recoveries.

Compensated Absences

The City allows employees to accumulate unlimited unused sick leave. Earned vacation time is generally required to be used within one year of accrual, although the City allows employees to carry up to 20 days of vacation time into the next year. Upon termination, the City pays nonretirees up to 22 days of accumulated sick leave and pays retirees up to 90 days of accumulated sick leave. Sick leave in excess of the 22-day maximum is not paid upon termination to nonretirees and will be paid only upon illness while in the employment of the City. Any accumulated vacation that was not taken due to work-related assignments is paid upon termination, with authorization by the City Manager or his designee. Compensated absences are only reported in Governmental Funds if they are pending maturities owed to separated employees at the end of the reporting period.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year ended September 30, 2015

Postemployment Benefits

The City provides postemployment healthcare benefits to all employees who retire from the City. All employees who are vested in the City's pension plan, Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS), are eligible for these benefits with 25 years or more of service, regardless of age, or with 5 years or more of service at age 60 and above. Coverage is also available to dependents or surviving spouses of retirees. The City subsidizes medical, dental, and hospitalization costs incurred by retirees and their dependents. Recommendations for plan benefits are presented to City Council for their approval during the annual budget process. The City's plan qualifies as a single-employer, defined benefit plan. Complete details of the plan are listed in note 16.

Long-Term Obligations

General Obligation Bonds and other debt issued for general government capital projects and acquisitions that are to be repaid from tax revenues of the City are recorded in the governmental activities column in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Debt issued to fund capital projects in the proprietary funds is recorded in the business-type activities column in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and in the proprietary fund Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts as well as deferred charges on refunded debt obligations are amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method in the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary funds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums and discounts.

In the governmental funds, bond premiums and discounts are recognized during the current period. Bond proceeds are reported as other financing sources, as are any applicable premium or discount. Issuance costs are expensed in the current period.

Classifications of Fund Balance

Restricted fund balances in the governmental funds are restricted to specific purposes that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments. Committed fund balances are amounts that can only be used for specific purposes with constraints imposed by the formal action of the City Council's adoption of an ordinance. Assigned fund balances are amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Assigned fund balances are determined by City management based on City Council direction, in accordance with financial policies adopted by resolution. Unassigned fund balance represents the amount that does not meet the criteria for restricted, committed, or assigned. Nonspendable fund balances represent amounts that cannot be spent because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained.

The City considers an expenditure to be made from the most restrictive resources/funds when more than one classification is available. This may result in certain special revenue funds reporting assigned residual balances if restricted or committed balances, which make up the majority of the fund's resources, have been exhausted.

The General Fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds it is not appropriate to report a positive unassigned fund balance amount. However, in governmental funds other than the general fund, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts that are restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance in that fund.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year ended September 30, 2015

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position and or Balance Sheet will sometimes report a separate section of deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditure) until then. The deferred outflows of resources are reported in the government-wide statement of net position for governmental and business activities and the fund level for the proprietary statement of net position. The City has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. First, the deferred charge on refunded debt results from the difference in the carrying value of the refunded debt and its reacquisition price. The amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. Second, the City's pension plan contributions made from the measurement date of the pension plan to the current fiscal year end are deferred and will be recognized in the subsequent fiscal year. Third, the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments are deferred and recognized as pension plan expense over a closed five-year period as required by GASB 68.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position and or Balance Sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenues) until that time. The City has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. At the governmental fund level, revenues that have been billed but not yet collected are reported as unavailable revenues. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period they become available to the City. A deferred inflow of resources is recognized in the government-wide statement of net position for governmental and business activities and the fund level for the proprietary statement of net position for the difference between the expected experience and the actual experience in the actuarial measurement of the total pension liability not recognized in the current year. The amount is deferred and amortized over a period of years determined by the plan actuary. The amortization period is based on the estimated average remaining service lives of employees that are provided with a pension through the pension plan (active and inactive employees) for the City determined as of the beginning of the measurement date.

Minimum Fund Balance Policy

It is the desire of the City to maintain adequate fund balance in the General Fund in order to maintain liquidity and in anticipation of economic downturns or natural disasters. The City Council has adopted a financial policy to maintain a minimum fund balance of 60 days of budgeted expenditures in the General Fund.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balance of any debt used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, plus any unspent debt proceeds. The government-wide statement of net position reports \$15,975,729 of restricted net position, of which \$9,159,486 is restricted by enabling legislation.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year ended September 30, 2015

2. Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

A. Explanation of Certain Differences between the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position

The governmental funds Balance Sheet includes reconciliation between fund balances – total governmental funds and net position – governmental activities as reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. One element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, accrued interest, and related deferred charges, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds." The details of the \$322,907,551 are as follows:

Bonds payable	\$201,229,259
Notes payable and other contractual obligations	45,338,940
Less issuance discount (to be amortized as interest expense)	(27,613)
Add issuance premium (to be amortized as interest expense)	15,978,292
Less deferred charges on refunding (to be amortized as interest expense)	(2,140,575)
Accrued interest payable	4,494,889
TMRS Pension liability	25,807,113
Postemployment liability	21,121,673
Compensated absences	10,957,614
Workers' compensation liability	147,959
Net adjustment to reduce fund balances – total governmental	\$322,907,551

B. Explanation of Certain Differences between the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-Wide Statement of Activities

The governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances includes a reconciliation between net change in fund balances – total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide Statement of Activities. One element of this reconciliation explains that the "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this \$17,919,582 difference are as follows:

Capital outlay	\$ 38,419,304
Depreciation expense	(20,499,722)
Net adjustment to increase in fund balances -total governmental fu	nds
to arrive at changes in net position of governmental activities	\$ 17,919,582

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year ended September 30, 2015

Another element of the reconciliation states "The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases, and notes) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is originally issued, whereas these amounts are amortized in the Statement of Activities." The details of the \$7,267,383 are as follows:

Debt issued or incurred:	
General obligations, certificates of obligation, and refunding bonds	\$ (56,455,000)
Notes payable and other contractual obligations	(10,654,140)
Add premium	(5,099,464)
Add deferred charges on refunding	214,138
Principal repayments:	
General obligation bonds	13,440,343
Refunded general obligations	44,525,000
Certificates of obligation	5,860,000
Notes payable and other contractual obligations	901,740
Net adjustment to decrease fund balance – total governmental funds	
to arrive at changes in net position of governmental activities	\$ (7,267,383)

Another element of the reconciliation states, "Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of the \$2,261,370 are as follows:

Amortization of bond premium	\$ 1,282,532
Amortization of bond discount	(1,805)
Amortization of deferred charge on refunded bonds	(303,334)
Transfer to Water Sewer Fund - Infrastructure costs	(2,035,756)
Accrued interest	(1,108,803)
Pension expenses	1,907,290
Other postemployment benefits	(1,710,679)
Compensated absences	(404,185)
Workers' compensation	 113,370
Net adjustment to decrease fund balance - total governmental	
funds to arrive at changes in net position of governmental activities	\$ (2,261,370)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year ended September 30, 2015

Detailed Notes

3. Deposits and Investments

Deposits – The City maintained the following deposit balances:

	Bank balance	Book balance
Financial institution:		
Legacy - City	\$ 4,048,588	\$ 6,193,363
Legacy - RIC	57,860	56,925
Frost – City	120,274	120,274
Legacy - Money Market	4,000,822	4,000,822
Independent Bank - CD	8,034,548	8,034,548
Texas Term - CD	3,968,000	3,968,000
Petty cash	<u>N/A</u>	13,440
Total	\$ 20,230,092	\$ 22,387,372

Investments – The City maintained the following investment balances at year-end:

	_	Fair value	Weighted average maturity (days) (1)
Investment type:			
Federal Home Loan Bank – Bonds	\$	20,134,128	50
Texas Daily		10,931,708	7
TexStar		7,005,252	6
TexPool		5,142,493	4
Lone Star		6,041,575	4
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association – Bonds		3,001,599	4
Federal National Mortgage Corporation – Bonds		3,003,971	1
Federated Government Agency Money Market Fund		489,852	_
Invesco Government Agency Money Market Fund	_	413,287	_
Total fair value	\$ _	56,163,865	
Portfolio weighted average maturity			76

(1) Amounts shown as zero are less than one day.

The amounts for the Investment Pools (Texpool, Texstar, Lone Star and Texas Daily) and the Money Market Funds (Invesco and Federated) are included for financial reporting purposes in cash and cash equivalents on the Statement of Net Position.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year ended September 30, 2015

Credit Risk – Investments. The City's investment policy requires that joint investment pools maintain a continuous rating no lower than AAA or AAA-m or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating agency, and that obligations of states, agencies, cities, or other political subdivisions of any state be rated no less than A or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating agency. The City's investment policy has no other restrictions relating to credit ratings that would limit its investment options. Moody's has rated investments in Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal National Mortgage Association and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, as AAA as of September 30, 2015. Standard & Poor's has rated investments in TexPool, TexSTAR, Lone Star, Texas Daily, Invesco Money Market Funds, and Federated Money Market Funds as AAA-m as of September 30, 2015.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits and Investments. For deposits, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City's investment policy follows state statutes, which require that all deposits in financial institutions be fully collateralized or insured. For investments, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of a counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's investment policy requires that all investments held by outside parties for safekeeping be held in the name of the City. The City was not exposed to any custodial credit risk during the year.

Interest Rate Risk – **Investments.** In accordance with its investment policy, the City manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its operating portfolio to one year or less. The maximum weighted average maturity for the City's composite portfolio is three years.

Concentration of Credit Risk – Investments. The City's investment policy does not place a limit on the amount the City may invest in a single issuer, except that the City may not invest more than 25% in an individual investment pool or money market mutual fund. At September 30, 2015, the City's direct investments are in the Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Federal National Mortgage Association. These investments are 26%, 4%, and 4% respectively, of the City's total investments.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year ended September 30, 2015

4. Receivables

Receivables at September 30, 2015, for the government's individual major governmental funds, nonmajor funds, and internal service funds in the aggregate, and for individual major business-type funds, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, consist of the following:

Governmental Receivables

				Other			Total
				Go	vernmental	Go	vernmental
	General	Cap	ital fund		funds		funds
\$	1,202,650	\$	_		\$ —	\$	1,202,650
,	2,570,889		_		_		2,570,889
•	3,938,515		91,006		4,870,591		8,900,112
	85,498		173				85,671
	6,900		616,160		28,812		651,872
,	7,804,452		707,339		4,899,403		13,411,194
(1,093,698)				(3,867,468)		(4,961,166)
\$	6,710,754	\$	707,339	\$	1,031,935	\$	8,450,028
	\$	2,570,889 3,938,515 85,498	\$ 1,202,650 \$ 2,570,889 3,938,515 85,498 6,900 7,804,452 (1,093,698)	\$ 1,202,650 \$ — 2,570,889 — 3,938,515 91,006 85,498 173 6,900 616,160 7,804,452 707,339 (1,093,698) —	General Capital fund \$ 1,202,650 \$ — 2,570,889 — 3,938,515 91,006 85,498 173 6,900 616,160 7,804,452 707,339 (1,093,698) —	General Capital fund Governmental funds \$ 1,202,650 \$ — \$ — 2,570,889 — — 3,938,515 91,006 4,870,591 85,498 173 6,900 6,900 616,160 28,812 7,804,452 707,339 4,899,403 (1,093,698) — (3,867,468)	General Capital fund Governmental funds Governmental funds \$ 1,202,650 \$ — \$ — \$ — 2,570,889 — — — 3,938,515 91,006 4,870,591 4,870,591 85,498 173 6,900 616,160 28,812 7,804,452 707,339 4,899,403 (1,093,698) — (3,867,468)

Business-Type Receivables

						Total		
	V	Water and			Βι	isiness-type]	Internal
		Sewer	S	olid Waste		activities		Service
Receivables:						_		
Trade accounts	\$	8,157,983	\$	1,227,634	\$	9,385,617		\$ —
Other		590,062		39,734		629,796		117,005
Interest		6,700		<u> </u>		6,700		
Gross receivables		8,754,745		1,267,368		10,022,113		117,005
Less allowance for uncollectibles		(127,162)		(41,346)		(168,508)		
				_		_		
Net receivables	\$	8,627,583	\$	1,226,022	\$	9,853,605	\$	117,005

The Water and Sewer and Solid Waste trade accounts receivable include unbilled charges for services rendered through September 30, 2015.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year ended September 30, 2015

5. Restricted Assets

Enterprise Funds

At year-end, the following were the restricted assets in the Enterprise Funds:

-	Water and Sewer Fund	 Solid Waste Services Fund	 Total
Debt service – Sinking Fund \$	470,634	\$ 173,134	\$ 643,768
Customers' deposits	2,936,938		2,936,938
Rate stabilization	2,158,614	_	2,158,614
Capital Project and Equipment Funds	3,472,778	 1,672,706	 5,145,484
Total Restricted Assets \$	9,038,964	\$ 1,845,840	\$ 10,884,804

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year ended September 30, 2015

6. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2015 was as follows:

	Beginning balance October 1,				Ending balance September 30,
	2014	 Increases	 Decreases		2015
Governmental activities:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated		10.001.100		Φ.	5.4.5.4.3 0 5
Land \$, ,	\$ 13,824,422	\$	\$	74,564,297
Construction in progress	28,321,326	 20,379,425	 (24,547,795)		24,152,956
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	89,061,201	 34,203,847	 (24,547,795)		98,717,253
Capital assets, being depreciated					
Buildings	137,380,102	191,128	_		137,571,230
Improvements other than buildings	75,859,762	4,147,472	(6,680)		80,000,554
Vehicles, machinery, and equipment	46,508,709	3,118,229	(1,136,671)		48,490,267
Infrastructure	429,962,263	 21,098,708	 		451,060,971
Total capital assets, being depreciated	689,710,836	 28,555,537	 (1,143,351)		717,123,022
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	55,352,206	3,686,824	_		59,039,030
Improvements other than buildings	43,350,723	3,263,360	(6,680)		46,607,403
Vehicles, machinery, and equipment	30,957,668	3,362,907	(1,136,671)		33,183,904
Infrastructure	284,473,755	 10,186,631	 		294,660,386
Total accumulated depreciation	414,134,352	 20,499,722	 (1,143,351)		433,490,723
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	275,576,484	 8,055,815	 		283,632,299
Governmental activities capital assets, net \$	364,637,685	\$ 42,259,662	\$ (24,547,795)	\$	382,349,552

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year ended September 30, 2015

	Beginning balance October 1,			Ending balance September 30,
Business-type activities:	2014	Increases	Decreases	2015
• •				
Capital assets, not being depreciated	Φ 422.510	Ф	¢	ф 422.510
Land	\$ 423,510	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 423,510
Construction in progress	2,572,359	3,202,451	(2,455,141)	3,319,669
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	2,995,869	3,202,451	(2,455,141)	3,743,179
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Buildings	9,885,373	-	-	9,885,373
Improvements other than buildings	193,870	90,153	-	284,023
Vehicles, machinery, and equipment	30,047,380	1,002,104	(462,665)	30,586,819
Infrastructure	196,618,284	6,035,551		202,653,835
Total capital assets, being depreciated	236,744,907	7,127,808	(462,665)	243,410,050
Less accumulated depreciation, for:				
Buildings	5,205,797	240,082	-	5,445,879
Improvements other than buildings	79,620	14,170	-	93,790
Vehicles, machinery, and equipment	22,463,925	1,584,458	(462,665)	23,585,718
Infrastructure	111,168,162	5,782,595		116,950,757
Total accumulated depreciation	138,917,504	7,621,305	(462,665)	146,076,144
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	97,827,403	(493,497)		97,333,906
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 100,823,272	\$ <u>2,708,954</u>	\$ <u>(2,455,141</u>)	\$ 101,077,085

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Year ended September 30, 2015

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the City as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	4,770,143
Public safety		2,528,484
Public services		9,059,673
Library		405,602
Parks and recreation		3,706,000
Health		29,820
Depreciation expense – governmental activities	\$_	20,499,722
Business-type activities:		
Water and Sewer	\$	6,424,177
Solid Waste		1,197,128
Depreciation expense - business activities	\$	7,621,305

7. Construction Commitments

Outstanding commitments at September 30, 2015, under authorized construction contracts for the Capital Fund, Water and Sewer Fund and Solid Waste Fund, were \$6,821,928, \$1,033,959 and \$70,124, respectively. These outstanding commitments will be financed by proceeds from bond issues and from revenues such as participation revenue from other governments or developers and operating revenues dedicated to street maintenance.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year ended September 30, 2015

8. Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

There was an interfund balance at September 30, 2015 between the Federal Grant Fund and the General Fund for \$26,724 and \$1,618 between the State Grant Fund and the General Fund. These interfund balances were due to timing of receipts from the granting agencies for amounts spent in advance by the grant programs. Individual fund transfers for fiscal year 2014-2015 were as follows:

	Transfers Out											
	Governmental activities		Governmental funds						Enterprise funds		-	
				General Fund	<u>C</u>	apital Fund		Other Governmental Funds	W	ater/Sewer Fund		Total
Transfers in:												
General	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	669,550	\$	-	\$	669,550
Debt Service		-		-		7		-		1,000		1,007
Capital		-		3,669,563		-		3,922		-		3,673,485
Other												
Governmental		-		1,152,391		1,006,628		-		-		2,159,019
Insurance Fund		-		3,000,000		-		-		-		3,000,000
Water/Sewer		2,035,756	_		_	29,245	-			<u>-</u>	_	2,065,001
Total	\$	2,035,756	\$	7,821,954	\$_	1,035,880	\$	673,472	\$	1,000	\$_	11,568,062

Governmental Activities Transfer Out:

• \$2,035,756 for Water/Sewer Infrastructure projects accepted through TIF Funds.

General Fund Transfers Out:

- \$3,669,563 to the Capital Fund to be used for future capital improvements and street rehabilitation.
- \$542,391 to the Economic Development Fund for funding of economic development projects.
- \$610,000 to the Golf Fund to provide support during the closure of Course #1.
- \$3,000,000 to the Insurance Fund for CORPlan additional funding.

Capital Fund Transfers Out:

- \$7 to the Debt Service for residual funds
- \$926,628 to the Economic Development Fund for economic development projects.
- \$80,000 to the RIC to maintain financial support for the RIC.
- \$29,245 to the Water/Sewer Fund for developer participation payment

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year ended September 30, 2015

Other Governmental Funds Transfers Out:

- \$100,000 to the General Fund from the Child Safety Fund to support the school crossing guard program.
- \$550,000 to the General Fund from the Wireless Fund to support the expenses of the 911 Call Center
- \$19,550 to the General Fund from the RIC for Park and Recreation programs.
- \$3,922 to the Capital Fund from the Drainage fund for a drainage capital project.

Water/Sewer Transfer Out:

• \$1,000 to Debt Service Fund for maintaining a pledge to pay the principal and interest for the 2014 Certificate of Obligations.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year ended September 30, 2015

9. Long-Term Obligations

The following is a summary of financial obligations for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015:

	Balance					
	beginning of	_	_	Balance	Due within	
	year	Increases	Decreases	end of year	one year	
Governmental-type activities:						
General obligation bonds	\$ 181,449,602	\$ 39,185,000	\$ (57,965,343)	\$ 162,669,259	\$ 13,989,847	
Certificates of obligation	27,150,000	17,270,000	(5,860,000)	38,560,000	5,870,000	
Bond discounts/premiums	12,131,942	5,101,269	(1,282,532)	15,950,679	1,499,619	
Total bonds payable	\$ 220,731,544	\$ 61,556,269	\$ (65,107,875)	\$ 217,179,938	\$ 21,359,466	
TIF obligation	31,964,048	9,619,370	(76,602)	41,506,816	-	
Other obligations	3,622,492	1,034,770	(825,138)	3,832,124	830,369	
Other postemployment benefits	19,556,195	3,426,806	(1,707,649)	21,275,352	-	
TMRS - pension liability	5,202,335	27,958,510	(7,126,424)	26,034,421	-	
Compensated absences	10,639,235	1,547,521	(1,137,426)	11,049,330	1,104,933	
Workers' compensation	261,329	138,987	(237,181)	163,135	163,135	
Unpaid claims liability	663,637	362,417		1,026,054	1,026,054	
Total governmental-type						
long-term liabilities	\$ 292,640,815	\$ 105,644,650	\$ (76,218,295)	\$ 322,067,170	\$ 24,483,957	
Business-type activities:						
General obligation refunding bonds	\$ 17,165,398	\$ 2,480,000	\$ (2,019,657)	\$ 17,625,741	\$ 2,245,153	
Certificates of obligation	35,075,000	3,155,000	(5,660,000)	32,570,000	2,650,000	
Bond discount/premiums	1,694,323	620,520	(234,463)	2,080,380	242,097	
Total bonds payable	\$ 53,934,721	\$ 6,255,520	\$ (7,914,120)	\$ 52,276,121	\$ 5,137,250	
Other postemployment benefits	2,887,236	563,981	(252,244)	3,198,973	-	
TMRS - pension liability	837,772	4,914,709	(1,176,000)	4,576,481	-	
Compensated absences	1,209,728	76,485	(172,148)	1,114,065	111,406	
Workers' compensation	11,384	43,986	(30,626)	24,744	24,744	
Total business-type			_		_	
long-term liabilities	\$ 58,880,841	\$ 11,854,681	\$ (9,545,138)	\$ 61,190,384	\$ 5,273,400	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year ended September 30, 2015

Bonds payable at September 30, 2015, are comprised of the following:

General Government

Bonds issued for the General Government are payable from the levy of property taxes assessed against taxable property within the City, as well as a limited pledge of revenues from the Water Fund.

	Interest Rate %	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Original Issue	Outstanding @ 9/30/15	Due Within One Year
General Obligation Bonds						
2015 Refunding	4.00 - 5.00	3/15/2015	2/15/2026	\$ 39,185,000	\$ 39,185,000	\$ -
2013 Refunding	1.50 - 5.00	3/15/2013	2/15/2025	18,000,000	17,870,000	1,965,000
2012 Refunding	2.00 - 4.00	3/15/2012	2/15/2023	6,270,000	4,930,000	625,000
2011 Refunding	Adjustable	6/14/2011	6/15/2023	6,039,620	1,954,259	1,314,847
2010 Ref. & Imp.	2.00 - 5.00	6/15/2010	2/15/2030	73,000,000	65,435,000	2,060,000
2010 Ref. & Imp Golf	3.00 - 5.00	6/15/2010	2/15/2021	4,365,000	2,900,000	410,000
2009 Refunding	2.00 - 5.00	4/15/2009	2/15/2019	14,460,000	5,085,000	1,315,000
2006 Ref. & Imp.	4.50 - 5.25	7/01/2006	2/15/2026	79,440,000	21,635,000	5,620,000
Total general obligation bonds	s - tax exempt				158,994,259	13,309,847
Taxable General Obligation Bonds						
2010A Taxable Refunding	1.15 - 4.05	6/15/2010	2/15/2020	6,105,000	3,675,000	680,000
Total general obligation bonds	- taxable				3,675,000	680,000
Total governmental-type gene	ral obligation, ta	xable and tax e	exempt bonds		162,669,259	13,989,847
Certificates of Obligations						
2015A Certificates	2.00 - 5.00	3/15/2015	2/15/2035	3,695,000	3,695,000	665,000
2014B Certificates	Adjustable	12/22/2014	6/15/2022	11,425,000	11,425,000	-
2014A Certificates	Adjustable	8/26/2014	6/15/2009	5,600,000	5,600,000	-
2014 Certificates	0.75 - 2.00	4/01/2014	2/15/2022	6,900,000	4,565,000	2,450,000
2013 Certificates	1.50 - 4.00	3/15/2013	2/15/2033	4,290,000	2,715,000	830,000
2012 Certificates	2.00 - 4.00	3/15/2012	2/15/2032	5,775,000	3,175,000	920,000
2011 Certificates	2.00 - 3.25	4/01/2011	2/15/2019	3,085,000	105,000	25,000
2010 Certificates	2.00 - 4.00	6/15/2010	2/15/2025	7,520,000	3,205,000	365,000
2009 Certificates	2.50 - 3.80	4/15/2009	2/15/2023	5,370,000	1,430,000	235,000
2008 Certificates	3.50	4/15/2008	2/15/2016	4,500,000	295,000	295,000
Total certificates of obligation	- tax exempt				36,210,000	5,785,000
Taxable Certificates of Obligation						
2015B Certificates	0.90 - 4.00	3/15/2015	2/15/2035	2,150,000	2,150,000	60,000
2012A Certificates	1.63 - 3.00	3/15/2012	2/15/2022	275,000	200,000	25,000
Total certificates - taxable					2,350,000	85,000
Total governmental-type cert	38,560,000	5,870,000				
Add unamortized premium Less:					15,978,292	1,501,476
Unamortized discount					(27,613)	(1,857)
Total general government bo	\$ 217,179,938					
i otai generai government bo	φ 217,179,938	\$21,359,466				

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year ended September 30, 2015

Business-Type Activities

Bonds issued for business-type activities are secured by a pledge of the property tax levy of the City, but are Self-supporting Obligations which are paid from the respective net revenues of each activity.

	Interest Rate %	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Original Issue	Outstanding @ 9/30/15	Due Within One Year
Water and Sewer:						
General Obligation Bonds:						
2015 Refunding	3.00 - 5.00	3/15/2015	2/15/2026	2,480,000	\$ 2,480,000	\$ -
2013 Refunding	1.50 - 5.00	3/15/2013	2/15/2025	2,720,000	2,590,000	240,000
2012 Refunding	2.00 - 4.00	3/15/2012	2/15/2024	8,575,000	6,835,000	810,000
2011 Refunding	Adjustable	6/14/2011	6/15/2023	620,380	215,741	145,153
2010 Refunding	4.00 - 5.00	6/15/2010	2/15/2030	4,080,000	2,665,000	390,000
2009 Refunding	2.00 - 5.00	4/15/2009	2/15/2020	5,685,000	2,575,000	610,000
Total water and sewer gene	ral obligation b	onds			17,360,741	2,195,153
Certificates of Obligations:						
2015A Certificates	2.00 - 5.00	3/15/2015	2/15/2035	2,305,000	2,305,000	50,000
2013 Certificates	1.50 - 4.00	3/15/2013	2/15/2033	3,025,000	2,815,000	*
2011 Certificates	2.00 - 3.25	4/01/2014	2/15/2031	3,500,000	3,080,000	*
2010 Certificates	2.00 - 4.00	6/15/2010	2/15/2030	7,210,000	5,640,000	
2009 Certificates	2.50 - 3.80	4/15/2009	2/15/2029	5,030,000	3,875,000	*
2008 Certificates	3.50 - 4.50	4/15/2008	2/15/2028	5,000,000	3,795,000	
2007 Certificates	4.00 - 4.50	4/15/2008	2/15/2027	5,000,000	3,570,000	
2006 Certificates	4.25 - 4.80	7/01/2006	2/15/2026	5,000,000	1,170,000	,
Total water and sewer certifi	cates of obligati	ion			26,250,000	1,555,000
Total water and sewer genera	al obligation ref	unding bonds	and certificates	of obligation	43,610,741	3,750,153
Solid Waste						
General Obligation Refunding Bon	ıds:					
2009 Refunding	1.50 - 4.00	4/15/2009	2/15/2021	480,000	265,000	50,000
Certificates of Obligations:						
2015A Certificates	2.00 - 5.00	3/15/2015	2/15/2023	850,000	850,000	85,000
2014 Certificates	0.75 - 2.00	4/01/2014	2/15/2022	955,000	855,000	110,000
2013 Certificates	1.50 - 4.00	3/15/2013	2/15/2021	1,000,000	775,000	120,000
2012 Certificates	2.00 - 3.00	3/15/2012	2/15/2021	865,000	560,000	105,000
2011 Certificates	2.00 - 3.25	4/01/2011	2/15/2020	1,380,000	765,000	180,000
2010 Certificates	2.00 - 4.00	6/15/2010	2/15/2019	3,575,000	2,135,000	310,000
2009 Certificates	2.50 - 3.00	4/15/2009	2/15/2025	1,400,000	380,000	185,000
Total solid waste certificates	of obligation				6,320,000	1,095,000
Total solid waste general obl	ligation refundin	ng bonds and c	ertificates of o	bligation	6,585,000	1,145,000
Add unamortized premium					2,157,885	246,418
Less: Unamortized discount					(77,505	(4,321)
Total business type general obligation	on refunding bo	nds and certific	cates of obligat	ion	\$ 52,276,121	\$ 5,137,250

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year ended September 30, 2015

Debt Service Requirements

Debt service requirements at September 30, 2015 for General Obligation Bonds and Certificates of Obligation are as follows:

		Governmental activities			Business-	typ	e activities
		Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest
Year ending September 30:	_						_
2016	\$	19,859,847	\$	8,984,656	\$ 4,895,153	\$	1,903,721
2017		20,939,412		7,791,127	5,100,588		1,651,479
2018		21,125,000		6,938,484	4,870,000		1,478,136
2019		21,635,000		6,042,431	4,885,000		1,293,804
2020		21,605,000		5,118,391	4,490,000		1,117,191
2021-2025		63,565,000		14,739,338	16,620,000		3,384,218
2026-2030		31,230,000		3,781,139	7,750,000		932,000
2031-2035	_	1,270,000		101,675	1,585,000	_	96,930
Totals	\$	201,229,259	\$	53,497,241	\$ 50,195,741	\$	11,857,479

General Obligation Refunding Bonds

As part of the City's debt management practices, the City defeased certain General Obligation Refunding and Improvement Bonds and Certificates of Obligation and placed the proceeds in an irrevocable trust for all future debt service payments on the previously issued bonds. Accordingly, the related trust assets and liabilities for the defeased bonds are not included in the City's financial statements. At September 30, 2015, there was \$40,315,000 of defeased bonds outstanding.

On March 15, 2015, the City issued \$41,665,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds with a true interest cost of 1.88%. The bond proceeds were used to refund \$44,525,000 of General Obligation Bonds, \$2,815,000 of Certificates of Obligation and pay costs associated with the issuance of the bonds. The refunded debt resulted in cash flow savings of \$7,336,187 with a net present value benefit of \$5,988,829. The City recorded a \$768,022 deferred charge on the refunding, which will be amortized over the life of the new debt.

Certificates of Obligation

On December 22, 2014 the City issued \$11,425,000 in Adjustable Rate Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligations, Series 2014B with a variable interest rate. The \$11,425,000 in certificates were issued for the benefit of the Capital Fund. Proceeds from the sale of the certificates, net of issuance costs of \$62,225 will be used for the acquisition of public park land and open space.

On March 15, 2015, the City issued \$6,850,000 of Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2015A with a true interest cost of 2.45%. The Water/Sewer Fund issued \$2,305,000 in Certificates, the Solid Waste Fund issued \$850,000 in Certificates and \$3,695,000 in Certificates were issued for the benefit of the Capital Fund. Proceeds from the sale of the Certificates, net of issuance costs of \$91,485 will be used for constructing, improving, renovating, and equipping park and recreation facilities, firefighting facilities, animal service facilities and fleet service facilities, acquiring equipment and vehicles for, police, fire, streets, traffic and transportation, animal services, parks and recreation, municipal library, health, solid waste departments and the municipal golf course, constructing, improving and renovating

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year ended September 30, 2015

streets, alleys, culverts and bridges, including drainage, landscaping, screening walls, curbs, gutters, sidewalks, signage and traffic signalization incidental thereto and the acquisition of and rights-of-way therefor, improving and extending the City's water and sewer system.

On March 15, 2015 the City issued \$2,150,000 of Taxable Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2015B with a true interest cost of 3.57%. The \$2,150,000 in certificates were issued for the benefit of the Capital Fund. Proceeds from the sale of the Certificates, net of issuance costs of \$45,352 will be used for golf course renovations.

Compensated Absences, Workers' Compensation, Postemployment Benefits, and Arbitrage Rebate Liability

Governmental-type activities record liabilities for compensated absences, workers' compensation claims, and retiree postemployment costs at the government-wide statement level. Generally, the liabilities for compensated absences, workers' compensation claims, and retiree postemployment costs are paid from the General Fund. Liabilities for the Business-type activities are recorded and liquidated in the fund that incurs the liability.

10. Capital Leases and Other Contractual Obligations

The following is a summary of capital leases and other contractual obligation transactions of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015:

	Computer Hardware	Police Academy	CIS	Key Government Finance	Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts	Total
Balance at October 1, 2014	\$ 496,693	\$ 1,010,728	\$ 413,588	\$ -	\$ 1,701,483	\$ 3,622,492
Additions/adjustments Payments	560,785	(107,815)	(100,034)	473,985 (120,980)	(112,812)	1,034,770 (825,138)
Balance at September 30, 2015	\$ 673,981	\$ 902,913	\$ 313,554	\$ 353,005	\$ 1,588,671	\$ 3,832,124

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year ended September 30, 2015

Capital Lease

In January 2013, the City entered into a lease agreement with Dell Financial Services to finance the acquisition of computer equipment. The lease qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of inception. The City entered into another lease agreement with Dell in December 2014. This lease qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the minimum lease payments as of the date of inception. Leased equipment that meets the City's capitalization threshold of \$5,000 has been included in the capital assets at September 30, 2015. The details of the capital assets are:

	Governmental <u>activities</u>			
Total cost Less accumulated depreciation	\$ 590,481 (291,234)			
Bookvalue	<u>\$ 299,247</u>			

The following is a schedule of the lease payments required under the capital lease at September 30, 2015:

Fiscal year ending September 30	Governmental <u>activities</u>				
2016	\$	411,647			
2017		149,943			
2018		149,943			
Total minimum lease payments		711,533			
Less amount representing interest		(37,552)			
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	673,981			

Other Contractual Obligations

The City entered into an agreement with the City of Plano to develop a police academy to be used as a joint training facility. The City of Richardson and the City of Plano share the costs of improvements to the facilities.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year ended September 30, 2015

The following is a schedule of future debt maturities relating to these contractual obligations as of September 30, 2015:

	I	Principal Interest			Total		
Fiscal year ending September 30:							
2016		112,543		38,973		151,516	
2017		117,752		34,052		151,804	
2018		123,154		28,839		151,993	
2019		124,807		23,755		148,562	
2020		116,052		18,521		134,573	
2021 -2025		308,605		29,313		337,918	
Totals	\$	902,913	\$	173,453	\$	1,076,366	

Other Obligations

During FY 2009 the Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts notified the City regarding an error in sales tax payments made to the City. This error was the result of a local business reporting and paying taxes incorrectly to the State Comptroller from January 1998 through December 2005. The local sales tax overpayment to the City in the amount of \$2,143,331 was recorded as a liability and a reduction of sales tax revenue. The Comptroller's office has set up a 20-year payout arrangement and \$112,812 was paid in FY 2014-2015. The balance at September 30, 2015 was \$1,588,671.

In fiscal year 2015, the City financed \$496,845 with Key Government Finance for the purchase of citywide network enhancements to be paid in annual installments of \$124,211 beginning December 8, 2014 and ending in December 8, 2017.

During fiscal year 2009-2010, the City entered into an agreement with Computer Information Systems, Inc. (CIS) to purchase public safety records management software. The agreement requires annual installments of \$109,168 beginning October 1, 2010 and ending October 1, 2017. The balance at September 30, 2015 was \$313,554.

11. TIF - Economic Grants

The City has established three tax increment financing districts to facilitate new development and redevelopment within the community. Each district has a base year, and incremental property tax revenues exceeding the base year amount are collected into a special revenue fund. Additionally, other taxing entities may participate in the TIF districts. Each participating entity's governing body sets the percentage of increment that they will contribute to the TIF fund.

The City Council, upon recommendation of the Council-appointed TIF Board for each district, can enter into economic grant agreements with developers which utilize TIF funds. Unlike other contractual obligations, TIF grants are subject to availability of TIF funds, and any balance owed to a developer at the termination of the TIF district will no longer be considered an obligation of the City.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year ended September 30, 2015

The following table summarizes key statistics of each of the City's TIF districts.

	DISTRICT						
	1	2	3				
			-				
Tax Year Established	2006	2011	2011				
City's Participation	100%	66.67%	66.67%				
Other Tax Entities	Dallas County	Collin County	Collin County				
Participating	65%	50%	50%				
Tax Year Terminates	2031	2036	2036				

An infrastructure reimbursement grant and development agreement was entered into with the City and Centennial Park Richardson, Ltd. in September 2007. This agreement provides for an economic development grant of \$3,299,865 and a construction reimbursement grant of \$5,912,299 plus 7% interest compounded annually until paid in full or termination of the agreement. The company has qualified for both grants. Funding for this grant is contingent upon the availability of tax revenues in the TIF District #1 from Sub Area No. 2. Interest payments of \$453,548 were made during the fiscal year.

An economic development agreement was entered into with the City and SAF Collins Technology Park, LLC in April 2010. This agreement provides for a maximum grant amount of \$5,000,000 plus 7% interest compounded annually until paid in full or termination of the agreement. The company has qualified for the full grant amount. Funding is contingent upon the availability of tax revenues in the TIF District #1 from Sub Area No. 3, and from tax rebates on business personal property at the site. Interest payments of \$528,262 (\$342,596 from the TIF Fund and \$185,666 from operating funds) were made during the fiscal year. A principal payment in the amount of \$76,602 was made from the TIF Fund.

An infrastructure reimbursement grant and development agreement was entered into with the City and Bush/75 Partners, LP in December 2012. The Agreement was subsequently assigned to BCS TIF Zone Two, LP, the ultimate developer for the project. The agreement provides for the reimbursement of infrastructure projects with an estimated value of \$76,336,000 plus 5% interest annually until paid in full or termination of the agreement. The company has qualified for grants of \$25,887,154 to date. Funding is contingent upon the availability of tax revenues in the TIF District #2. Reimbursement lasts until paid in full or expiration of the TIF zone. Interest payments of \$765,745 were made during the fiscal year.

An infrastructure reimbursement grant and development agreement was entered into with the City and BC Station Partners L.P. in March 2015. This agreement provides for approximately \$49,158,000 plus 5% interest annually until paid in full or termination of the agreement. The company has qualified for grants of \$1,544,484 to date. Funding is contingent upon the availability of tax revenues in the TIF District #3.

An economic development agreement was entered into with the City and AGF Greenville II, Ltd. in April 2015. This agreement provides for a maximum grant amount of \$5,500,000 plus 4% interest annually until paid in full or termination of the agreement. The agreement provides for the reimbursement of eligible costs for the acquisition of the land and demolition of existing improvements on the land. The company has not qualified for any of the grant amount to date. Funding is contingent upon the availability of tax revenues in the TIF District #1 from Sub Area No. 1B and Sub Area No. 4.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year ended September 30, 2015

The following is a summary of the principal balance of the infrastructure reimbursement grants and development agreements associated with the Tax Increment Financing Districts:

		TIF DISTRICT 1		TIF DISTRICT 2		TIF DISTRICT 3			
	(Centennial Park		Collins Tech Park		BCS TIF Zone 2	ВС	CP TIF LLC Zone 3	 Total
Balance as of October 1, 2014	\$	9,212,164	\$	4,939,616	\$	17,812,268	\$	-	\$ 31,964,048
Additions/adjustments		-		-		8,074,886		1,544,484	9,619,370
Payments		-		(76,602)		<u> </u>		-	 (76,602)
Balance as of September 30, 2015	\$	9,212,164	\$	4,863,014	\$	25,887,154	\$	1,544,484	\$ 41,506,816

Other Information

12. Risk Management

The City maintains a self-insured program for workers' compensation. The City utilizes TRISTAR Risk Management as the third party administrator for this program. During fiscal year 2014-2015, a total of \$123,279 was paid in administrative costs that were recorded as an expenditure/expense in the General Fund, Special Revenue Non-Major Fund - Golf, Proprietary Funds and Central Services Fund. In addition, claims and benefits paid in the amounts of \$234,920, \$2,261, \$30,626 and \$32,273 have been recorded as expenditures/expenses in the General Fund, Special Revenue Non-Major Fund – Golf, Proprietary Funds and the Central Services Fund, respectively.

The City also maintains a self-insured medical program known as "CORPlan" which is accounted for as an Internal Service Fund. This program provides participants with unlimited health benefit coverage. The City purchases commercial insurance for claims in excess of \$350,000 for each employee in a plan year. In fiscal year 2014-2015, the City received refunds from the commercial insurance carrier in the amount of \$133,285.

All funds with full-time employees participate in the program and make payments to the Insurance Fund based on estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims. Accounting standards require that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and that the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. The City's consultant estimated the liability to be \$1,026,054 for unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses at September 30, 2015. The liability for unpaid claims includes the effects of specific incremental claims, adjustment expenses, and if probable and material, salvage and subrogation. The City currently does not discount its unpaid claims liabilities.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year ended September 30, 2015

Reconciliation of Unpaid Claims Liabilities

		2015		2014
Incurred claims and claim adjustment expenses:				_
Unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses at beginning of year	\$	663,637	\$	700,000
Incurred claims and claim adjustment expenses:				
Provision for insured events of the current year		13,640,117		10,734,796
Increase (decrease) in prior year provision		231,125		(271,662)
Total incurred claims and claim adjustment expenses		14,534,879		11,163,134
Payments:				
Claims and claim adjustment expenses attributable				
to insured events of the current year		12,614,063		10,071,159
Claims and claim adjustment expenses attributable				
to insured events of prior years		894,762		428,338
Total payments		13,508,825		10,499,497
Total unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses at end of year	\$ <u></u>	1,026,054	\$ <u></u>	663,637

13. Interfund Charges

The City allocates a percentage of the salaries and wages and related costs of personnel who perform general and administrative services for various funds but are paid from the General Fund. During the year ended September 30, 2015, the City allocated \$8,127,712 for such services.

14. Tax Abatement

Tax Abatements and Economic Incentives:

The City enters into economic development agreements designed to promote development and redevelopment within the City, spur economic improvement, stimulate commercial activity, generate additional sales tax and enhance the property tax base and economic vitality of the City. These programs abate or rebate property taxes and sales tax, and also include incentive payments and reductions in fees that are not tied to taxes. The City's economic development agreements are authorized under Chapter 380 of the Texas Local Government Code and Chapter 311 (Tax Increment Financing Act) and 312 (Property Redevelopment and Tax Abatement Act) of the Texas Tax Code. Recipients may be eligible to receive economic assistance based on the employment impact, economic impact or community impact of the project requesting assistance. Recipients receiving assistance generally commit to building or remodeling real property and related infrastructure, demolishing and redeveloping outdated properties, expanding operations, renewing facility leases, or bringing targeted businesses to the City. Agreements generally contain recapture provisions which may require repayment or termination if recipients do not meet the required provisions of the economic incentives.

The City has four categories of economic development agreements:

• <u>Home Improvement Incentive Program</u> – The purpose of this program is to provide an economic incentive under Chapter 380 of the Texas Local Government Code to encourage reinvestment in residential neighborhoods. The property owner commits to making at least \$20,000 in improvements

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year ended September 30, 2015

to the residential property within 24 months of entering into the agreement. A one-time incentive payment equal to 10 times the amount of the increase in City taxes will be paid to the property owner based on the property's pre-construction and post-construction appraised value. The City provided \$517,145 in incentive payments under this program in fiscal year 2015.

- <u>Tax Abatements</u> Tax Abatements under Chapter 312 of the Texas Tax Code allow the City to designate tax reinvestment zones and negotiate tax abatement agreements with applicants. These abatement agreements authorize the appraisal districts to reduce the assessed value of the taxpayer's property by a percentage specified in the agreement, and the taxpayer will pay taxes on the lower assessed value during the term of the agreement. Property taxes abated under this program were \$3,563,325 in fiscal year 2015.
- General Economic Development The City enters into various agreements under Chapter 380 of the Texas Local Government Code to stimulate economic development. Agreements may rebate a flat amount or percentage of property taxes or sales tax received by the City, may result in fee reductions such as utility charges or building inspection fees, or make lump sum payments to offset moving expenses, tenant finish-outs, demolition costs, infrastructure reimbursements, redevelopment costs or other expenses. For fiscal year 2015, the City rebated \$790,110 in taxes, reduced fees by \$2,880,640, and made incentive payments of \$926,628 under these agreements. Additionally, the City deeded land valued at \$2,221,107 for use by a developer in a targeted catalyst project to spur future redevelopment of its central corridor. In addition to financial incentives, the City has committed to construct drainage improvements for one property owner and relocate a water line for one property owner to facilitate new construction.
- Tax Increment Financing The City has adopted three Tax Increment Financing zones (TIFs) under Chapter 311 of the Texas Tax Code. The City enters into economic development and infrastructure reimbursement agreements which earmark TIF revenues for payment to developers and represent obligations over the life of the TIF or until all terms of the agreements have been met. These obligations are more fully described in Note 11. Additionally, the City enters into general economic development agreements under Chapter 380 of the Texas Local Government Code which are funded with TIF resources. The City made \$1,638,491 in payments for TIF obligations and \$99,254 in property tax rebates from general TIF resources.

15. Contingent Liabilities

Litigation

Various claims and lawsuits are pending against the City. In the opinion of City management and the City's attorneys, the potential loss on all claims and lawsuits will not be significant to the City's financial statements.

Grant Audit

The City receives federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by federal and state agencies. Such audits could result in a request for reimbursement by the federal and state agencies for expenditures disallowed under the terms and conditions of the grant agreements of the appropriate agency. In the opinion of the City management, such disallowance, if any, will not be significant to the City's financial statements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year ended September 30, 2015

16. Postemployment Benefits

A. Retiree Health Benefits

Plan Description

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 17, the City provides postemployment health-care benefits, in accordance with City policy. All employees who are vested in the City's pension plan, Texas Municipal Retirement System, are eligible for these benefits with 25 years or more of service, regardless of age, or with 5 years of service at age 60 and above. Coverage is also available to dependents or surviving spouses of retirees. Coverage for retirees age 65 and over is provided through a separate, fully insured plan. At September 30, the City had 231 retirees and an additional 190 active employees that are eligible to retire. The City subsidizes medical, dental, and hospitalization costs incurred by retirees and their dependents. Recommendations for plan benefits are presented to City Council for their approval during the annual budget process. The City's plan qualifies as a single-employer, defined benefit plan and is accounted for in the City's Insurance fund as well as the Water and Sewer, Solid Waste, and Central Services funds. A separate financial statement is not issued for the plan.

Contributions

Effective January 1, 2014, the City contributed \$200 each month to the plan on behalf of each retiree. This amount is capped at that level by council action. Sample contribution rates for retirees under age 65 and their dependents are based on the length of service of the retiree and are shown below.

	Under 15		<u>15 – 19</u>		20+	
Years of service:						
Retiree only	\$	893	\$	648	\$	353
Retiree/spouse		1,786		1,206		626
Surviving spouse		982		712		442

Contributions to the plan are designed to fund the plan on a pay-as-you-go basis. The City may choose to fund additional amounts to increase the reserves of the Insurance Fund. These amounts would not reduce the actuarial liability of the plan, but would offset a portion of the other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability in the fund financial statements. For the year ended September 30, 2015, the City contributed \$557,738 and plan participants contributed \$665,595.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year ended September 30, 2015

Schedule of Actuarial Liabilities and Funding Progress

Actuarial valuations involve the use of estimates and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future, including, but not limited to, assumptions about length of employee service, mortality rates, and future costs of healthcare. The valuation will be updated at least every two years and actual results will be compared with past expectations. As a result of these comparisons, new estimates and assumptions will be made about future results of the plan. Valuations are made based on the benefits in place at the time of the valuation. Any changes in the benefits offered or the contribution rates would impact future valuations. Actuarial techniques include smoothing mechanisms that take a long-term approach in the valuation of assets and liabilities of the plan and are designed to reduce short-term volatility in the measurement of these assets and liabilities.

Actuarial valuation date	12/31/2014
Actuarial-cost method	Projected unit credit
Amortization method	Level percent of payroll
Remaining amortization period	30 years – open period
Asset-valuation method	Amortized cost
Inflation rate	3.0%
Investment rate of return	4.5%
Payroll growth	3.0%

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year ended September 30, 2015

	2015	2014	2013
Annual OPEB cost:			
Annual required contribution (ARC)	\$ 2,980,	833 \$ 2,607,834	\$ 2,531,878
Interest on net OPEB obligation	1,009,	953 943,293	904,662
Adjustment to the ARC	(935,	<u>712</u>) <u>(873,951</u>)	(838,158)
Annual OPEB cost	3,055,	074 2,677,176	2,598,382
Contributions made	(1,024,	<u>(1,195,816)</u>	(1,739,893)
Net OPEB obligation	2,030,	894 1,481,360	858,489
Net OPEB obligation, October 1	22,443,	431 20,962,071	20,103,582
Net OPEB obligation, September 30	\$ 24,474,	<u>325</u> \$ <u>22,443,431</u>	\$ 20,962,071
Percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed	33.	.5% 44.7%	67.0%
Funding progress:			
Actuarial valuation date	12/31/14	4	
Actuarial value of assets	\$ -		
Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	36,378,	434	
Funded ratio	-	<u> </u>	
Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	36,378,		
Annual covered payroll	65,295,		
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	55.7	11%	

The Schedule of Postemployment Healthcare Benefits, which is found in the Required Supplementary Information immediately following the Notes to the Financial Statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

COBRA Benefits

Under the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA), the City makes health care benefits available to eligible former employees and eligible dependents. The federal government outlines certain requirements for this coverage. The premium plus a two percent administration fee is paid in full by the insured on or before the tenth (10th) day of the month for the actual month covered. This program is offered for 18 months after the employee's termination date. The City makes no contribution under this program. There was one participant in the program as of September 30, 2015.

17. Pension Benefits

Plan Description

The City of Richardson participates as one of 860 plans in the joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit pension plan administered by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS). TMRS is an agency created by the State of Texas and administered in accordance with the TMRS Act, Subtitle G, Title 8, Texas Government Code (the TMRS Act) as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for municipal employees in the State of Texas. The TMRS Act places the general administration and

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Year ended September 30, 2015

management of the System with a six-member Board of Trustees. Although the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoints the Board, TMRS is not fiscally dependent on the State of Texas. TMRS's defined benefit pension plan is a tax-qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. TMRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that can be obtained at www.tmrs.com.

All eligible employees of the city are required to participate in TMRS.

Benefits Provided

TMRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit options are adopted by the governing body of the city, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS.

At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employee's contributions, with interest, and the city-financed monetary credits with interest were used to purchase an annuity. Members may choose to receive their retirement benefit in one of seven payments options. Members may also choose to receive a portion of the employee's contributions as a Partial Lump Sum Distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24, or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed 75% of the member's deposits and interest.

Plan provisions for the City are as follows:

Employee deposit rate 7% of Earnings

City matching rate 200%

Vesting period 5 Years

Retirement years (age/years of service) 60/5, Any/25

Updated service credit 50% (Repeating)

Annuity increase (to retirees) 50% of the change in CPI Repeating

Additional information related to the TMRS Plan is located in the TMRS CAFR.

Employees covered by benefit terms

Total

At the December 31, 2014 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	587
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	319
Active employees	964

70 (Continued)

1,870

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year ended September 30, 2015

Contributions

The contribution rates for employees in TMRS are either 5%, 6% or 7% of employee gross earnings, and the city matching percentages are either 100%, 150% or 200%, both as adopted by the governing body of the city. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each city is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amounts necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employees for the City of Richardson were required to contribute 7% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the City of Richardson were 14.29% and 13.80% in calendar years 2014 and 2015, respectively. The City's contributions to TMRS for the year ended September 30, 2015, were \$9,092,062, and were equal to the required contributions.

Net Pension Liability

The City's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2014, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions:

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation was determined using the following assumptions:

Inflation 3.0% per year Overall payroll growth 3.0% per year

Investment Rate of Return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, and beneficiaries were based on the gender-distinct RP2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table, with male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103%. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by scale BB to account for future mortality improvements. For disabled annuitants, the gender-distinct RP2000 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table is used, with slight adjustments.

Actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2014, valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The experience study in TMRS was for the period January 1, 2006 through December 31, 2009, first used in the December 31, 2010 valuation. Healthy post-retirement mortality rates and annuity purchase rates were updated based on a Mortality Experience Investigation Study covering 2009 through 2011 and dated December 31, 2013. These assumptions were first used in the December 31, 2013 valuation, along with a change to the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. Assumptions are reviewed annually. No additional changes were made for the 2014 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.0%. The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the TMRS Board of Trustees. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income, in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TMRS.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year ended September 30, 2015

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long- Term Expected Real Rate of Return (Arithmetic)					
Domestic Equity	17.50 %	4.80 %					
International Equity	17.50	6.05					
Core Fixed Income	30.00	1.50					
Non-Core Fixed Income	10.00	3.50					
Real return	5.00	1.75					
Real Estate	10.00	5.25					
Absolute Return	5.00	4.25					
Private Equity	5.00	8.50					
Total	100.00 %						

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 7.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute, and was projected over a period of 100 years. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

Sensitivity of Discount Rate

The following table presents the sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to changes in the discount rate when calculating it at 1-percentage-point-lower (6%) and 1-percentage-point-higher (8%).

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount

1% Decrease 6.00%	Current Single Rate Assumption 7.00%	1% Increase 8.00%
\$92,125,246	\$30,610,902	(\$20,211,275)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year ended September 30, 2015

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of Texas Municipal Retirement System "TMRS" (including additions to/deductions from the TMRS's Fiduciary Net Position) have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TMRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. The Pension Plan Trust Fund is maintained on the accrual basis of accounting. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately-issued TMRS financial report. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.tmrs.com.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year ended September 30, 2015

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

Current Period

	Increase (Decrease)
Total pension liability	<u> </u>
Service Cost	\$ 8,595,083
Interest (on the Total Pension Liability)	30,001,418
Change of benefit terms	-
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	(142,357)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(20,245,744)
Net change in total pension liability	18,208,400
Total pension liability - beginning	434,417,023
Total pension liability - ending (A)	\$ 452,625,423
Plan fiduciary net position	
Contributions - employer	\$ 9,312,812
Contributions - employee	4,541,066
Net investment income	23,194,326
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(20,245,744)
Administrative Expense	(242,173)
Other	(19,911)
Net change in plan fiduciary net positon	16,540,376
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	405,474,145
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (B)	\$ 422,014,521
Net pension liability (A) - (B)	\$ 30,610,902
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	93.24%
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 64,872,361
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	47.19%

The net pension liability and the total pension liability were calculated by Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Company ("GRS"). The measurement date and the actuarial valuation date was December 31, 2014.

Changes impacting the Net Pension Liability

The TMRS Board adopted a target investment rate of return of 6.75% at its July 2015 board meeting. It is unknown at this time the exact amount the Net Pension Liability will change, except that the Net Pension Liability is expected to increase.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year ended September 30, 2015

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended September 30, 2015 the City recognized pension expense of \$6,943,410.

At September 30, 2015, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 erred Outflows f Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ -		\$ (113,665)	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	4,151,091		-	
Employer's Contributions to the pension plan subsequent to the measurement date	 6,723,634			
Total	\$ 10,874,725	\$	(113,665)	

Of the \$10,874,725 total for deferred outflows of resources, \$6,723,634 from City contributions made subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending 9/30/2016. The remainder of the total net deferred outflows/inflows of resources, \$4,037,426, related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	outfle	Net deferred outflows (inflows) of resources				
2016	\$	1,009,081				
2017		1,009,081				
2018		1,009,081				
2019		1,010,183				
Total	\$	4,037,426				



Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund Year Ended September 30, 2015

	.	_								Variance with Final Budget-
	Budget Original	ed a	mounts Final	-	Actual GAAP Basis		Adjustments	Actual Budge Basis	t	Positive
Revenues:	Originai		rinai		Dasis		Budget Basis	Dasis	_	(Negative)
General property taxes \$	40.683.401	\$	40,305,768	\$	39,702,983	\$	_ 9	39,702,983	\$	(602,785)
Franchise fees	15,246,937	Ψ	15,149,693	Ψ	15,359,146	Ψ		15,359,146	Ψ	209,453
Sales tax	29,223,403		29,821,665		31,064,708		(112,812)	30,951,896		1,130,231
Mixed beverage and bingo tax	460,759		540,439		523,105		(112,612)	523,105		(17,334)
911 revenue	1,219,764		1,211,097		1,208,719		_	1,208,719		(2,378)
Intergovernmental revenue	1,219,704		1,211,097		71.790		_	71,790		71,790
Licenses and permits	2,312,148		3,120,648		3,379,890			3,379,890		259,242
Fines and forfeitures	4,195,872		3,955,078		3,888,879		(43.000)	3,845,879		(109,199)
Interest revenue	54,409		70,195		80,351		(43,000)	80,351		10,156
Civic center use	317,417		300,000		299,655		_	299,655		(345)
Recreation and leisure	4,168,560		4,018,986		4,096,379		_	4,096,379		77,393
										,
Public safety	1,856,409		2,118,135		2,434,315		_	2,434,315		316,180
Other revenue	1,137,070		1,489,955		896,050		_	896,050		(593,905)
General administration	8,635,800		8,810,911		8,127,712		_	8,127,712		(683,199)
Contributions	100 511 040		110.012.570		79,783		(155.912)	79,783	_	79,783
Total revenues	109,511,949		110,912,570		111,213,465		(155,812)	111,057,653	_	145,083
Expenditures:										
Current:										
General government	29,081,966		29,271,907		26,938,966		9,194	26,948,160		2,323,747
Public safety	43,351,896		43,129,028		42,327,220		22,771	42,349,991		779,037
Public services	16,664,470		16,717,187		17,895,720		253,837	18,149,557		(1,432,370)
Library	3,351,941		3,223,397		3,162,266		(484)			61,615
Parks and recreation							` '	3,161,782		,
	11,893,500		11,810,210		11,610,749		(148,984)	11,461,765		348,445
Public health	1,733,425		1,714,029		1,640,950		(1,380)	1,639,570		74,459
Capital outlay	_		_		133,278		_	133,278		(133,278)
Debt service:					0.124		(0.124)			
Interest and fiscal charges	_		_		9,134		(9,134)	_		_
Payments for other obligations					212,846		(212,846)		_	
Total expenditures	106,077,198		105,865,758		103,931,129		(87,026)	103,844,103	_	2,021,655
Excess of revenues over expenditures	3,434,751		5,046,812		7,282,336		(68,786)	7,213,550		2,166,738
	-, - ,	•	- //-		., . ,	•	(_	
Other financing sources (uses):										
Transfers in	_		_		669,550		_	669,550		669,550
Transfers out	(3,036,954)		(5,521,954)		(7,821,954)		_	(7,821,954)		(2,300,000)
Insurance recoveries					189,910		_	189,910		189,910
Sale of capital assets	_		_		84,243		_	84,243		84,243
•				•					_	
Total other financing sources and (uses)	(3,036,954)		(5,521,954)		(6,878,251)	-		(6,878,251)	_	(1,356,297)
Net change in fund balance	397,797		(475,142)		404,085		(68,786)	335,299		810,441
Fund balances, October 1	17,567,108		18,856,597		19,335,549		(250,911)	19,084,638	_	228,041
Fund balances, September 30 \$	17,964,905	\$	18,381,455	\$	19,739,634	\$	(319,697)	19,419,937	\$	1,038,482

Required Supplementary Information Year Ended September 30, 2015

Schedule of Postemployment Health Care Benefits Funding Progress

		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	_
المستوالة	Cit	Actuarial	Actuarial	Funded	Unfunded AAL	Annual	UAAL as a percentage of
Actuarial valuation date	City Fiscal Year	value of assets	accrued liability (AAL)	ratio (a)/(b)	(UAAL) (b)-(a)	covered payroll	covered payroll (d)/(e)
10/1/2007	2008	<u> </u>	\$ 80,705,746			51,033,789	158.14%
10/1/2008	2009	_	47,029,210	_	47,029,210	52,621,488	89.37
10/1/2008	2010	_	60,896,447	_	60,896,447	53,511,198	113.80
12/31/2009	2011/2012	_	60,087,217	_	60,087,217	58,679,443	102.40
12/31/2012	2013	_	30,657,050	_	30,657,050 (1) 60,109,888	51.00
12/31/2012	2014	_	30,657,050	_	30,657,050	62,548,315	49.01
12/31/2014	2015	_	36,378,434	_	36,378,434	65,295,964	55.71

Schedule of Employer Contributions - Postemployment Health Care Benefits

Year ended September 30	 Annual required contributions	Percentage contributed (2)	Net OPEB obligation
2008	\$ 6,983,793	23%	\$ 5,377,196
2009	3,536,996	39	7,552,269
2010	4,728,225	31	11,883,416
2011	5,134,291	20	16,049,315
2012	5,288,320	24	20,103,582
2013	2,531,878	69	20,962,069
2014	2,607,834	46	22,443,431
2015	2,980,833	34	24,474,325

- (1) Effective January 1, 2014, the City began providing health benefits for its post-65 retirees through a separate, fully insured plan. The City provides a \$200 monthly subsidy for retirees with over 20 years of service. The monthly subsidy of \$200 was capped at that level through Council action. Pre-65 retirees have the choice of three self-insured health plans beginning on January 1, 2014.
- (2) Due to changes in healthcare regulations at the national level, the City has chosen to only fund amounts needed to satisfy current year claims at this time. Once provisions of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act have been fully implemented and the national environment stabilizes the City will reevaluate funding strategies.

Required Supplementary Information Year Ended September 30, 2015

Required Supplementary Information - Pensions

Schedule of Contributions Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2014	2015
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 9,277,774	\$ 9,092,062
Contributions in relation to the actuarially		
determined contribution	(9,320,390)	(9,092,062)
Contributions deficiency (excess)	\$ (42,616)	\$ -
Covered employee payroll	\$ 64,560,755	\$ 65,295,964
Contributions as a percentage of covered		
employee payroll	14.44%	13.92%

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Valuation Date: Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as

of December 31 and become effective in January, thirteen

months later.

Notes

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level Percentage of Payroll

Remaining Amortization Period 16 years, Closed

Asset Valuation Method 10 Year smoothed market, 15% soft corridor

Inflation 3.00%

Salary Increases 3.50% to 12% including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 7.00%

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the

City's plan of benefits. Last updated for the 2010 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2005 - 2009.

Mortality RP2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar

Adjustment with male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103% and projected on a fully

generational basis with scale BB.

Other Information:

Notes There were no benefit changes during the year.

Note: The City implemented GASB 68 in FY 2015, therefore the required information for this

schedule will be built over the next nine years.

Required Supplementary Information Year Ended September 30, 2015

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS Last 10 Years

	2014
Total pension liability	
Service Cost	\$ 8,595,083
Interest (on the Total Pension Liability)	30,001,418
Changes of benefit terms	_
Difference between expected and actual experiences	(142,357)
Change of assumptions	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(20,245,744)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	18,208,400
Total Pension Liability-Beginning	434,417,023
Total Pension Liability Ending (A)	\$452,625,423
Total Tension Ending (A)	ψ 432,023,423
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	
Contributions - Employer	\$ 9,312,812
Contributions - Employee	4,541,066
Net Investment Income	23,194,326
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(20,245,744)
Administrative Expense	(242,173)
Other	(19,911)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	16,540,376
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	405,474,145
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (B)	\$422,014,521
Net Pension Liability - Ending (A-B)	\$ 30,610,902
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as Percentage of Total Pension Liability	93.24%
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 64,872,361
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	47.19%

Note: The City implemented GASB 68 in FY 2015, therefore the required information for this schedule will be built over the next nine years.

Notes To Required Supplementary Information September 30, 2015

(A) Budgetary Information

As set forth in the City Charter, the City Council adopts annual budgets for the General Fund, the Debt Service Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Enterprise Funds, and Internal Service Funds. These annual budget adoptions are prepared in accordance with the basis of accounting utilized by each fund. The budgets for the Enterprise Funds are prepared under a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, except that depreciation, certain capital expenses, nonoperating income and certain nonoperating expense items are not considered. The legal level of control for each budget is at the fund level. That is to say, that total expenditures for each fund should not exceed total budgeted expenditures for that fund. The City Council is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within and among departments and ratifies, through the Budget Ordinance, any transfers and/or amendments made by the City Manager. Subsequent to year-end, the Budget Department provides the City Council with updated reports that shows additional expenditures/expenses and compares unaudited actual results with the adopted budgets. The Solid Waste and Water and Sewer Funds include amounts for operations and debt service.

	_	Original budget	 Amended budget
General	\$	109,114,152	\$ 111,387,712
Debt Service		28,700,819	28,700,819
Water and Sewer		64,477,680	63,699,336
Solid Waste Services		14,446,025	14,657,616
Golf		2,106,155	1,983,744
Internal Service (Combined)		13,066,036	14,493,668
Special Police		55,000	111,125
State Grants			31,727
Federal Grants			347,592
Municipal Court Security		88,564	88,525
Traffic Safety		1,271,758	1,540,855
Wireless 911		471,000	571,000
Judicial Efficiency		9,400	7,900
Hotel/Motel Tax		5,885,846	6,162,701
Technology		78,753	60,253
Tax Increment Financing #1		1,340,742	1,736,600
Tax Increment Financing #2		771,826	765,745
Tax Increment Financing #3		26,023	15,413
Richardson Improvement Corp.		96,575	96,865
Franchise Peg Fund		64,000	60,995
Drainage Fee Fund		2,700,000	2,778,576

Notes To Required Supplementary Information September 30, 2015

Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

For the year ended September 30, 2015 expenditures exceeded appropriations in the Debt Service Fund. These expenditures were funded with the net proceeds received from the refunding bond issue. Expenditures for an equipment purchase, professional services fees and professional dues in the Special Police Funds caused expenditures to exceed appropriations by \$4,210. The PEG Fund expenditures exceeded appropriations by \$5,073 as a result of the purchase of additional computer equipment for video surveillance. These expenditures were authorized and funded with existing fund balance. The level of budgetary control is at the fund level for all City funds.

(B) Adjustment to Revenues, Expenditures and Other Financing Sources and Uses from GAAP Basis to Basis of Budgeting.

Excess of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses-GAAP basis	\$ 404,085
Beginning of year adjustment for encumbrances not recognized as expenditures	664,621
End of year adjustment for encumbrances not recognized as expenditures	(577,595)
Reduction in sales tax recognized for GAAP basis	(112,812)
Increase in fines and forfeitures recognized for GAAP basis	 (43,000)
Excess of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses-budget basis	\$ 335,299



Nonmajor Governmental funds September 30, 2015

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used by the City to account for revenues derived from specific intergovernmental grants, taxes, and proceeds that are designated to finance particular functions or activities of the City. The City has the following Special Revenue Funds:

State Grant Funds – This fund is used to account for restricted proceeds received from the state for various purposes. Funds are to be utilized in accordance with the respective requirements of each program.

Federal Grant Funds – These funds are used to account for restricted proceeds received from federal agencies for various purposes. Funds are to be utilized in accordance with the respective requirements of each program.

Municipal Court Building Security Fund – This fund is used to account for restricted proceeds received from Municipal Court fines for security expenditures as specified by state law.

Technology Fund – This fund is used to account for the Municipal Court technology fee charged to defendants convicted of misdemeanor offenses.

Judicial Efficiency Fund – This fund is used to account for special revenue to be used to improve the efficiency of the administration of justice in the City.

Tax Increment Financing Fund #1– In 2006, the City Council adopted a Tax Increment Financing Zone. Ad valorem taxes on incremental growth in real property values in the Zone are used to contribute to development in the Zone. The City established a special revenue fund, Tax Increment Financing #1, to record these financial transactions

Tax Increment Financing Fund #2 – In 2012, the City Council adopted a Tax Increment Financing Zone. Ad valorem taxes on incremental growth in real property values in the Zone are used to contribute to development in the Zone. The City established a special revenue fund, Tax Increment Financing #2, to record these financial transactions.

Tax Increment Financing Fund #3 – In 2012, the City Council adopted a Tax Increment Financing Zone. Ad valorem taxes on incremental growth in real property values in the Zone are used to contribute to development in the Zone. The City established a special revenue fund, Tax Increment Financing #3, to record these financial transactions.

Special Police Funds – These funds are used to account for restricted proceeds received from seizures and confiscations awarded to the City by the judicial system. Funds are to be utilized by the Chief of Police in accordance with state law.

Traffic Safety Fund – This fund is used to account for restricted revenues generated by the City's red light camera enforcement program. Funds are to be utilized for automated signal enforcement, public traffic or pedestrian safety programs, and traffic enforcement and intersection improvements.

Wireless 911 Fund – This fund is used to account for the wireless 911 revenue that is received from the state. Funds are to be spent in accordance with state law.

Nonmajor Governmental funds September 30, 2015

Hotel/Motel Tax Fund – This fund is used to account for the hotel/motel room tax and the operations of the Eisemann Center for the Performing Arts and Corporate Presentations. State law requires that hotel-motel room tax revenues be utilized for advertising and promotion of the City and other specified activities.

PEG Fund – This fund is used to account for restricted revenues received from state-issued cable/video franchises under the Texas Utilities Code. Revenues may be spent on capital cost items for PEG facilities that have a useful life of more than one year and are used in the production of programming for the PEG access channels.

Drainage Fund – This fund was established by the City Council's adoption of an ordinance in November 2011. It is used to account for drainage fee revenues collected. The committed funds are used to provide storm drainage services to all real property.

Richardson Improvement Corporation – The Richardson Improvement Corporation is a legally separate entity that acts, in essence, as a department of the City. The Corporation is a nonprofit entity that serves the citizens of the City by improving municipal parks and recreational functions, facilitating real estate transactions and serving as an independent foundation for acceptance of corporate donations.

Economic Development Fund – This fund was established by the City Council's adoption of an ordinance in September 2014 dedicating a ½ cent of the ad valorem tax rate for economic development.

Golf Fund – This fund was established to account for the revenues and expenditures of the City's golf course.

Budget to Actual Comparisons

These schedules present the budget to actual comparisons for funds with legally adopted budgets that have not been presented as part of the Required Supplementary Information. Each comparison schedule shows the original budget amounts, the final adopted budget amounts, and the actual financial results as presented in the financial statements. A column is provided to show unusual items or items that are recorded for GAAP purposes that would not be considered for budgetary purposes. In addition, the variance between the final adopted budget amounts and the actual amounts on a budget basis is presented.



Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds September 30, 2015

	Special Revenue Funds									
		Grant Funds (1)		Municipal Court Funds (1)		Tax Increment Financing Funds (1)		Special Police Funds		Traffic Safety Fund
Assets:										
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net of allowances) Prepaid items	\$	28,812	\$	376,961 —	\$	2,320,303	\$	393,950	\$	708,416 362,105
Total assets	\$	28,812	\$	376,961	\$	2,320,303	- \$	393,950	\$	1,070,521
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	470	\$	34	\$	_	\$	122,718	\$	74,620
Retainage payable		_		_		_		_		_
Accrued liabilities		_		_		_		_		410,101
Due to other funds		28,342		_		_		_		_
Unearned revenue		_		_		_		_		_
Total liabilities	-	28,812		34			_	122,718		484,721
Deferred inflows of resources										
Unavailable revenues	_	_		_		_	_			273,775
Total deferred inflows of resources	-						_			273,775
Fund balances:										
Nonspendable:										
Prepaid		_		_		_		_		_
Restricted for:										
General Government		_		131,336		2,320,303		_		_
Public safety		_		245,591		_		271,232		312,025
Committed for:										
Public Services		_		_		_		_		_
Assigned for:										
General government		_		_				_		_
Parks and recreation	_	_		_		_	_			
Total fund balances	-	_		376,927		2,320,303	_	271,232		312,025
Total liabilities, deferred inflows										
of resources, and fund balances	\$	28,812	\$ _	376,961	_ \$ _	2,320,303	\$	393,950	\$	1,070,521

⁽¹⁾ Combined fund statements presented. Detailed fund statements are found immediately following the combining nonmajor governmental funds statements.

Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds September 30, 2015

Special Revenue Funds

-	Wireless 911 Fund	Hotel/Motel Tax Fund	PEG Fund		Drainage Fund	Richardson Improvement Corporation	-	Economic Development Fund	Golf Fund	Total
\$	222,777 S	\$ 2,477,598 356,554 114,779	\$ 676,259 —	\$	3,097,112 \$ 250,305	56,925 — 2,512	\$	993,222 \$	171,718 \$ 34,159	11,495,241 1,031,935 117,291
\$	222,777	\$ 2,948,931	\$ 676,259	\$	3,347,417 \$		\$	993,222	205,877 \$	12,644,467
\$		\$ 207,381 — 125,481 — 381,665 714,527	\$ 2,451 	\$	196,602 \$ 59,524	8,363 — — — — — — — — — — 24,363	\$	450,000 \$	28,481 \$	1,091,120 59,524 545,162 28,342 397,665 2,121,813
- -					250,306 250,306		-			524,081 524,081
	_	114,779	_		_	2,512		_	_	117,291
	 222,777		673,808 —					543,222 —	_ _	3,668,669 1,051,625
	_	_	_		2,840,985	_		_	_	2,840,985
		2,119,625				32,562			 167,816	2,119,625 200,378
-	222,777	2,234,404	673,808	_ =	2,840,985	35,074	-	543,222	167,816	9,998,573
\$	222,777	\$ 2,948,931	\$ 676,259	\$_	3,347,417 \$	59,437	\$	993,222	205,877 \$	12,644,467

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Year ended September 30, 2015

					Special Rev	enı	ie Funds		
	Grant Funds (1)	_	Municipal Court Funds (1)		Tax Increment Financing Funds (1)		pecial Police Funds	. <u>-</u>	Traffic Safety Fund
Revenues:									
General property taxes \$	-	\$	-	\$	2,321,559	\$	-	\$	-
Hotel/motel tax	-		-		-		-		-
Drainage fees	-		-		-		-		-
Eisemann center revenue	-		-		-		-		-
Golf course revenue	-		-		-		-		-
Golf course restaurant	-		-		-		-		-
911 revenue	-		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental revenue	241,648		-		645,424		35,702		-
Franchise fees	-		-		-		-		-
Fines and forfeitures	-		142,513		-		13,303		1,416,401
Interest revenue	-		893		6,544		739		1,399
Contributions	-		-		-		-		-
Other revenue		_		_		_	77,984	_	
Total revenues	241,648	_	143,406	_	2,973,527		127,728	_	1,417,800
Expenditures:									
General government	-		60,672		3,710,071		-		_
Parks and recreation	-		-		-		-		-
Library	8,948		-		-		-		-
Public health	13,552		_		_		_		_
Public safety	164,236		84,020		-		15,335		1,416,025
Public services	-		-		-		-		-
General administration	_		_		150,000		_		_
Capital outlay	54,912		_		6,034,374		_		_
Debt service:	- ,-				-, ,-				
Interest and fiscal charges	_		_		1,561,889		_		_
Principal obligation payments	_		_		76,602		_		_
Total expenditures	241,648	_	144,692	_	11,532,936	_	15,335	-	1,416,025
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		_		_	,,	_		-	, -,
over (under) expenditures		_	(1,286)	_	(8,559,409)	_	112,393	_	1,775
Other financing sources (uses):									
Transfers in	_		_		_		_		_
Transfers out	_		_		(3,922)		(100,000)		_
Issuance of other obligations	_		_		9,619,370		(100,000)		_
Total other financing sources (uses)		_		_	9,615,448	_	(100,000)	-	
Net change in fund balances	-	_	(1,286)	_	1,056,039	_	12,393	_	1,775
Fund balance, October 1	_		378,213		1,264,264		258,839		310,250
Fund balance, October 1 Fund balance, September 30 \$		\$		\$		<u> </u>	271,232	\$	312,025
i and balance, peptention 50		Ψ	310,341	Ψ_	4,340,303	Ψ	411,434	Ψ	514,043

⁽¹⁾ Combined fund statements presented. Detailed fund statements are found immediately following the combining nonmajor governmental funds statements.

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Year ended September 30, 2015

Special Revenues

_	Wireless 911 Fund	Hotel/Motel Tax Fund	PEG Fund	Drainage Fund	Richardson Improvement Corporation	Economic Development Fund	Golf Fund	Total
\$	<u>-</u>	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	2,321,559
_	_	3,936,859	-	-	-	-	-	3,936,859
	_	-	-	2,702,431	-	_	-	2,702,431
	_	1,948,931	-	-	-	_	-	1,948,931
	_	-	-	-	-	-	1,180,623	1,180,623
	-	-	-	-	-	-	25,421	25,421
	522,743	_	-	-	-	-	- -	522,743
	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	922,774
	-	_	287,736	-	-	-	-	287,736
	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,572,217
	700	5,125	1,426	8,030	39	831	149	25,875
	_	-	-	-	19,550	-	-	19,550
	_	71,609	-	-	-	-	22,522	172,115
_	523,443	5,962,524	289,162	2,710,461	19,589	831	1,228,715	15,638,834
	- - - -	4,900,070 - - -	29,627 - - -	- - - -	- 74,985 - -	926,628 - - -	1,827,297 - -	9,627,068 1,902,282 8,948 13,552
	19,269	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,698,885
	-	-	-	342,204	-	-	-	342,204
	-	756,916	-	1,025,000	-	-	95,939	2,027,855
	-	13,994	36,441	1,245,208	-	-	-	7,384,929
	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,561,889
	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	76,602
-	19,269	5,670,980	66,068	2,612,412	74,985	926,628	1,923,236	24,644,214
_	504,174	291,544	223,094	98,049	(55,396)	(925,797)	(694,521)	(9,005,380)
	-	-	-	-	80,000	1,469,019	610,000	2,159,019
	(550,000)	-	-	-	(19,550)	-	-	(673,472)
_								9,619,370
_	(550,000)				60,450	1,469,019	610,000	11,104,917
	(45,826)	291,544	223,094	98,049	5,054	543,222	(84,521)	2,099,537
	268,603	1,942,860	450,714	2,742,936	30,020	-	252,337	7,899,036
\$	222,777	\$ 2,234,404	\$ 673,808	\$ 2,840,985	\$ 35,074	\$ 543,222	\$ 167,816 \$	9,998,573

 ${\bf Combining\ Balance\ Sheet-Nonmajor\ Governmental\ Funds-State\ and\ Federal\ Grant\ Funds-September\ 30,\ 2015}$

	Special Revenue Funds						
		State		Federal		_	
		Grant Funds		Grant Funds	-	Total	
Assets: Intergovernmental receivables Total assets		2,088 2,088	\$	26,724 26,724	\$.	28,812 28,812	
Liabilities: Accounts Payable Due to other funds Total liabilities	\$	470 1,618 2,088	\$	26,724 26,724	\$	470 28,342 28,812	
Fund balances: Assigned for: Total fund balances					-		
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	2,088	\$	26,724	\$	28,812	

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Nonmajor Governmental Funds - State and Federal Grant Funds
Year ended September 30, 2015

		Special Revenue Funds						
	_	State						
		Grants	Grants	Total				
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental revenue	\$	13,552 \$	228,096 \$	241,648				
Total revenues	_	13,552	228,096	241,648				
Expenditures:								
Library			8,948	8,948				
Public health		13,552		13,552				
Public safety			164,236	164,236				
Capital outlay			54,912	54,912				
Total expenditures	_	13,552	228,096	241,648				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		_	_	_				
(_							
Net change in fund balances		_		_				
Fund balance, October 1		_	_	_				
Fund balance, September 30	\$_	\$	\$					

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - State Grant Funds Year ended September 30, 2015

			d amount		A	ctual	Variance with final budget-positive		
	Ori	iginal		Final	an	nounts	(ne	egative)	
Revenues:									
Intergovernmental revenue	\$		\$	31,727	\$	13,552	\$	(18,175)	
Total revenues				31,727		13,552		(18,175)	
Expenditures:									
Public health		_		15,265		13,552		1,713	
Library		_		10,000		_		10,000	
Public safety				6,462				6,462	
Total expenditures				31,727		13,552		18,175	
Excess of revenues over (under)									
expenditures									
Net change in fund balance		_		_		_		_	
Fund balances, October 1									
Fund balances, September 30	\$		\$		\$		\$		

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Federal Grant Funds Year ended September 30, 2015

		Budgeted	l amoun	ts	1	Actual	fina	iance with al budget- positive
	Ori	ginal		Final		mounts		egative)
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental revenue	\$	_	\$	346,789	\$	228,096	\$	(118,693)
Interest revenue	·			803				(803)
Total revenues				347,592		228,096		(119,496)
Expenditures:								
Library		_		_		8,948		(8,948)
Public safety		_		274,936		164,236		110,700
Capital outlay				72,656		54,912		17,744
Total expenditures				347,592		228,096		119,496
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures								
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Net change in fund balance		_		_		_		_
Fund balances, October 1								
Fund balances, September 30	\$		\$		\$		\$	

CITY OF RICHARDSON, TEXAS

Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Municipal Court Funds
September 30, 2015

	Special Revenue Funds							
	Building		Judicial					
	Security	Technology	Efficiency	Total				
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents \$	245,591	\$ 108,772 \$	22,598 \$	376,961				
Total assets \$	245,591	\$ 108,772 \$	22,598 \$	376,961				
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable \$		\$\$	34 \$	34				
Total liabilities			34	34				
Fund balances: Restricted for:								
General government		108,772	22,564	131,336				
Public safety	245,591			245,591				
Total fund balances	245,591	108,772	22,564	376,927				
Total liabilities and fund balances \$	245,591	\$ 108,772 \$	22,598 \$	376,961				

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Municipal Court Funds

Year ended September 30, 2015

			Special Reve	nue Funds	
	_	Building Security	Technology	Judicial Efficiency	Total
Revenues:					
Fines and forfeitures	\$	81,692 \$	54,502 \$	6,319 \$	142,513
Interest revenue	_	606	235	52	893
Total revenues	_	82,298	54,737	6,371	143,406
Expenditures:					
General government		_	57,740	2,932	60,672
Public safety	_	84,020			84,020
Total expenditures	_	84,020	57,740	2,932	144,692
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	_	(1,722)	(3,003)	3,439	(1,286)
Net change in fund balances		(1,722)	(3,003)	3,439	(1,286)
Fund Balance, October 1		247,313	111,775	19,125	378,213
Fund balance, September 30	\$	245,591 \$	\$ 108,772 \$	22,564 \$	376,927

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Municipal Court Building Security Fund Year Ended September 30, 2015

	Budget	ed a	umounts		Actual		Variance with Final Budget- Positive
-	Original		Final	-	amounts		(Negative)
Revenues:							
Fines and forfeitures \$	92,300	\$	81,500	\$	81,692	\$	192
Interest income	347		557		606		49
Total revenues	92,647		82,057		82,298		241
Expenditures:							
Public safety	88,564		88,525		84,020		4,505
Total expenditures	88,564		88,525		84,020		4,505
Excess of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	4,083		(6,468)		(1,722)		4,746
Net change in fund balance	4,083		(6,468)		(1,722)		4,746
Fund balances, October 1	242,829		247,313		247,313		
Fund balances, September 30 \$_	246,912	\$	240,845	\$_	245,591	\$	4,746

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Technology Fund Year ended September 30, 2015

	Budget	ed amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget- Positive
	Original	Final	amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Fines and forfeitures	\$ 64,300	\$ 55,000	\$ 54,502	\$ (498)
Interest income	78	211	235	24
Total revenues	64,378	55,211	54,737	(474)
Expenditures:				
General government	58,753	60,253	57,740	2,513
Capital outlay	20,000	_	_	_
Total expenditures	78,753	60,253	57,740	2,513
Excess of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(14,375)	(5,042)	(3,003)	2,039
Net change in fund balance	(14,375)	(5,042)	(3,003)	2,039
Fund balances, October 1	97,897	111,775	111,775	
Fund balances, September 30	\$ 83,522	\$ 106,733	\$ 108,772	\$ 2,039

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Judicial Efficiency Fund Year ended September 30, 2015

		Budgete	ed a	amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget- Positive
	_	Original		Final	- 	amounts	 (Negative)
Revenues:							
Fines and forfeitures	\$	6,500	\$	6,100	\$	6,319	\$ 219
Interest income		23		43		52	9
Total revenues	_	6,523		6,143		6,371	 228
Expenditures:							
General government		9,400		7,900		2,932	4,968
Total expenditures		9,400		7,900	_	2,932	 4,968
Excess of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	_	(2,877)		(1,757)		3,439	 5,196
Net change in fund balance		(2,877)		(1,757)		3,439	5,196
Fund balances, October 1	_	15,856		19,125		19,125	
Fund balances, September 30	\$_	12,979	\$	17,368	\$	22,564	\$ 5,196

Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Tax Increment Financing Funds September 30, 2015

				Special Re	ve	nue Funds		
	•	Tax Increment		Tax Increment		Tax Increment		
		Financing #1		Financing #2		Financing #3	_	Total
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,259,170	\$	50,345	\$	10,788	\$_	2,320,303
Total assets	\$	2,259,170	\$	50,345	\$	10,788	\$_	2,320,303
Fund balances:								
Restricted for:								
General government	\$	2,259,170	\$	50,345	\$	10,788	\$_	2,320,303
Total fund balances		2,259,170		50,345		10,788	_	2,320,303
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	2,259,170	\$	50,345	\$	10,788	\$	2,320,303
	٠.	, ,	- ' .	7	- ' -	- ,	- ' -	, , -

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Tax Increment Financing Funds

Year ended September 30, 2015

		Special Revo	enue Funds	
	Tax	Tax	Tax	
	Increment Financing #1	Increment Financing #2	Increment Financing #3	Total
Revenues:				
General property taxes \$	1,686,690	\$ 608,975 \$	25,894 \$	2,321,559
Intergovernmental revenue	476,448	168,976	_	645,424
Interest revenue	5,448	1,063	33	6,544
Total revenues	2,168,586	779,014	25,927	2,973,527
Expenditures:				
General government	113,854	3,592,717	3,500	3,710,071
General administration	150,000	5,572,717 —		150,000
Capital outlay		4,482,169	1,552,205	6,034,374
Debt Service:		, - ,	, ,	-, ,-
Interest and fiscal charges	796,144	765,745		1,561,889
Principal obligation payments	76,602	_	_	76,602
Total expenditures	1,136,600	8,840,631	1,555,705	11,532,936
7 (1.01.1) 2				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	1,031,986	(8,061,617)	(1,529,778)	(8,559,409)
over (under) expenditures	1,031,980	(8,001,017)	(1,329,776)	(8,339,409)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers out		_	(3,922)	(3,922)
Issuance of other obligations		8,074,886	1,544,484	9,619,370
Total other financing sources (uses)		8,074,886	1,540,562	9,615,448
Net change in fund balances	1,031,986	13,269	10,784	1,056,039
Fund balance, October 1	1,227,184	37,076	4	1,264,264
Fund balance, September 30 \$	2,259,170	\$\$50,345_\$	10,788 \$	2,320,303

CITY OF RICHARDSON, TEXAS

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Tax Increment Financing #1

Year ended September 30, 2015

	_		mounts	_	Actual GAAP		Adjustments Budget Basis		Actual Budget		Variance with Vinal Budget- Positive	
	_	Original		Final	_	Basis			Basis	_	(Negative)	
Revenues:												
General property tax	\$	2,084,601	\$	1,703,437	\$	1,686,690	\$	_ 5	\$	1,686,690	\$	(16,747)
Intergovernmental revenue		794,534		476,448		476,448		_		476,448		_
Interest income		2,185		5,346		5,448				5,448	_	102
Total revenues		2,881,320		2,185,231		2,168,586				2,168,586	_	(16,645)
Expenditures:												
General government		1,190,742		1,586,600		113,854		1,472,746		1,586,600		_
General administration		150,000		150,000		150,000		_		150,000		_
Debt service:								(=0.e)				_
Principal obligation payments	S	_		_		76,602		(76,602)		_		_
Interest and fiscal charges	_					796,144		(796,144)	_		_	
Total expenditures	_	1,340,742		1,736,600		1,136,600		600,000	_	1,736,600	_	
Excess of revenues												
over(under) expenditures	_	1,540,578		448,631		1,031,986		(600,000)		431,986	_	(16,645)
Net change in fund balance		1,540,578		448,631		1,031,986		(600,000)		431,986		(16,645)
Fund balance, October 1	_	1,186,884		1,227,184		1,227,184			_	1,227,184	_	
Fund balance, September 30	\$_	2,727,462	\$_	1,675,815	\$	2,259,170	\$	(600,000)	\$_	1,659,170	\$_	(16,645)

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Tax Increment Financing #2 Year ended September 30, 2015

	_	Budgeted :	amounts	Actual GAAP	Adjustments	Actual Budget	Variance with Final Budget- Positive
	_	Original	Final	Basis	Budget Basis	Basis	(Negative)
Revenues:							
General property tax	\$	602,660 \$	608,975	\$ 608,975	¢ (\$ 608,975	¢
Intergovernmental revenue	φ	169,002	168,976	168,976	у — .	168,976	Φ —
Interest income		109,002	1,005	1,063	_	1.063	 58
Total revenues	-	771,806	778,956	779,014		779,014	58
Total revenues	-	771,800	778,930	779,014		779,014	
Expenditures:							
General government		_	_	3,592,717	(3,592,717)	_	_
Capital Outlay		_	_	4,482,169	(4,482,169)	_	_
Debt service:							
Interest and fiscal charges		771,826	765,745	765,745		765,745	_
Total expenditures		771,826	765,745	8,840,631	(8,074,886)	765,745	
	_						
Excess of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	_	(20)	13,211	(8,061,617)	8,074,886	13,269	58
Other financing sources (uses)	_						
Issuance of other obligations		_		8,074,886	(8,074,886)		
issuance of other obligations	-		-	0,074,000	(0,074,000)		-
Net change in fund balance		(20)	13,211	13,269	_	13,269	58
-							
Fund balance, October 1		50,020	37,076	37,076		37,076	
	_						
Fund balance, September 30	\$_	50,000 \$	50,287	\$ 50,345	\$S	\$ 50,345	\$58

CITY OF RICHARDSON, TEXAS

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Tax Increment Financing #3

Year Ended September 30, 2015

	Budgete	ed Amounts	Actual GAAP	Adjustments	Actual Budget	Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	Original	Final	Basis	Budget Basis	Basis	(Negative)
Revenues:	•					
General property taxes	\$ 26,015		25,894 \$	_ 5	\$ 25,894 \$	1
Interest revenue	8	32	33		33	1
Total revenues	26,023	25,925	25,927		25,927	2
Expenditures:						
General government	26,023	3,500	3,500	_	3,500	_
Capital outlay		7,721	1,552,205	(1,544,484)	7,721	
Total expenditures	26,023	11,221	1,555,705	(1,544,484)	11,221	
Excess of revenues over (under)						
expenditures		14,704	(1,529,778)	1,544,484	14,706	2
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers out	_	(3,922)	(3,922)	_	(3,922)	_
Issuance of other obligations			1,544,484	(1,544,484)		
Total other financing sources (uses)		(3,922)	1,540,562	(1,544,484)	(3,922)	
Net change in fund balance	_	10,782	10,784	_	10,784	2
Fund balance, October 1		4	4		4	
Fund balance, September 30	\$ <u> </u>	\$ 10,786 \$	10,788 \$		\$ 10,788 \$	2

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Debt Service Fund Year ended September 30, 2015

	_	Budgete Original	ed a	mounts Final	_	Actual amounts	Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	-	Original		1 11141		umounts	 (Treguerve)
General property taxes	\$	28,730,438	\$	28,749,288	\$	28,719,565	\$ (29,723)
Interest revenue		5,000		4,204		4,560	356
Total revenues	_	28,735,438		28,753,492		28,724,125	 (29,367)
Expenditures:							
Debt service:		40 400 4 70				40.000.040	40=044
Principal retirement		19,408,159		19,408,159		19,300,343	107,816
Interest and fiscal charges		8,755,956		8,755,956		8,772,808	(16,852)
Payments for other obligations	_	536,704		536,704		998,654	 (461,950)
Total expenditures	_	28,700,819		28,700,819		29,071,805	 (370,986)
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	_	34,619		52,673		(347,680)	 (400,353)
Other financing sources:							
Transfer in		_		_		1,007	1,007
Net proceeds from issuance/refunding bonds		_		_		400,111	400,111
Total other financing sources	_	_		_		401,118	 401,118
Net change in fund balance		34,619		52,673		53,438	765
Fund balances, October 1	_	2,323,566		2,328,014		2,328,014	
Fund balances, September 30	\$_	2,358,185	\$_	2,380,687	\$	2,381,452	\$ 765

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Special Police Funds Year ended September 30, 2015

	_	Budgeted a Original	amounts Final		Actual amounts		Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	-	Original	1 11141	-	umounts	-	(riegative)
Intergovernmental revenue	\$	15,000 \$	26,468	\$	35,702	\$	9,234
Fines and forfeitures	-	20,000	13,663	-	13,303	_	(360)
Interest income		233	803		739		(64)
Other revenue		5,000	35,711		77,984		42,273
Total revenues	_	40,233	76,645	_	127,728	-	51,083
Expenditures:							
Public safety		5,000	11,125		15,335		(4,210)
Total expenditures	-	5,000	11,125	_	15,335	-	(4,210)
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	_	35,233	65,520	_	112,393	_	46,873
Other financing sources:							
Transfers out		(50,000)	(100,000)		(100,000)		_
Total other financing sources	_	(50,000)	(100,000)	_	(100,000)	-	
Net change in fund balance		(14,767)	(34,480)		12,393		46,873
Fund balances, October 1	_	174,247	258,839	_	258,839	_	
Fund balances, September 30	\$_	159,480 \$	224,359	\$ _	271,232	\$	46,873

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Traffic Safety Fund Year ended September 30, 2015

		Budget	ed	an	nounts		Actual		Variance with Final Budget- Positive
		Original	_		Final	-	amounts		(Negative)
Revenues:									
Fines	\$	1,200,000	\$	3	1,491,097	\$	1,416,401	\$	(74,696)
Interest income		1,141			1,141		1,399		258
Total revenues		1,201,141	_		1,492,238		1,417,800	- :	(74,438)
Expenditures:									
Public safety		1,271,758	_	_	1,540,855		1,416,025		124,830
Total expenditures		1,271,758	_	_	1,540,855		1,416,025		124,830
Excess of revenues									
over (under) expenditures		(70,617)	_	_	(48,617)		1,775		50,392
Net change in fund balance		(70,617)			(48,617)		1,775		50,392
Fund balances, October 1	-	239,262	_	_	310,250		310,250		
Fund balances, September 30	\$	168,645	\$	S	261,633	\$	312,025	\$	50,392

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Wireless 911 Year ended September 30, 2015

	Budgeted	amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget- Positive
-	Original	Final	amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:	9			
911 revenue \$	505,000	520,000 \$	522,743 \$	2,743
Interest income	361	608	700	92
Total revenues	505,361	520,608	523,443	2,835
Expenditures:				
Public safety	21,000	21,000	19,269	1,731
Total expenditures	21,000	21,000	19,269	1,731
Excess of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	484,361	499,608	504,174	4,566
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers out	(450,000)	(550,000)	(550,000)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(450,000)	(550,000)	(550,000)	
Net change in fund balance	34,361	(50,392)	(45,826)	4,566
Fund balances, October 1	233,459	268,603	268,603	
Fund balances, September 30 \$	267,820	<u>218,211</u> \$	222,777 \$	4,566

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Hotel/Motel Fund Year ended September 30, 2015

		Budget	ted a	mounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget- Positive
		Original		Final	_	amounts	 (Negative)
Revenues:							
Hotel/Motel taxes	\$	3,677,926	\$	3,933,409	\$	3,936,859	\$ 3,450
Parking fees	·	226,300		195,275	·	190,407	(4,868)
Eisemann center revenue		2,086,692		1,697,069		1,758,524	61,455
Interest income		1,351		3,458		5,125	1,667
Miscellaneous		· —		´ 		71,609	71,609
Total revenues		5,992,269		5,829,211	_	5,962,524	 133,313
Expenditures:							
General government:							
Arts		415,000		500,000		450,000	50,000
Miscellaneous		77,400		148,635		91,404	57,231
Eisemann center		4,162,625		4,051,244		3,894,005	157,239
Parking garage		465,817		480,707		464,661	16,046
Capital outlay				192,000		13,994	178,006
General administration		765,004		790,115		756,916	33,199
Total expenditures		5,885,846	 	6,162,701	_	5,670,980	 491,721
Excess of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		106,423		(333,490)	_	291,544	 625,034
Net change in fund balance		106,423		(333,490)		291,544	625,034
Fund balances, October 1		1,282,461		1,942,860	_	1,942,860	
Fund balances, September 30	\$	1,388,884	\$	1,609,370	\$	2,234,404	\$ 625,034

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Franchise PEG Fund Year ended September 30, 2015

		Budget	ed a	amounts		Actual		Variance with Final Budget- Positive
	_	Original		Final	-	Amounts		(Negative)
Revenues:								
Franchise fees	\$	250,000	\$	250,000	\$	287,736	\$	37,736
Interest income		282		1,224		1,426		202
Total revenues	_	250,282		251,224		289,162		37,938
Expenditures:								
General government		_		14,390		29,627		(15,237)
Capital		64,000		46,605		36,441		10,164
Total expenditures		64,000		60,995		66,068	_ :	(5,073)
Excess of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	_	186,282		190,229		223,094		32,865
Net change in fund balance		186,282		190,229		223,094		32,865
Fund balances, October 1	_	389,260		450,714		450,714		
Fund balances, September 30	\$	575,542	\$	640,943	\$	673,808	\$	32,865

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Drainage Fund Year ended September 30, 2015

Variance with

		Budget	ed a	amounts		Actual		Final Budget- Positive
		Original		Final	_	amounts		(Negative)
Revenues:								
Fee revenue	\$	2,700,000	\$	2,720,652	\$	2,702,431	\$	(18,221)
Interest income		1,400		7,165		8,030		865
Total revenues		2,701,400	_ :	2,727,817	_	2,710,461	_	(17,356)
Expenditures:								
Public services		240,000		328,576		342,204		(13,628)
General administration		1,025,000		1,025,000		1,025,000		_
Capital outlay		1,435,000		1,425,000		1,245,208		179,792
Total expenditures		2,700,000		2,778,576	_	2,612,412		166,164
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		1,400		(50,759)		98,049		148,808
over (under) expenditures	_	1,400		(30,737)	_	70,047		140,000
Net change in fund balance		1,400		(50,759)		98,049		148,808
Fund balances, October 1	_	89,092		2,742,936	_	2,742,936		
Fund balances, September 30	\$_	90,492	\$	2,692,177	\$_	2,840,985	\$	148,808

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Richardson Improvement Corporation Year ended September 30, 2015

	_	Budget Original	ed a	amounts Final	. <u>-</u>	Actual amounts	Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)
Revenues:							
Contributions	\$	16,500	\$	36,550	\$	19,550	\$ (17,000)
Interest		_		30		39	9
Total revenues		16,500		36,580	_	19,589	(16,991)
Expenditures:							
Parks and recreation		96,575		96,865		74,985	21,880
Total expenditures	_	96,575		96,865	· -	74,985	21,880
Excess of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	_	(80,075)	_	(60,285)	_	(55,396)	4,889
Other financing source (uses):							
Transfers in		80,000		80,000		80,000	_
Transfers out		, <u> </u>		_		(19,550)	(19,550)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	80,000	-	80,000	_	60,450	(19,550)
Net change in fund balance		(75)		19,715		5,054	(14,661)
Fund balances, October 1	_	27,993		30,020		30,020	
Fund balances, September 30	\$_	27,918	\$	49,735	\$	35,074	\$ (14,661)

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Economic Development Fund Year Ended September 30, 2015

	Rudgotod	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget- Positive
	Original	Final	amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Interest revenue	S	\$ 453 \$	831 \$	378
Total revenues		453	831	378
Expenditures:				
General government		926,628	926,628	
Total expenditures		926,628	926,628	
Excess revenues over (under) expenditures		(926,175)	(925,797)	378
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in	542,391	1,469,019	1,469,019	
Total other financing sources (uses)	542,391	1,469,019	1,469,019	
Net change in fund balance	542,391	542,844	543,222	378
Fund balances, October 1				
Fund balances, September 30 \$	542,391	\$ 542,844 \$	543,222 \$	378

CITY OF RICHARDSON, TEXAS Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Golf Fund Year Ended September 30, 2015

		Budgeted .	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget- Positive
		Original	Final	amounts	(Negative)
D					
Revenues: Golf course revenue	\$	1,504,009	1,196,556	1,180,623 \$	(15,933)
Golf course restaurant	Ф	27,376	21,888	25,421	3,533
Miscellaneous			,	,	
		18,963	7,320	22,522	15,202
Interest		78	131	149	18
Total revenues		1,550,426	1,225,895	1,228,715	2,820
Expenditures:					
General administration		95,939	95,939	95,939	
Parks and recreation		2,010,216	1,887,805	1,827,297	(60,508)
		<u> </u>	1,007,000	1,027,237	<u> </u>
Total expenditures		2,106,155	1,983,744	1,923,236	(60,508)
Excess of revenues over (under)					
expenditures		(555,729)	(757,849)	(694,521)	63,328
		(****,****)	(101,013)	(** 1,==1)	32,000
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in		325,000	610,000	610,000	
		<u> </u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_
Total other financing sources (uses)		325,000	610,000	610,000	
Net change in fund balance		(230,729)	(147,849)	(84,521)	63,328
Fund balances, October 1		304,063	252,337	252,337	
Fund balances, September 30	\$	73,334 \$	104,488 \$	167,816 \$	63,328



Nonmajor Governmental Funds – Internal Service Funds September 30, 2015

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by certain departments to other departments within the City. The City uses two internal service funds:

Central Services Fund – This fund is used to account for warehouse, mail, and records management operations of the City on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Insurance Fund – This fund is used to account for the health insurance program provided by the City to its employees and to their dependents, as well as retirees, on a subsidized cost basis.

Combining Statement of Net Position – All Internal Service Funds September 30, 2015

	_	Central Services Fund			Insurance Fund	_		Total
Assets:								
Current assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	255,350	\$		3,985,422	\$		4,240,772
Accounts receivable	-		_		117,005	_		117,005
Deposits		_			12,247			12,247
Inventories		231,430						231,430
Prepaid expenses					25,217			25,217
Total current assets	-	486,780		_	4,139,891	-		4,626,671
Capital assets:								
Land		56,011			_			56,011
Buildings		259,990			_			259,990
Improvements		23,023			_			23,023
Vehicles, machinery, and equipment		268,859			_			268,859
Total capital assets	-	607,883		_	_	-		607,883
Less accumulated depreciation		(551,872)			_			(551,872)
Total capital assets, net of	-	(== ,== ,		_		-	_	(, ,
accumulated depreciation	_	56,011				_		56,011
Total Assets	_	542,791			4,139,891	_		4,682,682
Deferred Outflows of Resources								
Pension contributions & investment experience	_	53,835			26,917	_		80,752
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	-	53,835			26,917	_		80,752
Liabilities:								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable		12,847			470,151			482,998
Compensated absences		4,418			4,754			9,172
Unpaid claims liabilities		_			1,026,054			1,026,054
Worker's Compensation		15,176			_			15,176
Unearned revenue		_			56,241			56,241
Total current liabilities		32,441			1,557,200			1,589,641
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Compensated absences		39,761			42,784			82,545
Pension liability		151,538			75,770			227,308
Other postemployment benefits		75,049			78,630			153,679
Total noncurrent liabilities	-	266,348		_	197,184	-		463,532
Total Liabilities	_	298,789			1,754,384	_		2,053,173
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Pension actuarial experience		563			281			844
rension actuariai experience	-	303		_	201	-	_	044
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	-	563		_	281	-	_	844
Net position:								
Net investment in capital assets		56,011			_			56,011
Unrestricted	-	241,263		_	2,412,143	_		2,653,406
Total Net Position	\$	297,274	\$	_	2,412,143	\$	_	2,709,417

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position— All Internal Service Funds Year ended September 30, 2015

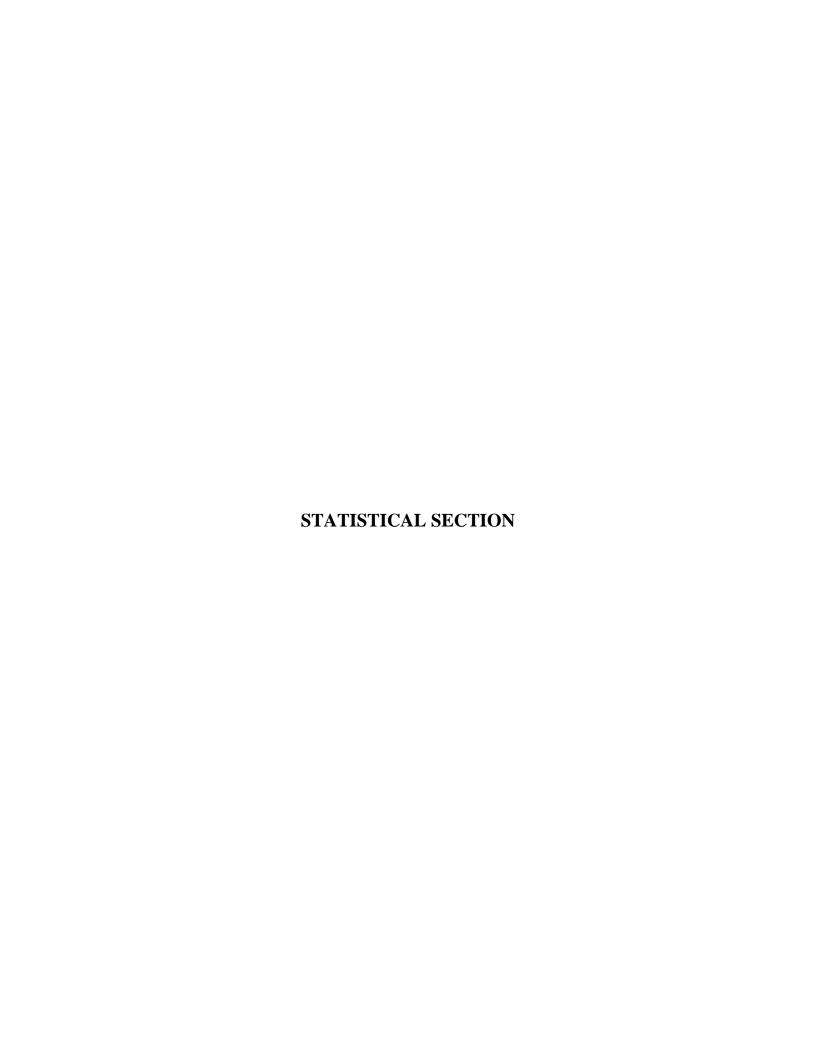
	-	Central Services Fund	. <u>-</u>	Insurance Fund		Total
Operating revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	494,146	\$	_	\$	494,146
City and employee contributions		11,099		11,800,831		11,811,930
Miscellaneous		2		117,480		117,482
Total operating revenues		505,247	-	11,918,311	_	12,423,558
Operating expenses:						
Personal services		376,837		246,382		623,219
Premiums		689		610,048		610,737
Professional and technical services		10,102		694,111		704,213
Property services		83,600		_		83,600
Other purchased services		_		113,101		113,101
Insurance claims		28,124		12,925,942		12,954,066
Supplies		19,621		757		20,378
Total operating expenses		518,973	-	14,590,341	_	15,109,314
Operating income (loss)	-	(13,726)	· <u>-</u>	(2,672,030)		(2,685,756)
Nonoperating revenues:						
Interest revenue		687		2,782		3,469
Transfer in		_		3,000,000		3,000,000
Total nonoperating revenues		687		3,002,782	_	3,003,469
Change in net position		(13,039)		330,752		317,713
Net position as restated (See note B1), October 1	-	310,313		2,081,391	_	2,391,704
Net position, September 30	\$	297,274	\$	2,412,143	\$	2,709,417

CITY OF RICHARDSON, TEXAS

Combining Statement of Cash Flows – All Internal Service Funds

Year ended September 30, 2015

		Central Services Fund	Insurance Fund	Total
Cook flows from a continue attribition				
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from service users	\$	494,148 \$	_ \$	494,148
Cash received from City, employee, and other contributions	Ф	11,099	—	11,929,410
Cash payments for premiums and other operating expenses		(148,656)	(1,251,983)	(1,400,639)
		(363,798)	(245,811)	(609,609)
Cash payments to employees Cash payments for claims			(12,668,254)	
Net cash used in operating activities	_	(28,124) (35,331)	(2,247,737)	(12,696,378) (2,283,068)
Net cash used in operating activities	_	(33,331)	(2,247,737)	(2,283,008)
Cash flows from investing activity:				
Purchase of Investment Securities			1 400 000	1 100 000
Proceeds from Sale and Maturities of Investments			1,400,000	1,400,000
Interest received on investments	_	687	2,782	3,469
Net cash provided by investing activity	_	687	1,402,782	1,403,469
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:				
Transfer in (out)		_	3,000,000	3,000,000
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(34,644)	2,155,045	2,120,401
Cash and cash equivalents, October 1		289,994	1,830,377	2,120,371
Cash and cash equivalents, September 30	\$	255,350 \$	3,985,422 \$	4,240,772
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash used for				
operating activities:				
Operating income (loss)	\$	(13,726) \$	(2,672,030) \$	(2,685,756)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash		, , ,		,
used for operating activities				
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
(Increase)Decrease in inventory of supplies, at cost		(40,305)	_	(40,305)
(Increase)Decrease in other receivables			(117,005)	(117,005)
(Increase)Decrease in deposits		_	(12,247)	(12,247)
(Increase)Decrease in prepaid items		_	(2,039)	(2,039)
Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable		5,661	168,073	173,734
Increase in IBNR		_	362,417	362,417
Increase (Decrease) in deferred revenue		_	24,523	24,523
Increase (Decrease) in workers compensation		15,176	_	15,176
Increase (Decrease) in compensated absences		6,256	(345)	5,911
Increase (Decrease) in pension liabilities		(10,637)	(5,319)	(15,956)
Increase (Decrease) in post-employment benefits		2,244	6,235	8,479
Total adjustments	_	(21,605)	424,293	402,688
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	(35,331) \$	(2,247,737) \$	(2,283,068)
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents to the statement of net position:				
Total cash and investments per the statement of net position	\$	255.350 \$	3.985.422 \$	4,240,772
Less investments not meeting the definition of cash equivalents	φ 			4,240,772
Cash and cash equivalents at September 30, 2015	\$	255,350 \$	3,985,422 \$	4,240,772





Statistical Section
September 30, 2015

Tables in the statistical section present detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the overall financial health of the City.

	Pages
Financial Trends – These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	117-122
Revenue Capacity – These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	123-126
Debt Capacity – These schedules present information to help the reader assess the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	127-131
Demographic and Economic Information – These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	132-133
Operating Information – These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	134-136
Pension Information – This schedule contains information regarding pension benefits funding progress.	137

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.



Statement of Net Position by Component*

Last ten fiscal years

(In thousands)

(unaudited)

		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010	2011		2012		2013		2014	2015		
Governmental activities:																				
Net investment in capital assets	\$	101,669	\$	99,244	\$	116,550	\$	103,758	\$	109,432	\$ 106,308	\$	108,527	\$	113,992	\$	129,095	\$	134,199	
Restricted		5,720		12,504		6,295		22,864		22,180	15,207		10,744		7,103		7,072		10,511	
Unrestricted	_	21,045	_	26,098	_	8,487	_	903		(5,654)	(7,778)		(8,303)		(6,582)	_	(19,188)		(23,943)	
Total governmental activities net position	\$	128,434	\$	137,846	\$	131,332	\$	127,525	\$	125,958	\$ 113,737	\$	110,968	\$	114,513	\$	116,979	\$	120,767	
Business-type activities:																				
Net investment in capital assets	\$	60,920	\$	61,716	\$	59,030	\$	54,480	\$	52,823	\$ 50,959	\$	50,558	\$	55,251	\$	50,634	\$	51,770	
Restricted		5,013		2,990		3,627		3,873		2,338	9,245		6,338		6,700		4,068		5,464	
Unrestricted	_	18,578	_	16,018	_	14,566	_	17,625		18,192	12,666		11,604		11,399	_	8,984		10,694	
Total business-type activities net position	\$	84,511	\$	80,724	\$	77,223	\$	75,978	\$	73,353	\$ 72,870	\$	68,500	\$	73,350	\$	63,686	\$	67,928	
Primary government:																				
Net investment in capital assets	\$	162,589	\$	160,960	\$	175,580	\$	158,238	\$	162,255	\$ 157,267	\$	159,085	\$	169,243	\$	179,729	\$	185,969	
Restricted		10,733		15,494		9,922		26,737		24,518	24,452		17,082		13,803		11,140		15,975	
Unrestricted		39,623	_	42,116	_	23,053	_	18,528	_	12,538	 4,888	_	3,301	_	4,817	_	(10,204)		(13,249)	
Total primary government net position	\$	212,945	\$	218,570	\$	208,555	\$	203,503	\$	199,311	\$ 186,607	\$	179,468	\$	187,863	\$	180,665	\$	188,695	

The City implemented GASB Statements 63 and 65 in FY 2013. The amounts for fiscal years 2006-2012 were restated for the effects of these standards in FY 2013. The City implemented GASB Statement 68 in FY 2015. The amounts for fiscal year 2014 were restated for the effects of these standards in FY 2015.

Changes in Net Position*
Last ten fiscal years
(In thousands)
(Accrual basis of accounting)
(unaudited)

	_	2006		2007		2008	2009		2010	2011	2012		2013	2014	2015
Expenses:															
Governmental activities:															
General government	\$	24,339	\$	25,381	\$	30,689	\$ 27,784 \$	S	27,767	\$ 34,351 \$	30,018	\$	29,705	\$ 36,311	\$ 36,761
Public safety		35,268		37,774		41,630	43,610		44,318	45,826	45,224		45,616	47,533	48,745
Public services		19,117		20,210		24,701	27,070		26,652	26,819	26,776		27,044	28,931	30,588
Library		3,097		3,988		4,145	4,224		4,099	4,245	4,027		3,963	3,989	4,161
Parks and recreation		11,765		12,576		13,814	13,658		14,507	14,662	14,786		15,078	15,282	18,310
Public health		1,310		1,344		1,483	1,582		1,460	1,467	1,548		1,606	1,714	1,807
Interest and fiscal charges	_	9,026		10,069		10,990	 9,642		8,817	 10,832	10,930		11,134	 10,757	 9,884
Total governmental activities expenses	_	103,922	_	111,342	_	127,452	 127,570		127,620	 138,202	133,309		134,146	 144,517	 150,256
Business-type activities:															
Water and sewer		38,203		41,343		45,159	46,278		46,785	49,816	51,667		54,341	55,648	59,159
Solid waste		10,402		11,211		12,068	12,364		12,779	12,798	13,057		12,574	12,441	13,725
Golf		2,359		2,147	_	2,336	 2,406		2,338	 2,487	2,376	_	2,544	 2,558	 -
Total business-type activities expenses		50,964	_	54,701	_	59,563	 61,048		61,902	 65,101	67,100		69,459	 70,647	 72,884
Total primary government expenses	\$	154,886	\$	166,043	\$	187,015	\$ 188,618 \$	5	189,522	\$ 203,303 \$	200,409	\$	203,605	\$ 215,164	\$ 223,140
Program revenues: Governmental activities: Charges for services:															
General government	\$	2,039	\$	2,138	\$	3,144	\$ 3,724 \$	6	3,111	\$ 3,577 \$	3,423	\$	3,875	\$ 3,327	\$ 3,398
Public safety		7,149		7,313		7,937	8,903		8,398	9,170	9,480		9,506	9,252	9,691
Public services		1,124		1,968		1,527	1,379		1,956	2,200	4,278		6,583	6,163	6,152
Library		149		170		186	190		184	164	155		2.756	5	- 5.220
Parks and recreation		2,679		2,796		2,898	2,891		3,291	3,327	3,262		3,756	4,103	5,328
Public health		189 731		196 576		249	255 368		264 642	266 532	264		293	291 788	340 967
Operating grants and contributions						1,061					1,777		522		
Capital grants and contributions	_	3,766	_	5,810		4,991	 10,059		10,144	 3,875	2,028	-	8,363	 15,022	 8,168
Total governmental activities program revenues		17,826	_	20,967	_	21,993	 27,769		27,990	 23,111	24,667		32,904	 38,951	 34,044
Business-type activities: Charges for services:															
Water and sewer		43,938		34,645		40,338	43,116		42,807	48,485	46,075		54,257	51,271	60,310
Solid waste		10,687		10,989		11,330	12,262		12,274	12,275	12,303		12,375	12,555	13,047
Golf		2,163		2,022		2,144	2,045		1,536	1,873	2,011		2,231	1,919	-
Operating grants and contributions		-		-		-	-		-	15	12		-	-	-
Capital grants and contributions		835		1,375		701	 872		1,228	 647	956		908	 1,551	 1,549
Total business-type activities program revenues	_	57,623	_	49,031		54,513	 58,295		57,845	 63,295	61,357		69,771	 67,296	 74,906
Total primary government program revenues	\$	75,449	\$	69,998	\$	76,506	\$ 86,064 \$	<u> </u>	85,835	\$ 86,406 \$	86,024	\$	102,675	\$ 106,247	\$ 108,950

^{*}The City implemented GASB Statements 63 and 65 in FY 2013. The amounts shown for "Interest and fiscal charges" and expenses for Business-type activities were restated for fiscal years 2006-2012 in FY 2013.

(Continued)

Changes in Net Position (Continued)

Last ten fiscal years
(In thousands)
(Accrual basis of accounting)
(unaudited)

	200	06	_	2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015
Net (expense) revenue:	·																			
Governmental activities	\$ (80	6,096)	\$	(90,375)	\$	(105,459)	\$	(99,801)	\$	(99,630)	\$	(115,091)	\$	(108,642)	\$	(101,242)	\$	(105,566)		\$ (116,212)
Business-type activities		6,659		(5,670)		(5,050)		(2,753)		(4,057)		(1,806)		(5,743)		312		(3,351)		2,022
Total primary government net expense	(7	9,437)		(96,045)	_	(110,509)	_	(102,554)	_	(103,687)	_	(116,897)		(114,385)	_	(100,930)	_	(108,917)	_	(114,190)
General revenues Governmental activities: Taxes:	Φ. 4	< 550	•	52 555	•	55.064	Φ.	57.574	•	50.105	•	<i>2</i> 1.115	Ф	62.010	Φ.	C4 C02	•	60.260	Φ.	70.477
Property Sales		6,550 1,923	\$	53,777 23,646	\$	55,264 23,286	\$	57,574 20,815	\$	58,105 24,967	\$	61,115 24,753	\$	63,810 25,246	\$	64,602 26,600	\$	68,368 29,805	\$	70,677 31,065
Other		3,302		3,540		3,719		2,986		3,105		3,447		3,351		3,673		4.129		4,460
Franchise		5,640		11,231		11,871		12,206		12,275		13,533		13,561		14,289		15,039		15,647
Unrestricted interest earnings		3,370		6,260		4,904		2,298		332		397		156		94		92		137
Insurance and other recoveries		-		173				- 40				- 400						-		-
Transfers		-		-		(117)		(19)		(695)		(489)		(259)		(4,506)		4,058		(2,064)
Gain on sale of assets		109		1,160	_	18	_	134	_	14		74		8	_	35	_	40	_	78
Total governmental activities	9	0,894		99,787	_	98,945	_	95,994		98,103		102,830		105,873	_	104,787	_	121,531	_	120,000
Business-type activities: Unrestricted interest earnings Insurance and other recoveries		871		1,317 30		868		295		73		47		31		29		23		47 -
Transfers		-		-		117		19		695		489		259		4,506		(4,058)		2,064
Gain on sale of assets		277		133		117		730		90		59		352		3		181		109
Total business-type activities		1,148		1,480		1,102	_	1,044		858		595		642		4,538		(3,854)		2,220
Total primary government	\$ 92	2,042	\$	101,267	\$	100,047	\$	97,038	\$	98,961	\$	103,425	\$	106,515	\$	109,325	\$	117,677	\$	122,220
Change in net position: Governmental activities Business-type activities		4,798 7,807		9,412 (4,190)	_	(6,514) (3,948)	_	(3,807) (1,709)		(1,527) (3,199)	_	(12,261) (1,211)		(2,769) (5,101)		3,545 4,850		15,965 (7,205)		3,788 4,242
Total primary government	\$ 12	2,605	\$	5,222	\$_	(10,462)	\$_	(5,516)	\$_	(4,726)	\$_	(13,472)	\$	(7,870)	\$	8,395	\$	8,760	\$	8,030



Fund Balances, Governmental Funds
Last ten fiscal years
(In thousands)
(unaudited)

		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015
General Fund:																				
Reserved for other	\$	935	\$	949	\$	986	\$	600	\$	730	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Non spendable	Ψ	-	Ψ		Ψ	-	Ψ.	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	507	Ψ	559	Ψ	1,027	Ψ.	882	Ψ	933
Assigned		-		_		-		_		_		114		327		337		665		800
Unreserved		14,208		14,562		15,259		15,244		15,403		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned				-		-				-		15,808		16,274		16,513		17,789		18,007
Total general fund	\$	15,143	\$	15,511	\$	16,245	\$	15,844	\$	16,133	\$	16,429	\$	17,160	\$	17,877	\$	19,336	\$	19,740
All other governmental funds:																				
Reserved for:																				
Capital projects	\$	72,217	\$	55,910	\$	36,223	\$	19,375	\$	80,012	\$		\$		\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Debt service	φ	1,452	φ	2,116	φ	1,785	Ф	1,947	φ	1,604	φ	-	φ		Ф	-	Ф	-	φ	-
Other *		4,431		13,897		27,021		16,799		10,518		-		-		-		-		-
Unreserved, reported in:		4,431		13,897		27,021		16,799		10,518		-		-		-		-		-
Special revenue funds		2,703		3,153		3,292		3,779		2,902										
Capital funds		2,703 8,751		11,784		2,191		1,030		4,425		-		-		-		-		-
Non spendable:		8,731		11,784		2,191		1,030		4,425		-		-		-		-		-
Property held for redevelopment														2.405		2.405		2.405		27.4
Prepaid Items		-		-		-		-		-		- 01		2,495		2,495		2,495		274
		-		-		-		-		-		91		64		98		77		120
Deposits Restricted for:		-		-		-		-		-		105		-		-		-		-
Debt service												2 100		2 2 4 7		2 22 4		2 220		2 201
		-		-		-		-		-		2,180		2,247		2,324		2,328		2,381
Library		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		63		7		26
Parks and recreation projects		-		-		-		-		-		22,817		18,341		3,831		4,101		1,156
Public services		-		-		-		-		-		30,061		26,548		16,283		8,692		5,544
Neighborhood vitality projects		-		-		-		-		-		7,725		6,434		5,325		2,509		1,745
Municipal public buildings		-		-		-		-		-		9,871		5,098		341		37		27
Other capital projects		-		-		-		-		-		3,399		2,196		129		118		1,608
General government		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,223		2,561		4,415
Health/Shelter		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		229		40
Public safety		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,917		1,906		2,147
Other purposes		-		-		-		-		-		4,180		2,716		-		-		-
Committed for:																				
Public services		-		-		-		-		-		-		570		1,921		2,743		2,841
Assigned for:																				
Public services		-		-		-		-		-		707		808		1,474		1,507		90
Other purposes		-		-		-		-		-		3,540		2,422		-		-		-
Public Safety		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		2		44
Parks and recreation		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		23		65		225
Neighborhood Vitality Projects		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		65		-
Capital projects		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		4,896		-		2,578
General government		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,081		5,405		2,120
Unassigned		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-,
Total all other governmental funds	\$	89,554	\$	86,860	\$	70,512	\$	42,930	\$	99,461	\$	84,676	\$	69,939	\$	43,424	\$	34,847	\$	27,381

 $[\]ensuremath{^{*}}$ Includes prepaid items, inventory, and encumbrances prior to FY 2011 due to GASB 54

Note: The City implemented GASB 54 "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions" in fiscal year 2011. The classification of fund balances were not restated for years prior to FY 2011.

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds
Last ten fiscal years
(In thousands)
(unaudited)

		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015
Revenues:																			_	
Property taxes	\$	46,493	\$	53,631	\$	55,101	\$	57,814	\$	58,085	\$	61,339	\$	63,753	\$	64,565	\$	68,362	\$	70,744
Franchise taxes	φ	15.640	φ	11.231	φ	11.871	φ	12.206	φ	12,275	φ	13,533	φ	13,561	φ	14.289	φ	15.038	φ	15.647
Sales tax		21,923		23,646		23,286		23,070		24,967		24,753		25,246		26,600		29,805		31,065
Mixed beverage and Bingo Tax		353		372		406		401		392		408		338		352		464		523
Hotel/motel taxes		2,949		3,168		3,314		2,585		2,713		3,039		3.013		3,322		3,665		3.937
Drainage fees		2,,,,,		5,100		5,514		2,363		2,713		5,057		1,781		2,705		2,582		2,702
911 Revenue		1,308		1,316		1,336		1,377		1,521		1,579		1,676		1,724		1,723		1,731
Intergovernmental revenue		1,664		4,071		3,312		8,366		4,946		3,465		2,437		7,732		9,261		4,866
Licenses and permits		1,161		1.865		1,506		1,375		1,466		1,767		2,437		4.000		3,310		3,380
Fines and forfeitures		4,208		4,587		5,008		5,550		5,583		6,398		5,765		6,339		5,482		5,461
Interest revenue		3,221		6,087		4,820		2,278		327		393		154		92		90		134
Civic center use		237		286		384		334		328		299		331		328		295		300
Eisemann center revenue		1.571		1,422		1,936		2,452		2,143		2,411		2,396		2,026		2,177		2.143
Recreation and leisure		2,679		2,796		2,898		2,432		3,275		3,327		3,207		3,743		4,091		5,302
Rents		2,079		12		2,090 59		79		21		5,327		3,207		3,743		4,091		3,302
Public safety		1,480		1,549		1,672		1,759		1,819		1,591		2,396		2,236		2,095		2,434
Contributions		2,743		2,150		565		138		293		1,391		2,390		64		615		256
Participation		152		164		104		56		171		55		140		316		272		2,257
Other		533		853		1,055		864		886		964		745		813		1,184		1,129
						,														,
General administration	_	5,738	_	6,643	_	6,968	_	6,932	_	6,745	_	8,101	_	8,496	_	8,235	_	7,652	_	8,128
Total revenues	\$	114,079	\$	125,849	\$	125,601	\$	130,527	\$	127,956	\$	133,610	\$	137,939	\$	149,481	\$	158,163	\$	162,139
Expenditures:																				
General government	\$	26,006	\$	27,960	\$	32,311	\$	29,260	\$	28,358	\$	34,818	\$	29,772	\$	30,454	\$	37,522	\$	37,401
Public safety		33,002		35,186		36,507		38,860		38,193		39,627		40,035		41,881		43,163		44,415
Public services		12,875		13,938		17,328		19,542		18,613		18,020		18,780		19,704		20,920		22,142
Library		2,568		3,393		3,407		3,640		3,527		3,448		3,354		3,513		3,478		3,543
Parks and recreation		10,343		10,756		11,026		11,049		11,181		11,146		11,530		11,891		11,790		14,339
Public health		1,245		1,311		1,315		1,401		1,298		1,322		1,422		1,535		1,629		1,673
General administration		255		291		427		480		555		2,004		2,690		2,130		1,565		2,028
Capital outlay		14,808		20,699		27,552		37,125		20,934		20,701		21,397		50,941		40,698		38,419
Debt service:																				
Principal retirement		7,887		10,241		11,311		12,308		12,548		14,425		15,738		16,421		17,901		19,300
Interest and fiscal charges		7,849		10,489		10,183		9,620		9,063		11,140		11,095		10,772		10,608		10,344
Payments for other obligations		615		456		474		2,690		1,228		812		859		1,052		1,215		902
Issuance costs		1,054		29		33		219		841		84		195		272		119		541
Total expenditures	\$	118,507	\$	134,749	\$	151,874	\$	166,194	\$	146,339	\$	157,547	\$	156,867	\$	190,566	\$	190,608	\$	195,047
Deficiency of revenues																				
under expenditures		(4,428)		(8,900)		(26,273)		(35,667)		(18,383)		(23,937)		(18,928)		(41,085)		(32,445)		(32,908)
F	_				_		_		_		_								_	

(Continued)

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds
Last ten fiscal years
(continued)
(In thousands)
(unaudited)

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Other financing sources (uses):										
Transfers in	\$ 7,958	\$ 6,740	\$ 4,916	\$ 4,030	\$ 4,520	\$ 3,247	\$ 4,121	\$ 5,650	\$ 4,594	\$ 6,503
Transfer out	(7,958)	(6,740)	(5,033)	(4,049)	(5,215)	(3,736)	(6,330)	(6,202)	(5,652)	(9,531)
Issuance of certificates of obligation	2,640	3,220	4,500	5,370	7,520	3,085	6,050	4,290	12,500	17,270
Issuance of general obligation bonds	53,775	-	5,933	-	60,665	-	-	-	-	-
Issuance of refunding bonds	25,665	-	-	14,460	18,440	6,039	6,270	18,000	-	45,741
Issuance of other obligations	61	1,592	-	1,740	1,124	6,535	192	10,909	13,789	10,654
Premium on bonds	3,016	-	-	772	7,378	15	760	2,811	34	277
Discount on bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	(26,397)	-	-	(14,992)	(19,502)	(5,981)	(6,779)	(20,417)	-	(45,341)
Lease payments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Insurance and other recoveries	-	173	218	127	128	40	107	170	10	190
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	667	1,589	125	226	145	204	531	77	51	84
Total other financing sources	59,427	6,574	10,659	7,684	75,203	9,448	4,922	15,288	25,326	25,847
Net change in fund balances	\$ 54,999	\$ (2,326)	\$ (15,614)	\$ (27,983)	\$ 56,820	\$ (14,489)	\$ (14,006)	\$ (25,797)	\$ (7,119)	\$ <u>(7,061</u>)
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	15.77%	18.58%	17.67%	19.07%	18.21%	19.27%	20.44%	20.23%	19.91%	19.47%

Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property

Last ten fiscal years

(unaudited)

Fiscal year ended September 30	Residential property	Commercial property	Industrial property	Less total exemptions/ reductions	Total taxable assessed value (1)	Total direct tax rate
2006	4,736,989,728	4,781,193,675	247,435,611	1,061,552,418	8,704,066,596	0.52516
2007	4,887,683,786	5,285,742,003	274,718,569	1,203,508,602	9,244,635,756	0.57516
2008	5,026,605,219	5,272,014,733	704,144,777	1,520,273,606	9,482,491,123	0.57516
2009	5,111,539,277	5,623,829,303	722,165,902	1,630,819,971	9,826,714,511	0.57516
2010	5,085,566,353	5,673,549,267	707,813,308	1,629,085,082	9,837,843,846	0.57516
2011	5,152,705,610	5,669,348,071	726,964,527	1,872,428,656	9,676,589,552	0.63516
2012	5,093,892,359	5,941,833,474	696,387,354	2,051,284,896	9,680,828,291	0.63516
2013	5,064,251,846	6,019,687,573	812,199,657	1,937,327,183	9,958,811,893	0.63516
2014	5,120,141,991	6,555,445,029	864,733,351	2,098,603,635	10,441,716,736	0.63516
2015	5,361,295,791	6,859,193,040	909,835,399	2,322,046,075	10,808,278,155	0.63516

Source: Dallas and Collin County Central Appraisal District, and the City's Tax Department.

⁽¹⁾ Net of Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Districts values.

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates

Last ten fiscal years

(Per \$100 of assessed value)

(unaudited)

		City direct rates						Overlapping rat	es			
						Collin					Dallas	Dallas
	Operations	Interest				County	Plano	Garland		Dallas	County	County
	and	and		Richardson		Community	Independent	Independent		County	Community	School
Fiscal	maintenance	sinking		School	Collin	College	School	School	Dallas	Hospital	College	Equalization
year	rate	rate	Total	District	County	District	District	District	County	District	District	Fund
2006	0.358680	0.166480	0.525160	1.820000	0.250000	0.089422	1.733400	1.544900	0.213900	0.254000	0.081600	0.005300
2007	0.358680	0.216480	0.575160	1.630050	0.245000	0.087683	1.578400	1.253300	0.213900	0.254000	0.081000	0.005304
2008	0.362810	0.212350	0.575160	1.340050	0.245000	0.086984	1.268400	1.253300	0.228100	0.254000	0.080400	0.004714
2009	0.362810	0.212350	0.575160	1.340050	0.242500	0.086493	1.303400	1.253300	0.228100	0.254000	0.089400	0.004928
2010	0.362810	0.212350	0.575160	1.340050	0.242500	0.086300	1.328400	1.253300	0.228100	0.274000	0.094900	0.005212
2011	0.362810	0.272350	0.635160	1.340050	0.240000	0.086300	1.353400	1.253300	0.243100	0.271000	0.099230	0.010000
2012	0.362810	0.272350	0.635160	1.340050	0.240000	0.086300	1.373400	1.253300	0.243100	0.271000	0.099670	0.010000
2013	0.362810	0.272350	0.635160	1.340050	0.240000	0.086299	1.373400	1.253300	0.243100	0.271000	0.119375	0.009937
2014	0.365310	0.269850	0.635160	1.340050	0.237500	0.083643	1.453000	1.253300	0.243100	0.276000	0.124700	0.010000
2015	0.370310	0.264850	0.635160	1.340050	0.235000	0.081900	1.448000	1.253300	0.243100	0.286000	0.124775	0.010000

Source: Dallas County Central Appraisal District, Collin County Central Appraisal District, and City records.

Notes: Tax rates are per \$100 of assessed value.

Principal Property Tax Payers Current year and nine years ago (unaudited)

		2015			2006	
	Taxable		Percentage of total city taxable	Taxable		Percentage of total city taxable
	assessed		assessed	assessed		assessed
Name of Taxpayer	value	Rank	value (a)	value	Rank	value (b)
Bank of America	237,360,605	1	2.11%	_		—%
Health Care Service Corporation	221,795,557	2	1.97	_		_
CISCO Systems	214,003,213	3	1.90	87,875,670	5	1.01
Collins Technology Park Partners	205,006,700	4	1.82	_		_
Verizon (MCI in 2006)	137,043,528	5	1.22	146,482,334	2	1.68
KDC	124,366,245	6	1.11	_		_
Fujitsu	101,531,176	7	0.90	47,967,353	6	0.55
AT&T (Southwestern Bell/SBC in 2006)	100,966,519	8	0.90	191,397,422	1	2.20
Champion Partners	100,435,676	9	0.89	_		_
Texas Instruments	94,226,805	10	0.84	_		_
Nortel Networks	_		_	138,975,911	3	1.60
Crescent Real Estate	_		_	46,144,526	7	0.53
Richardson Hospital Authority	_		_	38,701,305	10	0.45
Cingular Wireless	_		_	97,603,063	4	1.12
CWS Friendly Village	_		_	39,309,283	9	0.45
Lennox				41,966,500	8	0.48
Total	1,536,736,024		13.66%	876,423,367		10.07%

Source: Dallas County Central Appraisal District, Collin County Central Appraisal District and City records. Note:

⁽a) Total Taxable Value October 1, 2014=\$11,235,458,097

⁽b) Total Taxable Value October 1, 2005=\$ 8,704,066,596

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last ten fiscal years (1) (unaudited)

Collected within the fiscal year of the

							J J				
					levy			i		Total collect	tions to date
Fiscal year ended September 30	Taxes Levied for the Fiscal Year(2)	 Subsequent Adjustments	Total Adjusted Levy at 9/30/15			Amount	Percentage of Taxes Levied for the Fiscal Year		Collections subsequent years	 Amount	Percentage of Adjusted Levy
2006	\$ 46,203,102	\$ 17,211	\$	46,220,313	\$	45,760,411	99.04%	\$	425,856	\$ 46,186,267	99.93%
2007	53,538,365	(77,207)		53,461,158		53,043,065	99.07		380,680	53,423,745	99.93
2008	54,730,772	(13,959)		54,716,813		54,356,874	99.32		324,998	54,681,872	99.94
2009	57,193,029	(47,031)		57,145,998		56,793,451	99.30		283,838	57,077,289	99.88
2010	57,644,880	(100,848)		57,544,032		57,283,266	99.37		177,139	57,460,405	99.85
2011	61,383,092	908,531		62,291,623		61,020,848	99.41		1,132,880	62,153,728	99.78
2012	62,836,249	41,472		62,877,721		62,496,396	99.46		236,997	62,733,393	99.77
2013	64,374,498	(239,044)		64,135,454		63,980,358	99.39		5,530	63,985,888	99.77
2014	68,105,024	(194,139)		67,910,885		67,862,416	99.64		(126,892)	67,735,524	99.74
2015	70,561,704	-		70,561,704		70,275,798	99.59		-	70,275,798	99.59

⁽¹⁾ This table was reformatted for FY 2012 to provide better clarity regarding taxes levied in the original year of collection versus levy adjustments and collections in subsequent years.

Source: Dallas and Collin County Tax Offices, and the City's Tax Department

⁽²⁾ Taxes levied for the fiscal year include the certified roll plus any adjustments that occur in the fiscal year that the taxes are due.

Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type (1)

Last ten fiscal years

(unaudited)

		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES																				
General Obligation Bonds	\$	174,629,810	\$	167,807,386	\$	160,411,425	\$	154,898,857	\$	221,126,083	\$	212,489,620	\$	203,891,472	\$	195,175,450	\$	181,449,602	\$	162,669,259
Certificates of Obligation		36,383,644		36,185,000		36,770,000		34,835,000		23,435,000		20,790,000		19,145,000		18,825,000		27,150,000		38,560,000
Unamortized premium/(discount)	_	5,554,555	_	5,405,503		5,125,192	_	5,568,746	_	12,449,617	_	11,730,640	_	11,742,983		13,044,030	_	12,131,942		15,950,679
Total General Obligation Bonds and																				
Certificates of Obligation		216,568,009		209,397,889		202,306,617		195,302,603	_	257,010,700	_	245,010,260		234,779,455		227,044,480	_	220,731,544		217,179,938
Ţ.																				
TIF Obligations (2)		-		-		3,299,865		3,299,865		3,299,865		8,239,481		8,239,481		18,175,159		31,964,048		41,506,816
Other Obligations		4,277,408		5,412,684		7,572,046		8,877,937	_	4,805,514	_	5,588,922		4,921,832		4,842,740	_	3,622,492		3,832,124
Total TIF and Other Obligations		4,277,408		5,412,684		10,871,911		12,177,802		8,105,379		13,828,403		13,161,313		23,017,899		35,586,540		45,338,940
Total Governmental Activities	\$	220,845,417	\$	214,810,573	\$	213,178,528	\$	207,480,405	\$	265,116,079	\$	258,838,663	\$	247,940,768	\$	250,062,379	\$	256,318,084	\$	262,518,878
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES																				
Water/Sewer Revenue Bonds	\$	990,000	\$	925,000	\$	855,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
General Obligation Refunding Bonds		1,135,190		1,062,613		963,575		7,011,143		15,058,917		14,480,380		21,578,528		18,834,550		17,165,398		17,625,741
Certificates of Obligation		44,826,355		48,610,000		52,115,000		49,840,000		48,705,000		50,220,000		38,930,000		37,110,000		35,075,000		32,570,000
Unamortized premium/(discount)	_	(30,441)	_	(34,159)	_	(36,756)	_	343,587	_	1,335,658	_	1,244,165	_	1,916,392	_	1,878,147	_	1,694,323	_	2,080,380
Total General Obligation Bonds and																				
Certificates of Obligation	_	46,921,104	_	50,563,454	_	53,896,819	_	57,194,730	_	65,099,575	_	65,944,545	_	62,424,920	_	57,822,697	_	53,934,721		52,276,121
Other Obligations		48,503	_	142,455		82,734		123,281	_	62,487	_	43,056		22,834		1,792	_	-		-
Total Other Obligations		48,503		142,455		82,734		123,281		62,487		43,056		22,834		1,792		-		-
Total Business-Type Activities	\$	46,969,607	\$	50,705,909	\$	53,979,553	\$	57,318,011	\$	65,162,062	\$	65,987,601	\$	62,447,754	\$	57,824,489	\$	53,934,721	\$	52,276,121
Total Primary Government	\$	267,815,024	\$	265,516,482	\$	267,158,081	\$	264,798,416	\$	330,278,141	\$	324,826,264	\$	310,388,522	\$	307,886,868	\$	310,252,805	\$	314,794,999
		<u> </u>								<u> </u>						<u> </u>				
% of Personal Income (3)		8.8%		9.1%		8.6%		8.4%		10.2%		10.1%		9.4%		9.3%		9.2%		8.9%
Per Capita (3)	\$	2,775	\$	2,717	\$	2,741	\$	2,656	\$	3,329	\$	3,251	\$	3,090	\$	3,053	\$	3,047	\$	3,073

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

⁽¹⁾ In FY 2014, this table was restated to include the unamortized premium and discount for all years presented. These components are generated as part of debt issuance, and are amortized as non-cash interest expense over the life of the debt.

⁽²⁾ Tax increment financing (TIF) is used to finance public improvements within defined areas for economic development. The developer incurs the costs to install the necessary public infrastructure and other public improvements. The City reimburses the developer based on the increased tax increments within the TIF boundaries over the contracted period. The City's liability to the developer lasts until paid in full or expiration of TIF zone contract.

⁽³⁾ See table 14 for personal income and population data.

Ratio of General Bonded Debt Outstanding (1)

Last ten fiscal years

(Unaudited)

		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES																				
General Obligation Bonds	\$	174,629,810	\$	167,807,386	\$	160,411,425	\$	154,898,857	\$	221,126,083	\$	212,489,620	\$	203,891,472	\$	195,175,450	\$	181,449,602	\$	162,669,259
Certificates of Obligation		36,383,644		36,185,000		36,770,000		34,835,000		23,435,000		20,790,000		19,145,000		18,825,000		27,150,000		38,560,000
Unamortized premium/(discount)	_	2,594,779	_	2,528,716	_	2,418,958	_	2,763,680	_	8,966,461	_	8,539,469	_	11,742,982	_	13,044,030	_	12,131,942	_	15,950,679
Total General Obligation Bonds and																				
Certificates of Obligation		213,608,233		206,521,102	_	199,600,383	_	192,497,537	_	253,527,544		241,819,089	_	234,779,454	_	227,044,480		220,731,544		217,179,938
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	_																			
Water/Sewer Revenue Bonds	\$	990,000	\$	925,000	\$	855,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
General Obligation Refunding Bonds		1,135,190		1,062,613		963,575		7,011,143		15,058,917		14,480,380		21,578,528		18,834,550		17,165,398		17,625,741
Certificates of Obligation		44,826,355		48,610,000		52,115,000		49,840,000		48,705,000		50,220,000		38,930,000		37,110,000		35,075,000		32,570,000
Unamortized premium/(discount)	_	(55,572)	_	(55,832)	_	(54,094)	_	90,805	_	698,799	_	666,020	_	1,916,392	_	1,878,147	_	1,694,323	_	2,080,380
Total General Obligation Bonds and																				
Certificates of Obligation		46,895,973		50,541,781	_	53,879,481	_	56,941,948	_	64,462,716		65,366,400	_	62,424,920	_	57,822,697		53,934,721		52,276,121
_																				
Total Primary Government	\$	260,504,206	\$	257,062,883	\$	253,479,864	\$	249,439,485	\$	317,990,260	\$	307,185,489	\$	297,204,374	\$	284,867,177	\$	274,666,265	\$	269,456,059
•																				
% of Actual Taxable Value of Property (2)		3.0%		2.8%		2.7%		2.5%		3.2%		3.2%		3.1%		2.9%		2.6%		2.5%
Per Capita (3)	\$	2,700	\$	2,631	\$	2,601	\$	2,502	\$	3,205	\$	3,074	\$	2,959	\$	2,825	\$	2,698	\$	2,631

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

⁽¹⁾ In FY 2014, this table was restated to include the unamortized premium and discount for all years presented. These components are generated as part of debt issuance, and are amortized as non-cash interest expense over the life of the debt.

⁽²⁾ See table 5 for property value data.

⁽³⁾ See table 14 for population data.

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt 09/30/15 (unaudited)

Governmental unit		Debt outstanding	Estimated percentage applicable (1)	 Estimated share of overlapping debt	-
Debt repaid with property taxes:					
Richardson Independent School District	\$	414,619,988	36.62%	\$ 151,833,840	
Plano Independent School District		852,635,313	11.96	101,975,183	
Dallas County		84,725,000	3.45	2,923,013	
Dallas County Schools		60,215,000	3.45	2,077,418	
Dallas County Hospital District		728,005,000	3.45	25,116,173	
Dallas County Community College District		321,510,000	3.45	11,092,095	
Garland Independent School District		501,756,118	0.04	200,702	
Collin County		402,795,000	5.03	20,260,589	
Collin County Community College District		31,600,000	5.03	1,589,480	_
Subtotal, overlapping debt				317,068,491	
City direct debt				 262,518,878	(2)
Total direct and overlapping bonded deb	ot			\$ 579,587,369	<u>.</u>

⁽¹⁾ Estimated percentage applicable to the City is calculated by taking each entity's taxable values within the City and dividing by the total taxable value for that entity.

Source: First Southwest Company.

⁽²⁾ Includes unamortized premium and discounts of \$15,950,679 and TIF and other obligations of \$45,338,940. Amounts for other governmental units only include the value of bonded debt outstanding.

Total net debt

CITY OF RICHARDSON, TEXAS

Legal Debt Margin Information

Last ten fiscal years

(unaudited)

applicable to the limit Total net debt as a percentage of **Debt Limit** applicable to limit (1) **Legal Debt Margin** debt limit Year 2006 1,305,609,898 16.16% \$ 211.013.454 \$ 1,094,596,444 2007 14.71 1,386,695,363 203,992,386 1,182,702,977 2008 197,181,425 13.86 1,422,373,668 1,225,192,243 2009 1,474,007,177 12.87 189,733,857 1,284,273,320 2010 244,561,083 1,231,115,494 16.57 1,475,676,577 2011 1,451,488,433 233,279,620 1,218,208,813 16.07 2012 1,452,124,244 223,036,472 1,229,087,772 15.36 2013 1,493,821,784 214,000,450 1,279,821,334 14.33 2014 1,566,257,510 208,599,602 1,357,657,908 13.32 2015 201,229,259 12.41 1,621,241,723 1,420,012,464

⁽¹⁾ Does not include premiums, discounts or other obligations as these amounts do not apply to the City's debt limit.

Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last ten fiscal years (unaudited)

Water Revenue Bonds

	Utility Less service operating						Net available Debt service					Accreted	
Fiscal year		charge		expenses		revenue		Principal		Interest	_	value	Coverage
2006	\$	44,670,913	\$	32,241,222	\$	12,429,691	\$	65,000	\$	50,937	\$	-	107.21
2007		35,747,318		34,112,347		1,634,971		65,000		48,012		-	14.47
2008		41,071,623		37,662,979		3,408,644		70,000		45,088		-	29.62
2009		-		-		-		-		-		-	-
2010		-		-		-		-		-		-	-
2011		-		-		-		-		-		-	-
2012		-		-		-		-		-		-	-
2013		-		-		-		-		-		-	-
2014		-		-		-		-		-		-	-
2015		-		-		-		-		-		-	-

Note Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Operating expenses do not include interest, depreciation, or amortization expense.

Water Revenue Bonds were refunded in FY 2009.

Demographic and Economic Statistics
Last ten calendar years
(unaudited)

	Edinadad	Personal income		er capita	Madian	Calcada.		T/
Calendar Year	Estimated population (1)	(thousands of dollars)	•	ersonal acome (2)	Median age (2)	School en	P.I.S.D. (4)	Unemployment rate (%) (5)
2006	96,500					35,000		4.1
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	+ -,,-	\$	31,672	35.8	,	52,816	
2007	97,720	2,920,264		29,884	39.6	35,000	54,478	3.8
2008	97,450	3,120,154		32,018	38.1	35,000	54,129	4.7
2009	99,700	3,134,169		31,436	37.2	34,878	54,864	7.3
2010	99,223	3,246,775		32,722	38.1	36,075	55,355	6.9
2011	99,930	3,207,553		32,098	38.1	35,997	54,989	7.5
2012	100,450	3,310,631		32,958	36.2	36,946	55,302	5.5
2013	100,850	3,323,814		32,958	36.2	38,043	55,302	5.6
2014	101,820	3,355,784		32,958	36.2	38,283	54,839	4.5
2015	102,430	3,547,868		34,637	37.6	38,618	54,818	3.5

Sources:

- (1) NCTCOG as of January, 2015.
- (2) Information compiled from the Richardson Economic Development Partnership.
- $(3) \ School \ Enrollment-Richardson \ Independent \ School \ District.$
- $(4)\ School\ Enrollment-Plano\ Independent\ School\ District.$
- (5) Unemployment Texas Workforce Commission Website.

Note:

The City of Richardson is located in both Dallas and Collin Counties. School children residing in Dallas County are enrolled in the Richardson Independent School District while those residing in Collin County are enrolled in the Plano Independent School District.

Principal Employers

Current year and nine years ago

(unaudited)

		2015			2006	
Employer	Employees (1)	Rank	Percentage of total city employment (2)	Employees (3)	Rank	Percentage of total city employment (4)
State Farm Insurance	8,000	1	5.88%			<u>%</u>
AT&T (SBC in 2006)	5,000	2	3.68	2,140	6	3.64
Blue Cross & Blue Shield of Texas	3,100	3	2.28	3,040	3	5.17
The University of Texas as Dallas	2,674	4	1.97	2,098	7	3.57
Richardson ISD	2,500	5	1.84	4,329	2	7.36
United Healthcare	1,700	6	1.25	_		_
Fujitsu Network Communications	1,500	7	1.10	1,454	9	2.47
Fossil, Inc.	1,400	8	1.03	_		_
Cisco Systems	1,400	9	1.03	_		_
Samsung Mobile	1,000	10	0.74	_		_
Qorvo	1,000	10	0.74	_		_
iQor	1,000	10	0.74	_		_
Nortel Networks	_		_	4,800	1	8.16
Cingular Wireless	_			1,500	8	2.55
Elcan/Raytheon E-Systems	_		_	1,100	10	1.87
Verizon Business	_		_	2,950	4	5.01
Countrywide Financial				2,500	5	4.25
Total	30,274		22.26%	25,911		44.05%

Source:

- (1) Richardson Economic Development Partnership as of September, 2015.
- (2) North Central Texas Council of Governments a total city employment was approximately 136,030
- (3) Richardson Economic Development Partnership and City of Richardson, 2006.
- (4) TWC website provided the total labor force numbers for September, 2006.

Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program

Last ten fiscal years

(unaudited)

Function/program	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
General government	142	145	146	143	141	143	143	145	149	150
Public safety	393	398	398	399	396	395	395	396	397	414
Public services	150	152	161	161	159	156	157	159	156	154
Library	33	34	35	35	35	35	35	35	29	30
Parks and recreation (1)	79	81	82	78	78	80	81	81	77	94
Public health	15	16	16	16	15	16	17	17	17	17
Water	59	61	64	64	64	66	66	66	66	68
Wastewater	11	11	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Solid waste	57	61	61	70	70	70	70	70	70	71
Golf (1)	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	14	
Total	955	975	991	994	986	989	992	997	987	1,010

Source: City Budget Office. Totals updated for years 2009 - 2012 in FY 2013.

(1) In FY 2015, the Golf function was reclassified into the Parks and recreation function.

Operating Indicators by Function/Program
Last ten fiscal years
(unaudited)

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Public safety: Police: Number of employees Fire: Number of employees	243 150	248 150	249 149	246 151	229 150	242 153	246 150	246 150	245 152	252 158
Municipal court: Number of violations (citations)	39,972	39,361	49,008	42,137	46,077	54,113	46,357	48,249	43,144	39,042
Public services: Asphalt repairs (tons) (1) Concrete replacement (yards) (1)	1,252	1,403	7,683 -	1,322	1,091	1,117 -	1,184 -	978 -	572 3,806	600 3,118
Parks and recreation: Acreage (2)	1,598	1,598	865	865	865	865	865	865	865	870
Library: Volumes in collection	247,059	250,035	262,208	251,535	253,802	260,328	263,782	252,261	252,789	252,955
Water and sewer: Number of water consumers Average daily water consumption	32,626	32,318	32,064	31,751	31,711	32,407	32,409	32,685	32,895	33,046
(thousands of gallons) (3) Number of sewer consumers	31,342 31,675	27,401 31,713	27,540 31,518	23,622 31,274	26,703 31,245	26,033 29,192	22,555 29,162	20,482 29,295	19,148 29,533	22,478 29,681
Solid waste:										
Refuse collected (tons/day) (5) Bulky/brush pickups (tons/day) (5) Recyclables collected (tons/day)	165 53 18	162 60 18	162 67 20	149 60 22	152 65 28	143 59 28	136 64 30	138 62 27	136 71 26	188 36 26
Golf: Number of rounds played (4)	100,750	94,825	102,584	100,266	75,630	92,999	92,681	87,003	71,488	47,893

⁽¹⁾ Asphalt repairs were reduced in FY 2014 because in FY 2014 public services began a new program focusing on full concrete replacement rather than asphalt overlays.

Source: City Departments

⁽²⁾ Park and Recreation Acreage – Prior to 2008 acreage was reported as all land that the Parks Department maintained (included ROW, medians, etc.). Starting in 2008, reported totals are only acreage of park land.

⁽³⁾ In FY 2015, the average daily water consumption has increased because watering restrictions were lifted.

⁽⁴⁾ Course 1 was closed from February 1, 2015 through October 16, 2015.

⁽⁵⁾ In FY 2015, refuse includes other bulky trash that is not composted.

Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program
Last ten fiscal years
(unaudited)

Function/program	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Public safety:										
Police stations	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Police patrol units	40	41	44	43	42	43	46	48	50	46
Volunteer patrol units	-	-	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3
Fire stations	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Public works:										
Streets- paved (miles)	401	402	402	405	404	404	406	409	411	411
Alleys – paved (miles)	221	222	223	223	221	221	222	222	222	222
Sidewalks (miles)	593	593	585	585	651	651	652	665	678	678
Streetlights	6,036	6,036	6,120	6,159	6,171	6,207	6,211	6,234	6,241	6,288
Parks and recreation:										
Parks	30	30	30	30	30	32	32	33	33	35
Playgrounds	28	28	28	28	28	29	29	30	30	31
Swimming pools	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Tennis courts	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32
Recreation centers	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Senior center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Water:										
Water mains (miles)	551	555	559	563	567	569	571	574	581	581
Fire hydrants	3,893	3,963	4,062	4,056	4,110	4,156	4,187	4,258	4,359	4,359
Wastewater:										
Sanitary sewers (miles)	495	495	499	499	499	499	500	503	503	503

Source: City Departments

Schedule of Pension Benefits Funding Progress (1)

Last ten fiscal years

(unaudited)

			(a)	(b)	(c)	 (d)	 (e)	
			Actuarial	Actuarial	Funded	Unfunded ALL	Annual	UAAL as a percentage of
Actuarial valuation date	_	Fiscal Year	value of assets	accrued liability (AAL)	ratio (%) (a)/(b)	 (UAAL) (b)-(a)	 covered payroll (1)	covered payroll (%) (d)/(e) (2)
12/31/05		2006	\$ 155,476,548	\$ 203,726,194	76.32	\$ 48,249,646	\$ 50,060,682	96.38
12/31/06		2007	166,224,131	219,709,038	75.66	53,484,907	52,078,971	102.70
12/31/07	(3)	2008	169,208,373	262,453,428	64.47	93,245,055	54,789,624	170.19
12/31/08		2009	176,026,211	276,540,082	63.65	100,513,871	58,633,974	171.43
12/31/09		2010	190,620,271	266,366,493	71.56	75,746,222	58,679,443	129.08
12/31/10	(4)	2011	313,084,736	359,151,109	87.17	46,066,373	58,251,916	79.08
12/31/11		2012	335,735,994	377,190,581	89.01	41,454,587	59,243,331	69.97
12/31/12		2013	357,883,017	393,548,291	90.94	35,665,274	60,109,888	59.33
12/31/13	(5)	2014	381,584,128	434,417,023	87.84	52,832,895	62,548,315	84.47
12/31/14		2015	403,661,975	452,625,423	89.18	48,963,448	64,872,361	75.48

- (1) This schedule shows the pension benefit on a funding basis, as reported by TMRS each year. The funding basis, which is used to determine the City's annual contribution rate, uses an actuarial value for plan assets rather than a market value. This data is used to show ongoing funding progress of the plan with the normal cyclical swings of the stock market smoothed out.
- (2) Covered annual payroll and UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll are based on the fiscal year. The rest of the information is provided by TMRS on a calendar year basis.
- (3) In 2007, the TMRS Board made several changes to the actuarial methods and plan assumptions. The actuarial method changed from unit credit to projected unit credit. Benefits changed from a pay-as-you- go basis to a pre-funded basis and to mitigate that change the TMRS Board approved an eight year transition period. In addition, the amortization period changed from a 25-year open period to a 30-year closed period. These changes were incorporated into the TMRS 2007 actuarial valuation.
- (4) The Texas State Legislature met in 2011 and passed Senate Bill 350, which restructured TMRS' internal account structure. This change was incorporated into the TMRS 2010 actuarial valuation and had the net effect of increasing the City's funded ratio.
- (5) In 2013, the TMRS Board, in preparation for implementation of GASB Statement No, 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, changed the actuarial cost method to entry age normal and updated post-retirement mortality assumptions. These changes were incorporated into the TMRS 2013 actuarial valuation which had the net effect of reducing the City's funded ratio and reducing the remaining amortization period from 25.3 to 17 years for the City's fiscal year 2014.